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'MAGNA CARTA' OF U.P'S RURAL POPULATION

Land Reform Bill Will Stop Communism

PANDIT PANT'S CALL TO ZAMINDARS TO PARTICIPATE IN NEW SOCIAL ORDER

LUCKNOW, June 10. (A.P.I.)

PANDIT Govind Vallabh Pant, Premier of the United Provinces, today described the U. P. Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms bill, 1949, as an anti dote to Communism.

When enacted, the measure would become the 'Magna Carta' of U.P.'s fifty million rural population, he said.

The Premier, who was addressing a Press Conference to explain the provisions of the bill, added that its revolutionary character could well be compared to the achievement of India's freedom.

He said that a Joint Committee of both Houses of the Legislature would discuss the Bill within two months after its introduction in July next, and it was hoped that it would be placed on the Statute Book by the end of the year.

The Premier said that the total compensation and rehabilitation grants payable under the bill would amount to Rupees 140 crores. The proceedings for the determination of compensation to zamindars would be completed within a year after the enactment of the Bill.

Pandit Pant added that the bill "steers clear of the rocks which the Bihar and Madras Governments met over rules regarding payment of compensation to zamindars".

REMEDY TO COMMUNISM.

Pandit Pant said that to save the country from Communism the aspirations and wishes of the common man had to be respected and to the greatest possible extent realised. This, he said, had to be remembered by those who cared for India's peaceful progress, especially the vested interests.

Appealing to zamindars to play their part in the birth of this new social order, the Premier assured them that the bill was not framed with any extraneous considerations, nor was there any vindictiveness. He said that the Indian princes with far greater power and authority over vast territories, had surrendered their ancestral riches to gain equality with their subjects.

The Premier emphasised that the Bill would greatly encourage production because there would be no interference with actual cultivation and the existing rights of all producers would be fully safeguarded.

SALIENT FEATURES.

The salient features of the United Provinces Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Bill, 1949, released for publication to-day are: the acquisition of the interests of all the intermediaries on land on the payment of compensation amounting to eight times their net income to all the zamindars, and rehabilitation grants at a graded rate, ranging from twenty to two, to all the smaller zamindars paying annual land revenue not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

The Bill seeks to evolve a new and simple and uniform system of land tenure which combines the wholesome feature of peasant proprietorship with the development of self-governing village communities in whom will be vested the ownership of all common lands and powers of land administration and management. In order to remedy the inefficiency and waste involved in the cultivation of the existing uneconomic holdings, the Bill makes provision for the encouragement and rapid growth of cooperative farming suited to Indian conditions.

To overcome financial and legal difficulties, the tenants are being asked to make voluntary contributions of ten times their rent. This will provide finance for the speedy abolition of zamindari, check inflation and utilise the peasants savings for a productive purpose.

The Bill further protects the interests of those cultivators who do not at present enjoy any permanent rights in land, but whose displacement would lead to social injustice and grave economic difficulties. The general body of tenants of 'sir', to whom hereditary rights do not accrue and of the existing sub-tenants will be given security of tenure for a period of five years, after which they can, on payment of fifteen times the hereditary rate or the rent of their Tenant-in-Chief, acquire 'bhumidhari' rights.

To prevent the re-emergence of the landlord-tenant system, the Bill restricts the right to letting only to disabled persons, such as minors, widows and person suffering from physical or mental infirmity. To avoid accumulation of large holdings and the consequent exploitation of Labour, no person will be permitted to acquire by sale or gift a holding of more than thirty acres.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.

The measure coming in the wake of the Panchayat Raj Act, which makes the village a small Republic, is intended to facilitate economic and social development and to encourage the growth of social responsibility and community spirit leading to the establishment of a cooperative democracy in the countryside.

It is proposed extend the provisions of the bill to Government estates when it becomes an Act. Separate legislation is under contemplation in respect of agricultural areas lying within the limits of municipalities, cantonments, notified areas and town areas. The question of scaling down the debts of intermediaries whose rights will be acquired, will also be dealt with by a separate bill.

ELEPHANTS TO PLOUGH FIELD

The noble elephant, whose services are requisitioned at best to lead processions and at the worst to haul timber, has been made to plough the field in fodder-scarce Saurashtra.

Two elephants—one male and one female—have proved a problem to the Government of Saurashtra, as at the present rates of fodder, the upkeep of each elephant costs Rs. 600 a month. The Saurashtra Government has ultimately decided that if the elephants want to live, they must pay their keep, so the 'mahut' has been asked to yoke them to the plough.

The female has taken enthusiastically to its new job and ploughs five acres of land a day, but the male is not showing the same keenness. Tha 'mahut' has been warned that if he is not able to persuade the recalcitrant beast to behave better within fifteen days, it will have to be 'disposed of'.

PORT TRUST MUDDLE

Freight Booking To Cost More

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, June 10.

It is learned that shipping agents are considering a proposal to charge 25 per cent additional rates for all booking of freight to Bombay. This is due to the "highly unsatisfactory conditions" now prevailing in Bombay port where, according to New Delhi reports, 25 ships are awaiting unloading.

It is complained that replacement of pool system by contract system of labour has led to a lot of inefficiency. It is understood that the Government of India, fully alive to the situation, had decided to make certain changes in the personnel of the Port Trust. But their proposals have been held up for six months because the Government of Bombay, notwithstanding the fact that the property of the Bombay Port Trust should be a matter of utmost interest to it, would not release certain officials unless the replacing officers were released by the Government of India.

Thus a merry game is on: the Bombay Government would not release certain officials unless the Government of India released certain officials for replacing them; and the Government of India would not release the required personnel unless some other officials were made available. Meanwhile, the property of the Bombay Port Trust is in jeopardy.

Lack of coordination between Food and Transport Ministry is also believed to be responsible for the congestion in the port.

Hyderabad Communist Leader Arrested

AURANGABAD, June 10. (A.P.I.): Mrs. Karuna Choudhry, described as a leading Communist worker of Hyderabad, was today arrested by the local police and detained in Aurangabad central prison. She is alleged to have defied restrictions imposed on her movements.

Indonesian Republic May Be Restored By June 20

EXCELLENT PROGRESS IN TALKS

BATAVIA, June 10. (U.P.A.): The chairmen of the Republican and Dutch delegations negotiating here predicted today that the Indonesian Republic would be restored by June 20.

Mohammed Roem and Jan Van Roven, the chiefs of the Republican and Netherlands delegations respectively, made the prediction in a joint interview with the Republican daily newspaper, "Merdeka".

Van Royen said he expected a round table conference on Indonesia would begin on July 15.

Neutral sources described both statements as "over optimistic". They said such a time-table was "virtually impossible to carry out". Roem and Van Royen said they hoped a cease-fire formula would be found over the week-end. They said it would take at least a week for Dutch troops to withdraw from Jogjakarta, former Republican capital.

Roem said it would take the Republic a week to prepare for Republican President Soekarno's entry into the city around June 27. He said the Republic would then invite Indonesian federalist leaders to Jogjakarta for an intra-Indonesian conference. This would be before the opening of the Indonesia-Dutch talks at the Hague for transference of sovereignty.

A formal meeting of the Dutch and Indonesian Republican delegations today amended their rules of procedure to enable representatives of other areas in Indonesia to be invited to take part in the discussions, adds PTI-Reuter.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the United Nations Commission for Indonesia.

The meeting was as usual closed to the press and the brief official statement issued later did not say who the representatives would be or in what capacity they would share in the discussions.

General Elections In Burma Postponed

RANGOON, June 10 (PTI-Reuter): The Burmese Parliament today amended the Constitution to permit postponement of general elections until May, 1950—28 months after independence. Under the existing constitution they were to have been held 18 months after independence.

Sterling Debt Talks Begin In London

LONDON, June 10 (PTI-Reuter):—Talks on India's sterling balances began here today between officials of the Governments of India and Britain.

Mr. B. K. Nehru, Joint Secretary of India's Finance Ministry, and five other members of the Indian delegation to the Indo-British sterling talks, arrived here by air from New Delhi this week.

Dr. John Matthai, India's Finance Minister, who will discuss India's sterling balances with Sir Stafford Cripps, Chancellor of the Exchequer, towards the end of this month, is expected to leave New Delhi for London by air on June 21.

ATTLEE SUMMONS BRITISH CABINET

Discussion On Rail Strike

LONDON, June 10 (PTI-Reuter):—Prime Minister Clement Attlee hurried back to London today from the Labour Party Conference at Blackpool to decide whether to intervene in Britain's "Sunday Only" rail strike which threatens to spread throughout the country. He summoned Cabinet Ministers to a special meeting to discuss the crisis.

A member of the Strike Committee in the big northern rail centre of York said today that this week-end another 1,000 men would join the fourth successive Sunday token strike, staged in protest against new train scheduled which require crews to spend nights away from home.

About 10,000 dockers were still on strike at Liverpool, Avonmouth and Bristol, supporting the Canadian Seamen's Union "war" with the Seafarers International Union.

Troops were unloading food cargoes from 15 to 23 ships held up at Bristol and Avonmouth.

ENVELOPES WITH ASOKA PILLAR

NEW DELHI, June 10 (A.P.I.): The new two-anna embossed postal envelopes will be on sale next week.

These new envelopes which are embossed with the emblem of India—the Asoka Pillar in white on a red background—will replace the old one and a half anna embossed envelopes bearing the King's effigy.

The value of the stamp and the words "India Postage" appear in English on the embossed stamp.

As the output is not very large at the commencement, the envelopes will be released at Bombay, Calcutta, and Madras and Delhi centres only.

Expect Fair Weather

BOMBAY, Friday.

Fair weather with light showers is expected in Bombay city and suburbs in the next 24 hours, says a weather bulletin issued tonight by the Santa Cruz Observatory.

The bulletin adds that the monsoon is weak in Konkan. A few light showers occurred in South Konkan today.

GENEVA, June 10 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. D. Desai, Indian Minister in Berne, is expected to visit Rome next week to present his credentials as first Indian Minister to the Vatican. Mr. Desai will hold the two posts simultaneously

YET ANOTHER CLASH IN CALCUTTA JAIL

Police Forced To Open Fire: Three Dead, 20 Injured

CALCUTTA, June 10 (API):

THREE persons died and twenty others were injured in a clash between Communist security and under-trial prisoners on the one hand and the police and jail staff on the other in Dum Dum Central Jail, in the Calcutta area, last night.

The injured included 9 policemen and 3 jail warders. All the 3 fatalities were prisoners.

Announcing these facts, a West Bengal Government Press Note issued this afternoon said that the situation is now under control. It added that the "whole incident showed careful previous planning on the part of the prisoners. Dumps of brickbats and other missiles had been collected and barricades made at the gates."

ATTEMPT TO OPEN GATE

The clash resulted from the Communist security and under-trial prisoners refusing to go back to their cells and attempting to break open the main gate of the enclosure of their cell blocks, said the Press Note.

The Inspector-General of Prisons, the District Magistrate of 24 Paraganas, and the Superintendent of Police, who attempted to persuade the prisoners to return to their cells peacefully, were abused and threatened with missiles.

Later brickbats and broken pieces of glass were hurled at jail warders and policemen. The latter used tear gas, made a lathi charge and subsequently fired.

This was the third clash with Communist prisoners in Calcutta jail since Wednesday The other two were in the Presidency Jail (Wednesday night) and Alipore Central Jail (Thursday).

Four persons have been killed and 100 injured in these clashes. Of the latter, 67 are police and jail staff, and 33 are prisoners.

OFFICIAL VERSION

The Government of West Bengal in a Press Note says: Immediately following the serious disturbances caused by the Communist security prisoners in the Presidency Jail on Wednesday (June 8), there was a similar incident in the Dum Dum Central Jail on Thursday-Friday (June 9/10).

On Thursday morning the Communist security prisoners and the Communist under-trial prisoners in the Dum Dum Central Jail declared their resolve not to go back to their respective cells at lock-time and attempted to break open the main gate of the enclosure of their cell blocks.

In view of their defiant attitude and having regard to the happenings of the previous day at the Presidency Jail the Dum Dum Jail authorities had requisitioned police assistance to stand by. At lock-up time, that is 9 p.m., the security prisoners refused to go back to their respective cells and took up a defiant attitude, threatening to attack the warders and policemen, if they approached them.

It was subsequently found that for the purpose of such attacks they had collected, in the first and second floor of their barracks, large quantities of brickbats by uprooting bricks from the edges of garden-pathways and flower-beds, broken glass, bottles and other missiles and had erected strong barricades at the gates of the barracks with iron cots and other furniture.

EFFORTS TO PACIFY

The Inspector-General of Prisons, the District Magistrate of 24-Paraganas and the Superintendent of Police entered the gate inside the security prisoners' enclosure and attempted to persuade the prisoners to return to their cells peacefully, but they were abused and threatened with missiles As the prisoners were in a violent mood the officers had to withdraw.

A final warning was then given that the authorities would be compelled to use force, if they did not return to the cells. The prisoners, who had occupied vantage points behind masonry walls and trees all over the compound of the enclosure with dumps of missiles ready at hand, began to hurl brickbats and broken pieces of glass at the jail warders and policemen as they attempted to enter the compound.

About half a dozen policemen and jail warders were injured. Tear gas was used and a lathi-charge was made on the rowdies. These failed to produce any effect.

On the other hand, fresh volleys of missiles were hurled at the police. At this stage the police had to resort to firing which made the prisoners take cover inside the cell blocks from where they continued to hurl brickbats and glass bottles at the police. The police and the jail staff, however, managed then to lock the gates of each block.

Nine policemen and three jail warders were injured in the course of the incident. Three prisoners died and about 8 sustained injuries.

COLLECTING THE DEAD

In spite of all the efforts made by the jail staff last night to collect the injured and the dead, they could succeed in collecting only one dead and one injured person. The other injured were carried inside the blocks by the prisoners when they retreated and barricaded themselves inside.

This morning, however, they informed the Jail Superintendent that two more prisoners had died and there were some injured. Prompt medical aid was given and necessary arrangements made to remove the dead bodies.

The whole incident showed careful previous planning on the part of the prisoners as in the case of the Presidency Jail. Dumps of brickbats and other missiles had been collected and barricades made at the gates.

Premier's Statement

CALCUTTA, April 10 (API)—The West Bengal Premier, Dr. B. C. Roy, in a statement this evening, said that "what has happened in the Presidency Jail, the Alipore Central Jail and the Dum Dum Jail are true to a set pattern and motivated by the tactics of the Communists to accelerate the tempo of violence."

He continues: "The truth is that the Communist prisoners in the jails like their comrades outside, are out sion as they can, pretext or no pretto create as much trouble and confutext; and it is clear that they are taking their directives from the Politburo of the Communist Party of India. Their immediate objective appears to be to create such conditions that the voters in the coming election in South Calcutta may be intimidated into voting in favour of their candidate by terroristic methods".

INTERNATIONAL GANG AT WORK

SIMLA, June 10 (API): An international gang with its ramifications extending to China, Mexico and United States is suspected to be operating to smuggle out of Simla and Simla Hill States 490 maunds of opium valued at over Rs. 19,50,000.

An authoritative source making this disclosure today said that the suspicion was aroused during an inquiry into the biggest haul of opium made recently near Chandigarh on the Kalka-Simla Road.

The enquiry, it said, would now be conducted in collaboration with the Governments of Himachal Pradesh and the Union of Patiala and East Punjab States.

The total annual production of opium in this area is about 550 maunds, 60 maunds of which are consumed locally.

Millionaire Indian Kidnapped

RANGOON, June 10, (PTI-Reuter): The Burmese police were today investigating the disappearance of Mr. Brijlal Naraindas, an Indian millionaire and rice millowner.

He is feared to have been captured by armed bandits five miles outside Rangoon on Wednesday last.

The bandits were believed to be holding Mr. Naraindas to ransom.

One of the wealthiest Indian merchants in Rangoon, he was on his way to inspect one of his rice mills at Insein, ten miles north of the city, when armed men in uniforms were reported to have waylaid his car at a lonely jungle-fringed stretch.

A few months ago, in similar circumstances one of the millionaire's oversees was kidnapped and held to Rs. 30,000 ransom.

Delhi Dacoity Gang Traced

FIVE MEN REMANDED

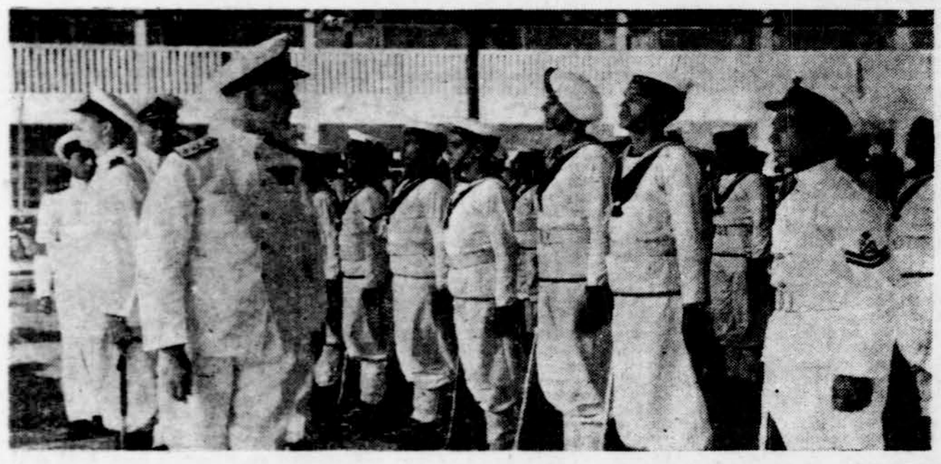
NEW DELHI, June 10. (A.P.I.): Delhi police have traced the gang alleged to be responsible for two dacoities involving Rs. 2,35,000

Five members of this gang, arrested after a raid on the offices of a film-producing company here on Wednesday, were produced before a Delhi Magistrate who remanded them to police custody. Two other members of the gang are reported to be still absconding.

The first dacoity was committed in November 1947 near the Delhi railway station in which a businessman lost Rs. 1,00,000 and his life.

The second dacoity was committed in January 1948 when the gang waylaid and relieved the cashier of the Lloyds Bank of Rs. 1,35,000 which he was taking to the Reserve Bank to be deposited there.

Vice-Admiral Parry Visits Castle Barracks



Vice-Admiral W. E. Parry, Commander-in-Chief of the Royal Indian Navy, visited the Castle Barracks on Friday morning. Photo shows the Vice-Admiral inspecting a guard of honour. (Story and more pictures on Page 12).

SALVAGE PEACE WITH U.N.'S EFFECTIVE ACTION

Romulo's Plea To Federalists

NEW YORK, June 10. (UPA).

CARLOS P. ROMULO, Philippines delegate to the United Nations, urged the United Nations to adopt immediately "practical" measures to enforce worldwide peace. He said so far it had only undertaken "moral responsibilities".

Romulo addressed 10,000 persons gathered at Madison Square Garden in the largest meeting in the history of the two-year-old United World Federalist Organization.

A dozen other speakers, including Supreme Court Associate Justice William Douglas, Senator Charles Tobey, Representative Jacob Javets and prominent university professors, said the world's only salvation from a new war is the establishment of a federal world government.

Romulo said, "It is almost too late to save the world from the major catastrophe of another war, but if the United Nations concentrates all its efforts on embarking on a practical programme it still can salvage peace."

He said the establishment of a United Nations "police force" would be the "most efficient" step in this direction.

Israeli President Chaim Weizmann sent a message to the rally congratulating the World Federalists for "working through and not outside the United Nations" to gain world federalism.

Further Effort For Kashmir Truce

LOZANO FOR DELHI

SRINAGAR, June 10 (A.P.I.): A full meeting of the United Nations Kashmir Commission today decided to deute Dr. Alfredo Lozano, Columbian member of the Commission, to New Delhi to disuss with the Government of India certain points in India's reply to the Commission's truce proposals.

He will leave for Delhi tomorrow by plane together with his alternate, Mr. Hernando Samper. They are expected to be in Delhi for three days.

An official statement made by the Commission here today said: "The U. N. Commission for India and Pakistan agreed unanimously today on the principle to make a further effort to obtain a truce agreement and to reconcile the points of view of the Governments of India and Pakistan. The procedure for this further effort is still being considered by the Commission."

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Wanted Civil Engineers (Diploma Course) and Overseers for a big steel work factory in Bombay. Apply stating salary and experience to Box No. 819 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted: Travelling canvasser for South India. Some experience and English necessary. Apply Box 816, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted educated and experienced Proof Readers and Copy Holders. Apply in own handwriting with certificates between 4 p.m. and 5 p.m. to the Manager "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted experienced Lino Operators. Apply with testimonials to Box No. C2 "Bombay Chronicle".

Applications are invited for the post of Laboratory Assistant in this Hospital on a salary of Rs. 50-/ p.m. with dearness allowance as per Hospital rules which is at present Rs. 20/- p.m. Applications with true copies of certificates and testimonials should reach the undersigned by 20-6-'49 latest. Candidates having previous experience will be given preference. K. Sathaleker, Ag. Medical Superintendent, Kamala Nehru Memorial Hospital, Allahabad. 4711

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Homoeopathy by post and subscribe for "Homoeopathy and Comparative Medicine", the most popular Homoeopathic monthly in India. For details write to the Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore. (107A)

FRENCH & GERMAN CLASSES

French and German classes for beginners as well as advanced students will be conducted under the auspices of the Bombay Medical Union in the Hall of the Union by Prof. G. M. Jadhav from June 15, 1949. Those who wish to join the classes should apply to Prof. Jadhav at the Union's Office at Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chaupatty.

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Big Stock of Hardwaste in Bombay required to be opened by Hard-waste breaker on Contract basis. Replies to Box 809, "Bombay Chronicle."

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PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Monday, the 20th June 1949, at 3 P.M. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:

1. Interpellations.
2. Letter from the Chairman, Board of Trustees, Prince of Wales Museum of Western India—Applying for an increased grant-in-aid of the Museum.

3-4. Letter from the Hon. Secretary, Mandvi (B. Ward) District Bhadut Sangh—Regarding (3) a suggestion to extend the 'L' Route Bus Service to Dhobi Talao via Carnac Bunder; and (4) the non-observance of a number of Rules framed for regulating the tram and bus traffic in the City.

5. Letter from the Secretary, Bombay Educational Society—Regarding text-books prescribed by the Schools Committee for the Municipal Schools.

6. Letter from the Hon. Secretary, Bombay Provincial Olympic Association—Applying for a grant-in-aid of the Association.

7. Letter from the Proprietor, Swastik Electric Works—Regarding the work of removing and relaying a cable at a flour mill at Duncan Road, belonging to one of their clients, undertaken by certain B.E.S. & T. employees.

8-13. Letters from the authorities of the (8) Hindu Deen Daya Sangh; (9) Nagpada Neighbourhood House; (10) Hindu Women's Rescue Home Society; (11) Bhagini Samaj Seva Mandir; (12) St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas; and (13) Moghaveera Vyavasthapak Mandali—Thanking the Corporation for sanctioning grants-in-aid of their institutions.

14. Letter from Mr. V. R. Munshiff, B.A., LL.B., Advocate—Claiming on behalf of his client Mrs. Maggie Lobo compensation in respect of the death of her husband Mr. John M. D'Souza alias D'Costa alleged to have been due to his being knocked down by a B.E.S.T. Bus.

15. Letter from Messrs. Thakurdas Daru Hemany & Co., Solicitors, on behalf of their clients, Sir Harkisondas Narottamdas Hospital — Requesting permission for the commutation of ground rent in respect of certain plots in Sandhurst Road (West) Estate.

16. Letter from Mr. Shivram Vithal Kale—Regarding certain suggestions for improving the education imparted in Municipal schools.

17. Letter from Mr. Rahimtulla Ismail Tijoriwalla—Regarding the failure of the B.E.S.T. 24-Hour Fuse Service Station to replace a fuse at Dost Mahomed Building, Nishanpada Road.

18. Letter from Messrs. Sunkersett and Vaidya, Solicitors, on behalf of their client, Mr. Ramji Rowji Sojpal—Claiming payment of certain amounts in connection with a contract entrusted to him.

19. Letter from Mr. Hariprasad B. Shukla B.A., LL.B., Advocate—Claiming on behalf of his client, Mr. Kanayalal Gordhandas, compensation for the damages alleged to have been caused to a weather frame of his shop at Bhoiwada by a Municipal lorry dashing against it.

20. Letter from the Hon. Secretary, Bombay Provincial Olympic Association—Regarding the appointment of a representative of the Corporation on the General Committee of the Association.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

21. Regarding an offer of a grant-in-aid from the Government of India for coaching Refugee Medical Students from Western Pakistan at the Seth G. S. Medical College.

22. Regarding the appointment of certain staff for the work of compiling an Office Manual, etc.

23. Regarding conversion of the post of a Junior Stenographer in the Office of the Deputy Municipal Commissioner (Impts.) into that of a Senior Stenographer.

24. Regarding the work of constructing certain tenements at the Mang Garudi Camp near the Matunga Labour Camp, etc.

25-26. Regarding proposals to bring on the permanent Schedule certain temporary staff under (25) the Town Duty Department, etc., and (26) the Public Health Department.

27. Regarding the question of giving the benefit of the revised grade of the post of Office Superintendent in the Schools Committee's office from a particular date, etc.

28. Recommending additional grant to meet the cost of the purchase of water marked paper for printing debentures of Municipal and ex-Trust loans.

29. Regarding the fixing of securities to be demanded from the Head Clerk and a clerk on the establishment of the Medical Inspection of School Children Branch, etc.

30. Regarding payment of an annual contribution to the Fire and Accident Insurance Fund to cover the risk against fire, theft, etc., involved in transporting materials, etc., from Bombay to Tansa and Vaitarna.

31. Sanctioning leave preparatory to retirement to B. V. Mody, Municipal Secretary, and appointing C. F. D'Souza to act in that office during his absence on leave.

32. Regarding a proposal for utilizing the provision made for the purchase of a Worthington Pump for the Colaba Air Compressor Station for the purchase of two contrifugal pumps, etc.

33. Regarding the work of providing certain gas lamps, etc., at the approach road to the Municipal Chawls at Mahaluxmi, etc.

34. Regarding the fixing of securities to be demanded from the incumbents of the posts of Supervisors in the Conservancy Branch of the Public Health Department, etc.

35. Regarding revised estimates for the work of constructing a permanent screen wall at the new drying ground for Dhobis near the Mahaluxmi Kutchra Siding.

36. Regarding the transfer of certain staff appointed for Survey Works in connection with the augmentation of the City Water supply to Major Scheme Works, etc.

37. Regarding the creation of certain new posts in the Estate Agent and Land Manager's Department.

38. Regarding the question of changing the designation of Sanitary Peons in the Schools Committee's Department into that of Scavengers.

39. Regarding the grant of a consolidated Personal Pay to a Head Clerk in the Schools Committee's office.

40. Regarding the work of providing housing accommodation at Chinchpokli, for the labour staff of the Conservancy Branch.

41. Regarding a contract for the work of providing a non-exchange telephone line between Vaitarna and Khardi Railway Station, etc.

42. Regarding the question of the revision of the Schedule of fees charged to those students attending the Seth G. S. Medical College who are not 'bona fide' residents of the Bombay Presidency, etc.

43. Regarding the basis fixed by Government for payment of Government grants to the Municipality for the maintenance of Topiwala National Medical College.

44. Regarding the supply of identification cards to certain Municipal employees, etc.

45. Regarding the continuance of the arrangement made with a panel of Honorary Medical men to render expert services to the Infectious Diseases Hospital at Arthur Road.

46. Recommending additional grant to meet the payment of outstanding interest in respect of a Municipal debenture, etc.

47. Regarding a proposal to meet out of Advances, Departmental Works, the cost of providing an enclosed asbestos sheet shed in the Municipal Head Office Building, etc.

Resolutions of the Special Committees—

48. Regarding the continuance in service of an employee in the Engineering Department after his superannuation.

49. Regarding the work of constructing an ambulance motor station at the Dadar Fire Brigade Station.

50. Regarding grant of a water connection to a factory at Vikhroli, Bombay-Agra Road, in the outside City Division.

51. Regarding revised estimates for the work of constructing road No. 10, etc., in Scheme No. 57, Sewri-Wadala.

52. Regarding the grant of a water connection to a chemical factory at Morazi Bazar Road near Marol Village in the outside City Division.

53. Regarding the revision of the regular lines of Jackeria Bunder Road, Sewri Road and Golanji Hill Road, etc.

54. Regarding a donation from the Topiwala National Medical College Students Gathering Committee for instituting a prize at the College.

55. Regarding the question of the amendment of the Municipal Act so as to empower the Corporation to levy a tax on trades and professions.

56. Reporting on Government letter regarding a proposal for the registration of shops servants and domestic servants in the City.

57. Regarding the question of representing to Government to undertake legislation for regulating the conditions of work of the domestic employees in the City.

58. Regarding the revision of the Schedule of Fees so as to admit of free permits being issued for erection of mandaps on public streets for the Navratri festivals.

59. Regarding the Commissioner's report on the defalcations by certain staff in the Assessment and Collection Department.

Schools Committee's letters—

60. Regarding the question of payment of the annual increment to a teacher from a certain date.

61. Forwarding the annual statement showing the attendance of members at the meetings of the Schools Committee and its Sub-Committees during the year 1948-49.

62. Forwarding quarterly list of unanswered references from the Corporation.

63. Regarding a donation from His Excellency the Governor of Bombay for awarding prizes to Municipal Boy Scouts and Girl Guides.

64. Forwarding the Revised and Recast Budget Estimates of the School Fund for the year 1949-50.

65. Regarding recognition by the Schools Committee of the Primary School conducted by the Guru Nanak Vidyak Society.

66. Reporting on the question of continuing the present practice of charging annas eight to non-scheduled caste pupils in the upper primary sections and free studentship to scheduled caste students.

67. Regarding a donation received from Mr. Lallubhai Trimbakram, Executor of the Will of Bai Matubai w/o Rattansi Dhanji, for educational purposes, etc.

68. For representing to Government that both the Chairman and the Secretary of the Schools Committee should be ex-officio Members of the Adult Education Committee.

69. Reporting on the question of the discontinuance of the printing and publication of Registers of non-attending children of School-going age.

Communications from the Commissioner—

70. Forwarding the Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies for the months of March and April 1949.

71. Forwarding quarterly statement showing the quantity of water brought into the City from various lakes, etc.

72. Forwarding the Executive Health Officer's Report for the third quarter of 1948.

73. Regarding the re-appointment of a peon in the Chief Accountant's Office after the date of his superannuation.

74. Forwarding quarterly statement regarding the cleansing of drains, and sewers in the City.

75-76. Reporting on applications from certain ex-municipal employees for grant of special Municipal Contribution to Provident Fund.

77. Regarding the revised lay-out and offer for lease of certain plots in Scheme 60, Naigaum Estate.

78. Reporting that no case of breeding of Malaria carrying mosquito was found during April 1949.

79. Forwarding details regarding the Local Finance Enquiry Committee appointed by the Government of India.

80. Regarding the sale of steel from Municipal Stores to the contractors en-trusted with the work of constructing an additional Pump House at Matunga, etc.

81. Forwarding half-yearly statement showing the roads re-surfaced and surface-dressed with bitumen, etc.

82. Forwarding quarterly statement of motor vehicles taxed and exempted.

83. Forwarding a Government letter regarding the dispute between the B.E.S. & T. Committee and the B.E.S. & T. Workers' Union about the fixing of retiring age and payment of Dearness Allowance.

84. Regarding permission to construct a basement in a building in Scheme 37, Sydenham Road Estate.

85. Forwarding a statement showing the balances due by the Corporation to Government and the Municipal security holders.

86. Regarding permission for constructing a sitting out place, etc., on the terrace of a building on a plot in Scheme No. 5, Dadar-Matunga Estate.

Letters from the General Manager, B.E.S. & T. Committee—

87. Reporting on the question of providing a shed at Carnac Bunder Tram Junction for the convenience of Tramway passengers.

88. Regarding the revision of the Standing Order relating to the granting of travelling allowance to certain Officers of the B. E. S. & T. Committee, etc.

89. Regarding the deputation of an employee of the B.E.S. & T. Committee to the United Kingdom for training in Bus Chassis and engine manufacturing works, etc.

90. Letter from Mr. A. L. Guilford, General Manager, B.E.S. & T. Committee—Reporting that he had handed over charge of his office to Mr. P. R. Shivdasani, Deputy General Manager.

91. Forwarding copies of the minutes of the B.E.S. & T. Committee meeting held during April and May 1949.

92. Regarding the Agency Agreement entered into by the B. E. S. & T. Committee with Messrs. Tatas Ltd., London.

93. Reporting on the question of providing a bus service connecting the "A" and "F" Routes with the "D" and "N" Routes of the Bus services for the convenience of the public residing in the vicinity of the Bombay Central Station.

94. Reporting on the question of providing a bus service between the Bombay Central Station and the Flora Fountain and the Museum.

95. Reporting on the question of extending the "O" Route tram service from the Sassoon Docks to the Afghan Church.

96. Reporting on the question of providing a shelter at the Sion-Chembur Bus Service Station.

97. Reporting on the question of reintroducing the "G" Route Bus Service for the convenience of the public travelling in Tardeo, Foras Road, Girgaum, etc., localities.

98. Reporting on the question of running a Bus Service from Chowpatty to Grain Depot Via Sandhurst Road, etc.

99. Reporting on the question of running a shuttle service between Shivaji Park and Museum during rush hours.

Government letters—

100. Regarding the question of removal of prostitutes from building adjoining Kamathipura Municipal School.

101. Regarding the submission of Annual Statistical Returns to Government by the Schools Committee.

102. Regarding the appointment of certain office-bearers of the Bombay City Adult Education Committee.

103. Letter from the Private Secretary to H.E. the Governor of Bombay-Conveying His Excellency's thanks to the Corporation for their Resolution relating to the reduction of Government House Expenditure.

104. Regarding Government grant towards, the provision of facilities for Primary Education in the City for the children of the displaced persons by the Bombay Municipality.

105. Regarding the resumption of certain land at Flats Estate by Government.

106. Letter from the authorities of the Provincial Board of Primary Education—Forwarding on behalf of Mrs. Sulochana M. Modi, Representative of the Corporation on that Board, copy of the Annual Report of the Board for the year 1948-49.

107. Letter from Mr. J. S. Bharucha, Commissioner of Police—Intimating that he is handing over charge of his office to Mr. M. M. Chudasama and that he is resigning his seat on the Corporation.

108. Letter from Mr. W. M. Martin, O.B.E.—Resigning his seat on the Corporation.

Letter from the Municipal Secretary—

109. Regarding the appointment of the Corporation's representatives on the Managing Bodies of certain institutions to which grants are given by the Corporation.

110. AD INTERIM Report of the Committee of the Corporation regarding the Report of Mr. R. V. Parulekar, Special Officer, on the revision of the Constitution, powers and duties of the Schools Committee, etc.

111. Confirmation of the Special Committee's Proceedings.

112. Schools Committee's letters—Forwarding printed copies of the Committee's Proceedings.

Notices of Motions—

113. From Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha, seconded by Mr. R. D. Bhandare—For taking steps to widen the semi-circular footpath skirting the B B & C. I. Railway Offices compound on its south-side.

114. From Mr. K. S. Dharia—For supplying urgent Business items of the Corporation to the news paper reporters attending the Corporation Meetings.

115. From Mr. Jehangir D. Darvala—For obtaining a report from the Commissioner regarding the appointment of the special staff for revising the Bye-laws of the Water Works Department, etc.

116-123. From Mr. M. Madhavan—For (116) providing housing accommodation to the original residents of the Gowari Village, S. P. Sheds, Agarwada, Bhandarwada and Koliwada (Sion); (117) providing lighting and entertainment programme at the Sion Municipal Gardens; (118) improving the insanitary conditions of the vacant plots in Sion-Matunga Estate; (119) inviting the attention of the G.I.P Railway authorities to the inconvenience caused to the public due to absence of separate entrances and exits at the Victoria Terminus; (120) running extra "A" Route buses from the King's Circle; (121) starting "D" route Buses from King's Circle and Sion; (122) opening a B.E.S. & T. Cash Collection centre at King's Circle and (123) expediting the extension of the tram service from King's Circle upto Sion.

124-126. From Mr. Dinkar D. Desai—For (124) amending the Municipal Act with a view to compelling landlords to keep latrines at their premises in sanitary condition and to provide lights in latrines and passages and dustbins on each floor, etc. of their buildings; (125) obtaining the Commissioner's Report as to the measures required to be adopted for relieving the shortage of nurses in Municipal hospitals, etc. and (126) extending the period of maternity leave for inferior employees to six weeks before and six weeks after confinement.

127. From Mr. Mirza Akhtar Hasan—For amending the Municipal Act and the Corporation Procedure Rules so as to authorize the Mayor to disallow notices of motions which do not fall wlithin the purview of the Municipal Administration, etc.

128-129. From Mr. M. Madhavan—For requesting the Commissioner (128) to expedite arrangements for early and regular payment of room rents, etc., due to the Municipal Hospitals labour staff; and (129) to shift the latrines in front of the G.I.P. Railway Matunga Station to a site adjoining the railway line.

130. From Mr. K. S. Dharia—For making known to the public by issuing a Press communique and displaying a notice board at the Head Office the appropriate Departments to which various complaints should be addressed.

131. From Mr. Khimji M. Bhujpuria—For providing electric lights in the tenements built at Arthur Road and at Wadala for Explosion Victims.

132-135. From Mr. Ganpatishankar N. Desai—For (132) supplying water for some period after 11 a.m. in the morning for the convenience of the staff working in Shops and Offices etc.; (133) removing the nuisance caused by stray cows at Nakhoda Street and Sutar Bazar; (134) improving the condition of the drains in Parsi Agiary Lane and Dhanji Street; and (135) improving the unhealthy and insanitary condition of Second Bhoiwada, Bhuleshwar.

136. From Mr. Bhanushankar M. Yagnik—For covering up the open drains in Walkeshwar area.

137-138. From Mr. Ismail Khwaja Husain—For (137) covering an open drain near Surmawala Chawl at Imamwada Road; and (138) providing apparatus for playing games at the Aboobakar Baig Mahomed Park at Mohamedali Road.

139. From Mr. R. S. Pandey—For giving a Civic Address to the Hon'ble Mr. Jagjivan Ram, Minister for Labour, Dominion of India.

140. From Mr. Mirza Akhtar Hasan—For providing underground public conveniences at the junction of Moreland Road and Bellasis Road.

141. From Mr. Nathalal D. Parikh—For printing and distributing from house to house hand bills showing instructions for disposal of household refuse, etc.

142-143. From Mr. K. S. Dharia—For (142) expressing the Corporation's opinion that the policy of continuing in Municipal service superannuated officers is objectionable, etc., and (143) requesting the Commissioner to submit proposals for minimising the wastage of water and for reducing the size of main supplying water to Race Course, etc.

144. From Mr. Dahyabhai V. Patel—For amending the Rules for the conduct of Municipal Elections so as to allow the candidates and their agents to remain present when counting of votes is carried on.

145. From Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji—For organizing an anti-corruption Department for detecting cases of bribery and corruption in the various departments of the Municipality.

146-147. From Mr. Dinkar D. Desai—For preparing a detailed plan for (146) improving the conditions of markets in the City and (147) erecting temporary or semi-permanent hutments for providing accommodation to persons who occupy footpaths at present.

148-150 From Dr. V. S. Matkar—For (148) not allowing the Honorary or Assistant Honorary Staff in Municipal Hospitals to work in more than one Hospital; (149) requiring the Honorary and Assistant Honorary staff of the Municipal Hospitals to put in certain hours of work in the out-patients' Department, etc., and (150) closing Municipal Dispensaries for the whole day on Sundays instead of for half day.

151. From Mr. Dinkar D. Desai—For obtaining a report from the Commissioner, regarding the collapse of a building at Parel Chawls Road.

152-153. From Mrs. Sulochana M. Modi—For (152) obtaining from the G.I.P. Railway Authorities particulars about the recent accidents among labourers working in the Bhore Ghats, etc., and (153) requesting the G.I.P. Railway Authorities to take steps to see that latrines in the trains are kept unlocked and properly fitted with sanitary fittings, etc., for the use of the passengers.

154-156. From Mr. Narsingrao C. Pupala—For (154) providing Fire Alarms in Kumbharwada locality; (155) improving lighting arrangement at the Northbrook Gardens; and (156) providing a Band Stand at the Northbrook Gardens.

157-161. From Mr. Homi J. H. Taleyarkhan—For (157) taking vigorous action for the removal of unauthorized water tap connections in the City; (158) purchasing more loudspeaker propaganda vans for disseminating health propaganda in the City; (159) requesting the Commissioner of Police to prohibit the parking of motor cars on both sides of Dalal Street; (160) taking steps to remove the nuisance caused by the breeding of mosqitoes and filthy water accumulating in roads which have been dug up for various purposes by the Municipality etc.; and (161) requesting the B.E.S. & T. Committee to expedite the execution of the works in progress on Khetwadi Back Road and to remove the dumps, etc., thereat.

162. From Mr. S. P. Nadkarni—For having a comprehensive scheme for proper control of all the physical culture institutions and health centres in the City etc.

163-166. From Mr. A. N. Najmi—For (163) requesting the Commissioner of Police to declare Janjikar Street as 'One Way Street'; (164) taking steps to remove the obstructions caused by the keeping of heavy bales, etc., on the footpaths of Mohammedali Road; (165) requesting the B.E.S. & T. Committee not to use tram cars and buses for training purposes during rush hours especially between 10 A.M. and 1 P.M. so as to make vehicles available for public purposes and (166) expediting the work of repair of Bhajipala Lane.

167-168. From Mr. S. B. Mahadeshwar—For requesting the B. B. & C. I. Railway authorities (167) to re-name Elphinstone Road Station as Parel Station and Lower Parel Station as DeLisle Road or Currey Road Station; and (168) to provide additional turnstile gates at the Elphinstone Road Station.

By Order of His Worship
the Mayor,
B. V. MODY,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 8th June 1949.

CENTRAL P.W.D.

SEALED ITEM RATE tenders are invited for the work "Extension to Andheri Post Office." from the contractor registered in C.P.W.D., P.W.D., and Railways. The estimated cost of the work is Rs. 18580/- Tender forms together with schedule of quantities and specifications can be had from the office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 5/4/- on any working day.

The tender will be opened at 3-30 p.m. on 16/6/49. No tender will be sold on the date of opening the tender. Earnest money deposit of Rs. 930/- should be remitted into Reserve Bank of India, Bombay under head—S. Remittances—P. W. Remittances Head II—Items adjustable by Accountant General Bombay and chalan attached to the tender.

SWAMI DIAL
Executive Engineer
Bombay Central P.W. Division
Bombay.
C.G.O. Building Queen's Road. 4707

UNIVERSITY OF ALLAHABAD

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts of a Professor of Physics and a Professor of Zoology for the University of Allahabad.

The applicants must possess high academic qualifications with at least five years teaching experience in a University. They must have an established reputation for Scholarship, research and teaching ability in the subject. The Professor, as the Head of the Department, is responsible for the organisation of the different courses in his subject. He may be required to teach both post-graduate and under-graduate classes. He should be able to guide and conduct research at least upto the D. Sc. degree state.

The pay will be in the scale of Rs. 800-50-1250 with benefit of University Provident Fund under the rules. A higher starting salary and grade for the post of Physics Professorship may be given to a candidate of exceptional merit.

The posts are permanent but the period of probation is three years.

Applications stating age, qualifications, teaching and research experience accompanied by copies of testimonials and publication should reach the Registrar by 31st July, 1949

S.P. VARMA, M.A., Ph. D.
(London),
Registrar. 4723

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TENDER NOTICE

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Loco Offices Building, Parel, invites Percentage tenders in sealed covers upto 3-00 P.M. on 29-6-1949 for "Construction of 12 units Mitra 'B' type quarters at Kalyan." The form of tender schedule and conditions of contract can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Drawings for the work can also be had on an additional payment of Rs. 8/-. These sums will not be refunded. 4740

SECRETARY, EAST PUNJAB PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, SIMLA,

(Advertisement No. 26)

INVITES APPLICATIONS ON prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by treasury receipt or crossed postal order for Rs. 5/-, NOT LATER THAN THE 8TH JULY, 1949, for a temporary post of PROFESSOR IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING, East Punjab Engineering College, Roorkee, Candidates should (i) hold a good Honours or Post Graduate degree in Mechanical Engineering from a recognised University or an equivalent recognised diploma e.g. A.C.G.I., D.I.C., A.M.C.T. or be full Members of Institution of Mechanical Engineers, London, or of Institution of Engineers, India; (ii) have had two years practical training or research work in a branch of Mechanical Engineering; and (iii) possess not less than 3 years teaching experience upto B.Sc. (Engg.) degree standard in Mechanical Engineering subjects. Experience in a responsible administrative or executive capacity in a large Engineering concern, and experience in erection of Machinery and installation of equipment in Mechanical Engineering laboratories are desirable qualifications. Age—Not less than 35 and not more than 45 years (48 years for Scheduled Caste candidates) on 1-10-1949—relaxable for Government servants and also in case of War Service candidates to the extent of their period of War Service. Pay Rs. 625-40-1025/50-1375. Initial pay according to age, qualifications and experience. Further particulars on application. 4743

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, UNITED PROVINCES

Advertisement No. 13.

APPLICATIONS are invited from nationals of Indian Dominion, subjects of States within the Indian Dominion and registered displaced persons (refugees) for the post of VETERINARY INVESTIGATION OFFICER, Livestock Research Station, U.P. in the U.P. Veterinary Service in the senior scale of pay of Rs. 500-1200. Probation one year. Other things being equal, preference will be given to those domiciled in U.P. QUALIFICATIONS:— (1) Degree or diploma of a recognized Veterinary College; and (2) Either two years' post-graduate training or five years' research experience in Animal Pathology at a recognized Institute; and (3) five years experience of field disease work. Preference will be given to those having requisite research experience with some original contributions to scientific literature based on their research work. Age not less than 27 years and not more than (i) 40 years for Government servants and (ii) 32 years for others on August 1, 1949. The upper age limit will be greater by three years for Scheduled Castes candidates, and may be waived by Government in special cases. PRESCRIBED APPLICATION FORMS MAY BE HAD FROM THE SECY., DEPTT. NO. A13/R-6, P.S.C., U.P. ALLAHABAD UP TO JULY 1, 1949 AGAINST A MONEY ORDER OF RE. 1/- EACH. Applications on such forms will be received UP TO JULY 16, 1949. Dated Allahabad, May 31, 1949. 4741

NOTICE

A VACANCY exists for a FOREMAN OF BOILERMAKERS in H.M.I. Dockyard, Bombay, in the scale of Rs. 300-20-500 with Compensatory, House Rent and Dearness Allowances as admissible under the existing rules.

2. Those only who have served a full apprenticeship period as a boilermaker, have served in a supervisory post for not less than five years need apply. In addition, the applicants will be required to pass the appropriate examination prescribed by the Dockyard Authorities for Foreman's posts.

3. Applications are to be made to the Dockyard Personnel Officer, H.M.I. Dockyard, Bombay 1, so as to reach him not later than 20-6-1949. 4738

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the supply of Lubricating Oil and Greases for Tram Cars and Furnace Oil will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on Monday 20th June 1949.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post. 4739

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING.

WANTED.

BUS DRIVERS with the following qualifications:—

a) Age—between 23 and 35 years.
b) Height— 5' 4" or over.
c) Without glasses vision should be normal.
d) Clean Driving Licence of at least 1 year's standing with Heavy Transport Vehicle Endorsement.
e) Documentary evidence to prove that applicant has driven Heavy Transport Vehicle for one year.

Apply

J. R. TALEYARKHAN,
Traffic Manager,

4213

(For Further Notices See Page 3.)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Advertisement No. 37

APPLICATIONS invited for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. For others age limits will be strictly adhered to save in exceptional circumstances and in no case beyond a limit of three years. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, Post Box No. 186, New Delhi. When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7.5/-. (Rs. 1.14/-, for Scheduled Caste candidates) 9th July, 1949. The Crossed Postal Order should be marked payable to Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, at New Delhi Post Office. The Commission may, at their discretion, remit the prescribed application fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a BONA FIDE refugee and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application with separate fee required for each post. Candidates from outside India may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. Such candidates should deposit their fees at the Office of the High Commissioner for India or of the Indian Ambassador or of the Government of India's Representative as the case may be and attach the receipts to their applications. Two weeks' extension allowed to candidates residing abroad. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

1. ONE TEMPORARY ASSISTANT DAIRY TECHNOLOGIST AT THE INDIAN DAIRY RESEARCH INSTITUTE, BANGALORE, MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. AGE:- Between 30 and 40 years. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY:- Rs. 275-25-500-E. B. -30-650-E.B.-30-800. QUALIFICATIONS:—(i)—An M.Sc. in Chemistry or Associateship of the Indian Institute of Science or Associateship of the Royal Institute of Chemistry or a degree or diploma in Dairying combined with a degree in Science or a graduate in Chemistry with Associateship of the Indian Dairy Research Institute. (ii) 5 years' research experience of handling milk and milk products.

2. ONE TEMPORARY SUGAR CANE PHYSIOLOGIST, INDIAN AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE, MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. Other things being equal, preference given to a scheduled caste candidate. AGE:— Below 35 years. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY:— Rs. 275-25-500-E. B. -30-650-E.B.-30-800. QUALIFICATIONS.—ESSENTIAL— (i) M. Sc. Degree in Botany or graduate in Botany plus Associate Membership of Indian Agricultural Research Institute. (ii) Post-graduate training in Plant Physiology (iii) Good record of Research work in Plant Physiology for about 5 years, with evidence of capacity to initiate and conduct new lines of research. DESIRABLE:— Knowledge of German or French.

3. ONE PERMANENT STAFF OFFICER (CIVILIAN PERSONNEL), NAVAL HEADQUARTERS (INDIA), MINISTRY OF DEFENCE. AGE:— Below 35 years. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY:—Rs. 800-40-1000-50.2-1150 QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL —(i) Degree of a recognised University. (ii) General knowledge of the trades connected with the shipbuilding Industry. (iii) Training in personnel and welfare management with a background of labour administration (iv) Experience of personnel and welfare work in large industrial establishment preferably in shipbuilding and repairing establishment. DESIRABLE:— Knowledge of practices of personnel and welfare management in foreign countries.

4. ONE LIBRARIAN IN THE OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA, NEW DELHI. Post temporary likely to become permanent. Post reserved for a Scheduled Caste candidate but will be treated as unreserved if no such suitable candidate is available. AGE:— Between 30 and 45 years. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY:— Rs. 325-25-500-30-590. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL (i) 1st or IInd Class M.A. or 3 years Honours degree in History of a recognised University with proficiency in Modern and Medieval period of Indian History. (ii) Training in Bibliographical and reference work with particular reference to Indian History. (iii) Experience in a library attached to any historical research Institute. DESIRABLE:— Knowledge of literature on Medieval and Modern Indian History and knowledge of French and/or German.

5. ONE TRANSLATOR-INTERPRETOR (FRENCH) UNDER THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS. Post temporary but likely to be made permanent. AGE:— Below 40 years. PAY:—Rs. 250-10-300-15-450-25/2-500. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL— (i) Degree of a recognised University. (ii) Thorough knowledge of French language, as spoken and written. DESIRABLE:— Experience of interpretation of conversations and translation of documents from English into French and vice-versa.

6. ONE MATRON, SILVER JUBILEE TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITAL, DELHI. Post temporary but likely to be made permanent. AGE:— Below 45 years. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY:— Rs. 320-20-400 plus Uniform allowance Rs. 150/- per annum, Messing allowance Rs. 55/- per mensem, Washing allowance Rs. 4.8- per mensem and Dearness allowance as admissible under the rules. QUALIFICATIONS—: ESSENTIAL— Must have at least 5 years' service as a Sister and possess sufficient administrative experience to run her department. DESIRABLE:— Experience of Nursing in T.B. Hospital.

7. ONE TEMPORARY DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF RESETTLEMENT AND EMPLOYMENT, BOMBAY, MINISTRY OF LABOUR. AGE:— Below 50 years. PAY:— Rs. 1000-50-1350 (except for Provincial Service Officers who will get their grade pay plus a special pay of Rs. 150/- p.m.) QUALIFICATIONS:— (i) Graduate of a recognised University. (ii) Not less than 5 to 7 years' experience in a high executive or administrative post in a superior or All India Service or in a superior grade of private service. (iii) Organising and administrative capacity of a high order and familiarity with rural and urban employment problems. (iv) Wide public contacts and ability to speak, read and write local languages and familiarity with conditions and customs of Bombay Province. NOTE:— Qualifications mentioned under (i) above may be relaxed in the case of Military Commissioned Officers on active or retired list, who are otherwise considered suitable.

8. ONE PERMANENT ASSISTANT DIRECTOR (PUBLICATIONS IN THE CENTRAL WATER-POWER, IRRIGATION AND NAVIGATION COMMISSION, MINISTRY OF WORKS, MINES AND POWER. AGE:— Between 25 and 40 years. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY:— Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590.-E. B-30-770-40-850. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 500/- may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. If an officer in the permanent employ of a Provincial Government is selected he will be allowed his grade pay plus additional pay at a rate to be fixed unless his pay in the Province at the time of appointment is lower than the minimum of the scale of the post in question. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL -- (i) M.A. or M.Sc. Degree of a recognised University. (ii) Three years' experience of literary character pertaining to engineering, scientific or economic subject. OR (i) Degree in Civil Engineering of a recognised University or an equivalent qualification. (ii) At least three years' experience of engineering works or research during which period, he must have contributed articles in engineering journals or papers to engineering organisations dealing with or describing engineering activities. DESIRABLE:— Literary bent of mind and ability to write popular articles on technical subjects.

9. ONE PERMANENT ASSISTANT SURGEON, BALAK RAM HOSPITAL, DELHI, UNDER THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI. Qualifications and experience being equal, preference will be given to a BONA FIDE resident of Delhi. AGE:—Below 35 years. PAY:— Rs. 260-15-440-20-500. (Free unfurnished quarter and restricted private practice allowed among the families of entitled Government servants at Balak Ram Hospital only). QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL— (i) Graduate in Medicine and Surgery who should be a Registered Medical Practitioner, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., L.R.F.P. & S., will be regarded as equivalents to a Medical Degree. (ii) Must be conversant with local languages i.e., Urdu and Hindi. DESIRABLE:— Previous experience in a hospital or similar institution.

4731

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of all Stock-in-Trade of Asian Radio and Electric Co. as a running concern with Goodwill and benefit of Tenancy Rights.

M/S GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from M/s Nandlal & Co. Attorneys for Bai Sultabai (sually Mortgagee and on a/c and at risk of Taherbhai Tyabali Khandwawala and Mohsin Tyabali Mortgagors and in pursuance of power of sale vested in Mortgagee under Mortgage dated 24-4-47, sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, 16th Inst. at 4 P.M. at Aishabai Beg Mahomed Building, 27, Mahomed Alli Road, Bombay, All Stock-in-Trade of M/s Asian Radio and Electric Co. including furniture, fittings as a running concern with its goodwill and benefit of tenancy rights.

Terms:— 25 p.c. cash deposit.

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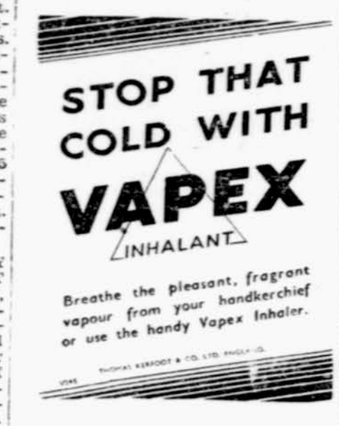
AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. Property of C. Right Esqr., and others at Seth Babulal Mansion Chowpatty Sea Face of Complete Household and Office forniture, Steel, Almirah, Safe, Rem Std. and port typewriter, Singer Machine, Elec. fan, Eng. large ice box, partition, dining, roll top writing and dressing table, show case, zoola sofa Cabinet, Chesterfield, Almirah, bed, Gramophone, Hall carpet. (S. Tax) Tel. 40213 EASTERN AUCTION CO.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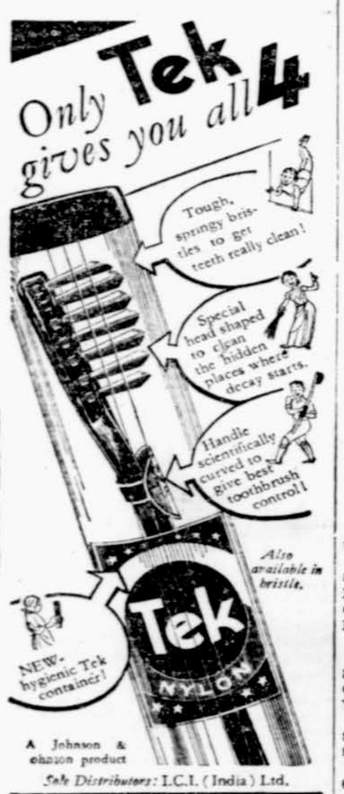
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TODAY

HINDU: Jeth Vad 1, 2005
MUSLIM: Shaban 13, 1368
PARSI: Deh 12, 1318
SUNRISE: 6-1 A.M.
SUNSET: 7-16 P.M.
HIGHTIDE: —, 12-44
LOWTIDE: 05-48, 18-51

RASHTRABHASHA EXAM. RESULTS

Praramohe, Pravesh, Parichaya, Kovid and Ratna of the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha, were held in the month of April 1949. The total Nos. of candidates appearing from Bombay is 7802. The numbers of the successful candidates of the Ratna and Kovid examinations are given below:—

RASHTRABHASHA RATNA

2ND CLASS. 30 3RD CLASS. 27 and 28.

RASHTRABHASHA KOVID

1ST CLASS. 520 66 642 97 99 705 9 and 11.

2ND CLASS. 451 54 59 79 83 87 93 98 500 2 9 23 26 28 29 32 40 47 51 53 63 68 71 79 98 601 5 11 12 14 19 20 22 23 25 31 34 39 43 46 51 53 57 58 63 69 72 75 84 90 702 3 4 6 7 8 12 13 14 15 25 26 27 41 42 45 54 55 58 60 62 70 81 86 90 800 6 18 19 20 25 27

3RD CLASS. 457 58 61 62 63 65 71 89 to 92 94 95 97 99 507 11 13 to 16 21 22 24 27 35 38 39 52 56 57 59 61 62 64 67 73 78 81 84 88 90 91 92 94 95 600 4 10 15 to 18 24 28 29 35 37 38 40 44 45 52 55 56 59 60 61 62 67 72 77 78 83 85 86 95 96 718 21 22 30 40 46 49 50 56 59 64 67 71 72 73 74 78 80 82 83 84 85 87 to 89 91 to 93 95 96 803 13 15 23 and 826.

ORAL, Nos. 468 72 75 82 545 665 766 69 97 807 8 14 30 and 831.

The result of the candidates of following Nos. will be declared later on: 574 75 86K 602 70 74 82 92 93 and 733.

The result of the Rashtrabhasha Parichaya, Pravesh Prarambhic Examinations can be had from the office of the Bombay Provincial Rashtrabhasha Prachar Sabha, (Fellow Ship School Compound Gowalia Tank.) between 3-30 to 6-30 p.m.

The ensuing Rashtrabhasha Examinations of the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha, will be held on 17 nd 18th of Sept., 1949. The application form for the same will be accepted till the 10th July 1949 and Prathnapatras for seeking exemption from some examination will be accepted till 25th June 1949. The first date for submitting the application form for the Rashtrabhasha Ratna Examination is 12th June 1949.

RADIO

BOMBAY, Saturday:

BOMBAY A (244 metres 31.41 metres

7-30 a.m. Vimal Narvekar Ramkali 8-0 News in English 8-15 News in Hindustani 8-30 Suman Shroff Guj. Geet (Colaba Pips at 8-45 a.m.) 8-45 News in Gujarati 9-0 Close down.

(244 metres and 1.44 metres

12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude 12-50 Suman Shroff Guj. Geet 1-0 News in Gujarati 1-30 News in English 1-40 You Asked for 2-30 Close down.

244 metres, Short wave: 31.41 metres from 5-0 to 7-45 p.m. 41-44 metres from 8-0 to 11-0 p.m.

5-0 p.m. Vimal Narvekar Multani 6-0 News in English 6-13 News in Hindustani 6-20 Goswami Brahmanand Bhimpalas 7 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather report 7-15 V. G. Mande Pad 7-45 Film Music 8-0 Suman Shroff Gujarati 8-15 News in Gujarati 9-0 News in English 9-15 News in Hindustani 11-0 Close down.

BOMBAY B 353 (metres and 41.44 metres)

7-45 a. m. News in Kannada 8-0 J. V. Acharya Sitar recital 8-30 News in Marathi 8-45 p.m. Vinod Kumar Geet 9-0 Close down.

(353 metres and 31.41 metres)

12-50 News in Marathi 1-0 Y. G. Mande Asavari 1-10 Man Pasand Gani 1-40 News in Hindustani 1-50 Nabhovanichya Parisarat Variety Programme of topical interest in Marathi. 2-30 Close down.

(353 metres Short wave: 41.14 metres from 5-0 to 7-15 p.m. 61.48 metres from 7-30 to 11-0 p.m.)

5-30 p.m. Bahuroopi Variety Programme in Gujarati of special interest to children 6-0 J. V. Acharya Sitar recital 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News in Kannada 8-0 News in Marathi 8-15 V. G. Mande (Vocal) 8-30 Jat Lakhanwanute 8-40 Musical Interlude (Colaba Pips at 8-45 p.m.) 8-45 Feature in Marathi 9-0 Vimal Narvekar Nand 9-25 J. V. Acharya Sitar recital 9-40 Anythings Goes 9-45 Talk in English 9-55 Teer Nahi To Tukko 10-0 Goswami Bhahmanand Shankara 11-0 Close down.

BARODA: AHMEDABAD

250 metres (1,200 kc|s)

7-30 a.m. Morning Variety 8-0 News in English 8-15 Purshottam G. Shinde Khayal Vilambit and Drut 8-45 News in Gujarati 9-0 Close down.

6-0 p.m. News in English 6-10 Ramzan Khan Chhote Khan and Ramzan Khan Qutub Ali Sarangi Duet 6-25 Someprasad Vyas Geeto

326.1 metres (920 kc|s)

6-35 p.m. Gramjano Mate Lok Geeto (From Baroda only) Jajeir Bhaj Mate (From Ahmedamad 7 Film Songs 7-15 Sahitya Samiksha Book review in Gujarati by Yashwant Shukla 7-30 Someprasad Vyas Geeto 8-0 Music Lesson 8-10 Local Announcements 8-15 News in Gujarati 8-30 Krishnarao L. Jadhav Khayal Vilambit and Drut 9-0 News in English 9-15 Sports Review (English) 9-30 "Shakuntala" Musical feature. 10-30 Close down.

TRANSPORT MINISTER IN CITY

BOMBAY, Friday:

Mr. N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar, Minister for Railways and Transport to the Government of India, visited this morning the newly-built pre-fabricated railway quarters at Santa Cruz. He will confer with railway officials later in the day.

The Minister will leave for Khandla to-morrow morning by plane to inspect the construction of a major port there and return to Bombay on Sunday. He will leave for New Delhi on Monday.

Minister for Railways and Transport Mr. N. Gopalaswami Iyengar (fifth from right) snapped on arrival on Thursday evening.

POLICE OFFICER SHOOTS BROTHER-IN-LAW DEAD

Domestic Quarrel Leads To Grim Tragedy

BOMBAY, Friday.

A FATHER and his son found themselves in a grim death-struggle yesterday afternoon with a police officer, the former's own brother-in-law, who whipped out his service revolver and fired point-blank shots, killing the old man, while his son managed to escape with a badly splintered arm, it is reported.

Two doctors living on the third floor of Amar Bhuvan, French Road, Gamdevi, heard loud explosions at 2-30 p.m. on Thursday and rushed to a room on the second floor, where they found Sub-Inspector M. S. Kulkarni, a resident of the same building, struggling with his young nephew. An old man lay bleeding on the ground and in the Sub-Inspector's hand was a smoking revolver.

The doctors overpowered the Sub-Inspector after successfully snatching the revolver from him before he could fire more shots. The two injured persons were rushed to a hospital but the old man died on the way. Kulkarni was later handed over to the police

UNEXPECTED SHOTS

Baburao Ramchander Desai (60) and his son Ramakant B. Desai (30), M.A. LL.B., a practing lawyer, staying at Mohan Building, Girgaum, it is gathered according to available facts, went to Amar Building, the scene of the outrage, yesterday afternoon to visit Baburao's recently wedded daughter and her husband. As they were chatting the father went into another room. Just then the front door opened and it is reported Sub-Inspector Kulkarni, brother-in-law of Baburao, entered brandishing a revolver.

Before the surprised sister and brother could say anything, Kulkarni fired a shot at Ramakant, the bullet piercing his fore-arm. However, the young man sprang at his assailant and tried to grapple with him. As both were thus locked in a death struggle, the father, summoned by the shooting, rushed to his son's aid but the Sub-Inspector, it is alleged, managed to fire at him. The bullet passed through the old man's chest and he collapsed helplessly.

HELP COMES

Meanwhile, the two doctors, residents on the upper floors of the ouilding, hastened to the scene of the crime. They found Ramakant still heroically struggling with Kulkarni and before any more shots could be fired from the smoking lethal weapon succeeded in overpowering Kulkarni and snatching away the revolver.

Both Ramakant and his badly injured father were speedily taken to the J.J. Hospital but Baburao died on the way. Ramakant is stated to be improving under treatment. Police, summoned to the scene, put Kulkarni under arrest. He is now in custody.

No details as to the incidents leading to the firing of the fatal shots are available but it is said that Kulkarni's relations with the Baburao family were strained for some time past.

Sub-Inspector Kulkarni, thirty-seven-years-old, is attached to the Bombay C.I.D.

THE WEATHER

POONA, June 10 (API): Following is the daily weather summary for Friday, the 10th June 1949:—The monsoon is extending into Assam and West Bengal. The monsoon has also been fairly active in Malabar and has weakened in the south Konkan.

Rainfall has been widespread in Malabar and over the region from Assam to the Central Provinces. A few showers have also occurred in the East United Provinces.

Forecast valid until the evening of 11th:—Rainfall will be widespread and locally heavy in Northeast India outside Orissa. Fairly widespread light to moderate rain will occur in Malabar and local rain in Konkan. Thundershowers will be fairly widespread in the Central Provinces and Vindhya Pradesh and local in Orissa and Madhya Bharat. A few showers are likely in the United Provinces and Mysore.

WEATHER CHART

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 8th June 1949 and departure from normal recorded at eight hours (IST) on 10th June.

BOMBAY 85 76 0.7 13.8 plus 10.1 Calcutta 93 80 1.0 1.6 minus 0.9 Cuttack 86 77 0 4.4 plus 2.8 Delhi 107 84 0 0.2 minus 0.1 Kodaikanal 67 53 T 0.7 minus 1.0 Lucknow 101 77 0.6 1.5 plus 1.2 Madras 96 80 0 2.7 plus 2.1 Nagpur 85 72 1.7 5.5 plus 3.6 Patna 99 82 0 2.2 plus 1.5 Poona 88 73 0 0.3 minus 1.1 Shillong 76 65 0 3.7 minus 2.1 Sholapur 91 71 0 0.9 minus 0.9 Simla 79 61 0 1.8 plus 1.0.

IT MAY ANNOY SOME
HURT OTHERS—BUT
IT HAS PLEASED MANY
AND WILL BE SEEN BY ALL!
NOW IN ITS TRIUMPHANT
11th WEEK
RAJKAMAL'S
Directed by: V. SHANTARAM
APNA DESH
Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30
Mat. Sun. 11-45 A.M.
Adv. Booking: 10 to 12, 4 to 6
NEW WEST END

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HORIZONTAL, COLD STARTING, SOLID INJECTION, FOUR STROKE, SINGLE CYLINDER
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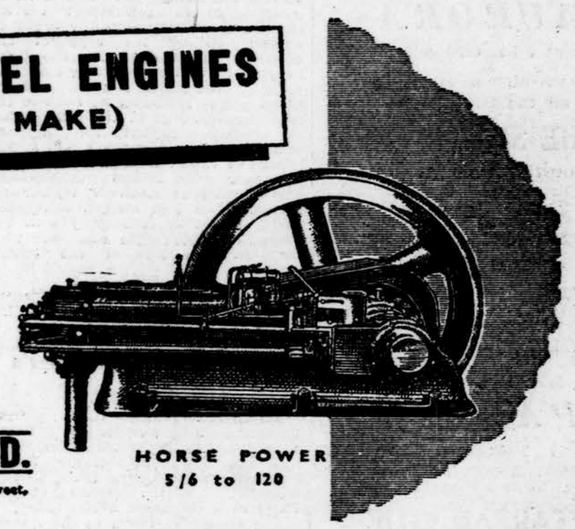

5/6 HP 800 RPM, 30 HP 420 RPM, 60 HP 340 RPM 75 HP 300 RPM, 120 HP 240 RPM are available from consigments afloat.

SERVICE No. 7

ON THE INDIAN SCREEN THIS WEEK

Molina (as Bhabi) in New Theatres' Sarat Chatterjee film "Chhota Bhai" now running for the third week at Minerva.

NOVEL WITH A GRAND THEME

"Chhota Bhai" At Minerva

This New Theatres' picture seems to be passing the test of discerning audience. It has continued to draw crowded houses in its third week. Based on Sarat Chandra Chatterji's novel it has a grand theme. Three juvenile stars get prominent roles in this picture. Shakur, as Ram, is the most outstanding. Khoorshid as Govind and Menaka (Jr.) shine as child stars with a promise for the future. It is adroitly directed by Kartik Chatterji, who incidentally is in Bombay at present.

GEMINI ANNOUNCES NEW PICTURES

Gemini, whose "CHANDRALEKHA" continues to draw crowds at the Opera House and City Light, have announced their next two pictures. The first "NISHAN" is to be released shortly and the second "MANGALA" is scheduled for early next year. If both these pictures are made with the same formula which has made "Chandralekha" so popular, then they are assured of equal success. The secret of the popularity of "Chandralekha" is that it caters for a wide variety of tastes. So there is for every man something he would like to see in a film.

"SAWAN AYA RE" At Krishna

The author-producer-director Kishore Sahu's "SAWAN AYA RE" has gone into the ninth week at Krishna. After carefully picking up his cast Kishore Sahu has taken infinite pains to fit them properly into their roles. The result is a polished entertainment for all.

"DIL-KI-DUNIYA"

Main Attraction At Kamal

A technicolour copy of Noble Art's musical drama "DIL KI DUNIYA" will be shown at Kamal from this week. The picture has already had a month's run and will draw now more people to see the beautiful dance sequences in colour. Mazharkhan, who acts in the leading role and directs the picture, has turned out a finished product. Gita Bali steals the acting honours.

"ANKOHA PYAR" At Super, Kismet And Broadway

Ambica Pictures' "ANOKHA PYAR" has gone into the third week at three city cinemas. Nalini Jayawant, Nargis and Dilip Kumar provide an interesting triangle in the story. Anil Biswas' music provides an additional charm.

ROSHNI At Novelty And Surya

"ROSHNI" has gone into the ninth week at Novelty and Surya. It is also having a good run at Radheshyam Talkies at Ville Parle, Jawahar Talkies at Mulund, Bhagwat Chitra Mandir at Sholapur and Prahlad Talkies at Rajkot.

"CHANDA-KI-CHANDANI"

The film can be a powerful instrument in fighting social evils. Realising this Director Khosla has built his latest film "CHANDA-KI-CHANDANI" round the dowry problem. It is scheduled for release at two city theatres. The picture shows the way to the girls how to fight this evil, who are the worst victims of the system. Rehana, Jairaj and Veera are in the leading roles. Songs are by Madhok and music by Gyan Dutt.

CHAR DIN: At Roxy, Jai Hind And Rivoli

By its novel theme, lilting melodies and good acting M. Sadiq's musical comedy continues to run for the 7th week at three theatres. This sophisticated romance is full of humour and good entertainment.

The leading lady of "CHAR DIN" Suraiya was in the news last week. There were a rumour going round that she had taken a plunge in the matrimonial waters at last. When interviewed she smilingly denied these rumours and said that such stories should always be taken with a pinch of salt.

Suraiya in Producer M. Sadiq's "Char Din", now running for the seventh week at Roxy, Jai Hind and Rivoli.

'DIL-KI-RANI'

An Amusing Comedy

LOVE at first sight is the theme of Amar Joyti Pictures "DIL-KI-RANI" which is coming to Excelsior and Novelty from Friday June 17th. A newspaper proprietor, whose daughter is in love with a poet, is persuaded to publish poetry in his newspaper to boost up the circulation. The radio also comes to the rescue. This provides for lot of amusing situations and entertainment. The part of the poet is played by Raj Kapur and Madhubala is the leading lady. Producer P. V. Banker, spares no pains or money, to produce this amusing comedy. Director Mohan Sinha has wielded the megaphone cleverly. In the supporting cast are Shyamsunder, Badriprasad and Munshi Khanjar. The picture is released through India Film Exchange.

Husnbanoo in Ranjit's 'Pardesi Mehaman', next change at Swastik.

WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

CAPITOL, KRISHNA:
"SAWAN AYA RE" starring Kishore Sahu, Ramola, David, Pratima Devi, Mohana, Sofia and Ramesh Gupta.

SWASTIK, TAJ:
"OMAR KHAYYAM" starring Saigal and Suraiya.

LIBERTY:
"ANDAZ" starring Nargis, Dilip Kumar, Cuckoo, V. H. Desai and Raj Kapur.

MINERVA:
"CHHOTA BHAI" starring Molina, Shakur and Palmahen.

EXCELSIOR:
"AAJ-KI-RAAT" starring Suraiya and Motilal.

SUPER, KISMET & BROADWAY:
"ANOKHA PYAR" starring Nargis, Dilip Kumar, Nalini Jaiwant.

KOHINOOR:
"MEETH BHAKAR" starring Vithal Chandrakant, Sulochana Powar, Anjani, Jaishankar, Bake and Saroj.

KAMAL:
"DIL-KI-DUNIYA" starring Munawar Sultana, Gita Bali, Jaywant, Madhan Puri, Mazharkhan.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE, CITY LIGHT, SWASTIK (Malad):
"CHANDRALEKHA" starring T. R. Rajkumari, M. K. Radha, Ranjan, Sundari Bai, and Yashodhara Katju.

OPERA HOUSE: SUNDAY June 12, 10 a.m.:
"DOCTOR" starring Pankaj Mullik and Bharati.

CENTRAL:
"JAGA BHADYANE DENE AAHE" ("To be let', in Marathi) starring Shanta Apte.

IMPERIAL:
"BARI BEHEN" starring Suraiya, Rehman, Ulhas, Pran and Geeta Bali.

ROXY, JAI HIND AND RIVOLI:
"CHAR DIN" starring Suraiya, Shyam, Jayant, Badri Prasad, Randhir, Cuckoo, Mohna and Om Prakash.

MAJESTIC:
"ASHA" starring Shanta Kunwar, Sohan, Samson, Laxmanrao and Tiwari.

NEW WEST END:
"APNA DESH" starring Pushpa Hans, Umesh Sharma, Manmohan, K. Date and Sudha Apte.

CHITRA:
"GHAR-KI-IZZAT" starring Mumtaz Shanti and Manorama.

NOVELTY, SURYA (Parel), JAWAHAR (Mulund):
"ROSHNI" starring Rehana, Mumtaz Ali, V. H. Desai, Sofia, Pran, Nihal, Sita Bose, Benjamin.

PLAZA, PRABHAT:
"SAKHARPUDA" ('Betrothal) starring Damuana, Sumatee and Pendharkar.

DAWLAT:
"CHOUBEJI" starring Dixit, Gope, Radhakrishen and Nirupa Roy.

LIDO:
"MELA" starring Nargis, Dilip Kumar.

HIND MATA (Parel):
"GRAHASTI" starring Sulochana Chatterjee, Yakub, Kuldip, Mirza Mushraf.

STRAND:
SUNDAY, June 12: 1-30 a.m.: "BASANT" starring Mumtaz Shanti and Ulhas.

NEPTUNE (Bandra):
"BAZAR" starring Shyam, Nigar and Yakub.

KOLWADA REFUGEE CAMP

Ideal Institution Run By Housing Society

The Punjab-Frontier Co-operative Housing Society, Ltd., is running the Kolwada Refugee Camp, at Sion, a suburb of Bombay, on a site, admeasuring 87,000 sq. yards, on old military hutments, on which 450 families are housed. As required by Government rules this Co-operative Society, viz., the Consumers' Co-operative Society has also been registered, and is working successfully with a share capital of Rs. 35,000.

A set of 18 shops has been raised by the Society, and allotted to bonafide inmates with a view to providing them with means of livelihood. Dispensaries are to be opened shortly. More than 95 p.c. of the inmates are thus earning their bread in the colony. A primary and a full-fledged high school (recognised and aided by now) have been started in close proximity to the Camp, having on their rolls about 750 students. Sardar Pratab Singh is rendering yeoman service to this Camp and the institutions, and the Committee has passed a resolution appreciating his services. Premier Kher, when he visited the institutions, gave them his blessings.

DIRECT ACTION IN GOA

D'Silva's Statement Criticised

The Central Committee of the Goan People's Party has issued the following statement in connection with the recent conference of the Goa National Congress held recently at Belgaum:—

The statement issued by Mr. S. B. D'Silva the President of the Goa National Congress to the effect that "Goans depend entirely on the Indian Union for freedom and that there would be no possibility for direct action against the Portuguese" his pointment. This sole dependence on the Indian leaders, the pointment on the Indian leaders, the Indian Government and the Indian people displays a bankruptcy of statesmanship and much more than that the utter disregard of the potential revolutionary capacity of the Goan masses to liberate Goa from the clutches of the Fascist Portuguese rule,

It is ridiculous to keep a blind reliance on the Indian Government for the liberation of Goa, after forgetting our people, and to expect the Indian Government to pull the chestnuts out of the fire for the Goan people. It does not give any programme for agitation, organisation and movement or call for action on economic grievances.

The Goan People's Party unequivocally condemns the statement as insulting to the self-respect of every Goan and damaging to the cause of freedom—stifling the urge of the Goan people for action. The Goan People's Party which by now embraces most of the militant sections of the Goan people reiterates its faith in the revolutionary urge of the masses and its ultimate capacity for militant action. The liberation of Goa cannot be exported from outside much less from the Indian Government whose policy in Kashmir, Hyderabad, French India and merged integrated States is not in conformity with the wishes of the people who are thus liberated and also of the Indian people.

GOANS SHOULD FREE GOA

People's Party Leader's Faith

BOMBAY, Friday (UPI): "The liberation of Goa is for the Goans to achieve by persistent bitter struggles, with the support of the Indian people outside," says the Central Committee of the Goan People's Party in a statement issued today.

The statement refers to the remark of Mr S B D'Silva, the President of the Goa National Congress to the effect that "Goans depend entirely on the Indian Union for freedom and that there were no possibilities of direct action against the Portuguese" and reiterates the party's" faith in the revolutionary urge of the masses and their ultimate capacity for militant action."

VISHWAVIDYALAYA OF GURUKUL

Celebrates Golden Jueiblee Next March

The Gurukul University Kangri is rendering yeoman's service in bringing about the cultural regenaration of India. This seat of learning by the late Swami Shradhanand stands, in comparison, with the public schools and Universities of other lands.

It is the only national university planned in accordance with the Indian ideals and engaged in the solution of genuine cultural problems of India.

It gives tution gratis. It only charges for the maintenance. Cheapness wedded to efficiency is its main characteristic of Gurukal education which includes in its scope the physical, mental and moral development of its scholars.

The Gurukul owes its inception to the vision of Rishi Daya Nand, the modern Indian seer, to which Swami Shradhanand, the Arya Samaj martyr, gave a concrete practical shape in 1900.

The Gurukul is proud that it could complete the most strenuous first fifty years of its career without bowing its head to the foreign Government which always regarded it with disfavour. Its golden jubilee falls in March 1950.

HISSAR SATYAGRAHIS ARRESTED

JULLUNDUR, June 10 (API): The seventh batch of satyagrahis in Hissar District was arrested yesterday at villages Dhab Ki Dhani, Tehsil Bhawani. The batch of eight was led by Chaudhary Jaya Karan, a kisan leader.

The satyagraha was launched on May 16 in Hissar District against the ejectment of kisans from agricultural lands by landowners.

M.O's To China Suspended

MADRAS, June 10 (API): The Postmaster-General, Madras, in a press note says that a temporary measure money order service to China is suspended with immediate effect. Money orders already booked but not advised to destination have been ordered to be returned for payment to the remitters concerned.

Telegram To Egypt

BOMBAY, Friday.

A Telegraph Notification says: "Telegrams to and from Egypt are subject to censorship by the Egyptian administration. Following categories of telegrams and service indications are not admitted namely: (1) Abbreviated addresses in address or in signature, (2) Code. (3) Post restante, (4) Telegraph restante, (5) Indications concerning issue and redirection. (6) Name and Christian name must appear in full, (7) Telegrams must be written in plain Arabic, English or French languages. Telegrams in code or cypher exchanged between embassies legations, etc. of same Government are admitted."

EAST AFRICAN ORDINANCE

Indian Congress Appeal To King

NEW DELHI, June 10 (UPI): In a memorandum on the East African Immigration (Control Amendment) Ordinance 1948, the East African Indian Congress has urged the British Colonial Secretary to advise His Majesty to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the ordinance it was learnt in New Delhi today.

The ordinance, the Congress is stated to have pointed out, not only restricted immigrants alone but went much further affecting the rights of those who had already made Kenya their home.

In spite of the earlier assurances that, it would not, apply to permanent residents, the ordinance, it was emphasised, thus infringed against the principles of international law that every normal person had a right to reside in and to return to the place of his domicile at all times.

The legislation, it was further pointed out," was passed by steam roller method" and "was never circulated for expression of public opinion."

Mr. D. D. Puri, President of the East African Indian National Congress who has arrived in Delhi, has already contacted Dr. N. V. Rajkumar, Secretary Foreign Department, AICC and discussed with him the implications of these latest developments in East Africa in so far as they affect the Indian settlers there.

Integration Of Tehri Garhwal

DEHRA DUN, June 10 (API): Four Congress Ministers of Tehri Garhwal State met Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, here today when they apprised him of the latest situation in the State.

It is understood that the talks centred round the question of the State's integration with the United Provinces.

PYTHONS TO FIGHT RAT PEST

SARWAK—A new use has been found for the pythons in fighting the rat pest in rice stores here. As a consequence, there is a premium on live pythons.

In one storage area, there were the usual number of rat holes, but surprisingly little damage had been done to the rice by the rats. A search discovered two satisfied-looking pythons.

The Controller of Essential Commodities, Sarwak was petitioned for providing a "pool" of live pythons from which paddy producers could draw.

But the Controller's dilemma was pythons were hard to get, and when available, hard to retain, for some of the inhabitants not only stole rice but the pythons—and ate them as well.

TWICE DEAD—NOW 70

PORT ELIZABETH, South Africa—After twice being left for dead, 70-year-old Johnnie Justin, Port Elizabeth wine steward, this year celebrates his silver jubilee in the service of one hotel.

In the Medical Corps, when he was 19, he fell ill during the siege of Ladysmith, and was reported dead. Next morning he awoke to find himself in a white robe laid out on a morteuary slab with seven others. It was a very surprised orderly who opened the door next morning says Johnnie.

The second time was when he was left for dead after a bad spell of pneumonia. He recovered in time to cancel the funeral arrangements.

He expects to live to be 90, as his grand-father did.

Shops Gutted In Kanpur Fire

KANPUR, June 10 (UPI): Six shops were completely gutted in Collectorgunj this morning when a fire broke out in one of them. A temple in the vicinity was also damaged.

Loss sustained is estimated at several thousands. No casualty is reported.

Rishikesh Goes Dry

DEHRA DUN, June 10, (API): The famous Hindu pilgrim centre, Rishikesh, has gone 'dry' with the introduction of total prohibition. All liquor opium and drugs shops have been closed down in the town.

"TO BE LET" Ah, the magic of those elusive words of yesterday!

A COMEDY TYPHOON— IN EASY MARATHI AT

CENTRAL

(JAGA BHADYANE DENE AAHE) An ASHOK PICTURE starring SHANTA APTE

Directed by Achyut Ranade

Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sun. Mats. at 12-30 — 4th WEEK

Plans open 10 to 12 and 4 to 6

2nd WEEK!

HIND-MATA

PAREL

Daily: 3, 6-15, & 9-30 P.M. Matinee: Sat. Sun. 12 P.M.

AINA PICTURES GREAT SOCIAL

GRAHASTI

Sulochana Chatterji, Yakub, Kuldip

Sunday Morn. 10 A.M. Adventures of Marco Polo

NEPTUNE

Opp: Bandra Station Phone: 39419

Daily: 3-45, 6-45 & 9-30 P.M. Matinee Sunday 1 P.M.

Now Showing! Madhukar Comedy

BAZAR

SHYAM, NIGAR, YAKUB

UNQUESTIONABLY THE MOST ENGROSSING, CLEAN

NEW THEATRES' Newest Hit

Chhota Bhai

Direction: KARTIK CHATTERJEE Music: PUNKAJ MULLICK.

3RD BIG Week at— MINERVA (A Calcutta Film Exchange Release)

INSPIRING FILM! ONLY —SARAT BABU CAN WRITE SUCH A FINE STORY! ONLY NEW THEATRES CAN PRODUCE IT SO SUPERBLY! ONLY —Molina, and three Juvenile Stars can re-create Sarat Babu's characers!

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. & Holi. 12-30. (Adv. Bkgs. 10 to 12)

"CHAND TARO"...

You will weep to see NALINI JAIWANT Sing this Song in AMBICA FILMS

ANOKHA PYAR

NARGIS — DILIPKUMAR

Producer-Director: M. I. DHARAMSEY Music: ANIL BISWAS

3RD COMBINED WEEK

SUPER 3-15, 6-15 & 9-15 Sun. Holi. 12 Noon Booking 9-30 to 11-30 & 5 to 7

KISMET 4, 6-45 & 9-30 Sat. Sun. 1 p.m. Booking 3 to 8 p.m.

BROADWAY 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m. Sat. Sun. 1 p.m. Booking 4 to 6 p.m

An Evergreen Release.

YOU CAN'T TAKE IT WITH YOU!

RATAN PICTURES' UNUSUAL MUSICOMEDY

Char Din

That's What OMPRAKASH says to SURAIYA & SHYAM

(Direction: M. SADIQ)

7TH Combined Week at ROXY

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. & Holi. 12-30. (Adv. Bkgs. 9-30 to 12, & 4 to 6.)

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COMPLICATIONS in the lives of the very very rich!

NARGIS, DILIP KUMAR, V. H. DESAI, CUCKOO & RAJ KAPOOR in MEHBOOB epoch-making creation with MUSIC BY NAUSHAD

'ANDAZ'

A JAYSINH Release

12TH WEEK

at "THE SHOW PLACE OF THE NATION" LIBERTY

3-0, 6-15, 9-30 Plans open 10 to 8-30

AURORA

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

No adventure so exiciting on all the Seven Seas!

"THE SEA HAWK"

ERROL FLYNN, CLAUDE RAINS

Tomorrow Morning at 10-30 A.M. Eddie Cantor in "ROMAN SCANDALS"

PALACE

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M. The Most Breath-Taking of All the "Tarzan" Adventures!

"TARZAN THE APE MAN"

JONNY WEISSMULLER, MAUREEN O'SULLIVAN

Tomorrow Morning at 10-30 A.M. SABU in "BLACK NARCISSUS"

DHANWANTHARY VAIDYASALA

H O THODUPUZHA (TRAVANCORE)

BRANCH: 57, THAMBU CHETTY STREET, MADRAS AND OTHER BRANCHES:—

BRANCHES: ALLEPPEY, ALWAYE, ATTINGAL, COCHIN, CALICUT, CHANGANACHERRY, EDAPPALLY, ERNAKULAM, ERATTUPETTA, KAYAMKULAM, KANJAKOTTAYAM, KOTTARAKARA, KOTHAMANGALAM, KOOTHATTUKULAM, MAVELIKARA, MUNDAKAYAM, MUVATTUPUZHA, NAGARCOIL, NEYYATTINKARA, PALAI, PARUR, PERUMBAVOOR, PIRVOM, PONKUNNAM, POONJAR, PANDALAM, PUNALOOR, QUILON, SHERTALAI, THAKKALA, TIRUVALLA, TRICHUR, TRIPUNITHURA, TRIVANDRUM, VAIKOM, AND VAZHAKULAM

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An Excellent Body builder and Nervine Tonic Cures Lung and Heart Disease in Short. Use of this Chavanaprasa will rejuvenate the entire system

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WRITE FOR FREE CATALOGUE IN ENGLISH OR MALAYALAM

DHANWANTHARY VAIDYASALA

H.O. THODUPUZHA, (TRAVANCORE STATE)

Capt. Amarnath Tears Up Charges Against Him

"DE MELLO DELIBERATELY HID STORY BEHIND GIFT"

TODAY we publish the third part of the former Indian Test Captain, Lala Amarnath's statement, which concludes his reply to the charges brought against him by the Board of Control for Cricket in India.

The first two parts of Amarnath's statement had appeared in our issues of Thursday and Friday.

MR. DE MELLO'S CHARGE NO. 14

Your visit to Ahmedabad after the Second Test Match where (though severely injured and unfit for play) you played in a match out of which, it is alleged, you derived monetary gain.

CAPTAIN AMARNATH'S REPLY

Yes, I visited Ahmedabad and played a match there, but the allegation that I "derived monetary gain" from the match, is utterly untrue.

For proof I can do no better than to quote the following answer of the Gujerat Cricket Association on the subject, in an A.P.I. statement, dated Ahmedabad May 7 two days after Mr. de Mello's much publicised Press Conference in Bombay.

"AHMEDABAD, May 7: Mr. Nansha Thakore, Jt. Secretary of the Gujerat Cricket Association said today, that there was no truth in the statement that Amarnath had derived "monetary gain" by playing a match at Ahmedabad after the Second Test.

"A statement to this effect was made in the charges against Amarnath released to the Press by Mr. A. S. de Mello, President of the Cricket Control Board, on Thursday."

The above statement fully answers Mr. de Mello's charge. But the strangest part of this charge, specially as my honour was involved in it, is that Mr. de Mello thought fit to bring such a grave charge on the strength of a mere allegation (by Mr. de Mello's own admission), since Mr. de Mello says: "It is alleged, you derived monetary gain." Further, there was my letter of January 14, in which I told Mr. de Mello that the allegation of my receiving any money at Ahmedabad was an absolute falsehood. You will also notice that Mr. de Mello has denied having received my letter of 14th January, 1949.

Having pointed out the strange and curious facts of the charge, let me tell you once again, as I said in reply to Charge No. 8, that I was fit, according to medical opinion and myself, for the Second Test, when I fielded for two days and part of the third and batted for about four hours on the last day to score 59 Not Out, when we successfully played for a gallant draw under adverse circumstances.

In further support of that I may point out that I scored 102 N. O. and 58 in the two innings of the Ahmedabad match, which spoke of my fitness, even if Mr. de Mello must insist: "you were definitely unfit to play in the Second Test Match."

MR. de MELLO'S CHARGE NO. 15.

Your late arrival once again at Calcutta depriving our team of organized net practice.

CAPTAIN AMARNATH'S REPLY.

Yet, it is true that I arrived at Calcutta only 24 hours before the Third Test Match. The delay was unforeseen and I could not avoid it. As I have already said I was very much away from my family, being constantly on the move owing to the demands of cricket, I had therefore planned, for once, to bring my wife, who was now much better, and my children down to Calcutta for the Third Test Match.

On my way to Calcutta, I was to have been joined by my family at Kanpur. On arrival at Kanpur, however, I found that by family could not leave till the next day. As there was none else, except my aged father-in-law to escort my family the next day, much as I regretted the delay, I was compelled to stay back. From Kanpur however, I sent a message to the Hony. Secretary, Cricket Association of Bengal, advising him of my unforeseen delay in arrival and requesting him to arrange for nets for the Test team on the 29th and 30th December. On arrival I checked up that the team had net practice on the 29th and I was present at the nets on the 30th and say to it that everything was in order.

MR. de MELLO'S CHARGE NO. 16.

Your accepting a large purse in Calcutta without intimating to and permission of the Board. Mr. P. Gupta, in reply to my enquiry at the Board meeting stated that a sum of Rs. 5000/- was paid to you in Calcutta (Please see letter from Mr. P. K. Mukkherjee attached hereto). I had informed Mr. P. Sen (our wicket-keeper) during the First Test Match that it was being universaly stated that Calcutta had "bought" his inclusion in all Tests.

CAPTAIN AMARNATH'S REPLY.

Yes, I received a purse of Rs. 5000/-, sponsored by Mr. A. N. Ghose, Hony. Secretary, Cricket Association of Bengal, at an informal function in Calcutta.

By the curious phrasing of this charge, with all its innuendos and insinuations, Mr. de Mello has created the imprresrsion in the public mind that I committed a heinous crime by secretly accepting money out of cricket in an unauthorised manner. Otherwise I fail to understand why not one word was said by Mr. de Mello about the true background of this presentation while phrasing this charge. In a moment I shall give you facts, from which you will see if Mr. de Mello had known of the true background of the presentation all the time or not. In fact Mr. de Mello, had himself tried to raise a purse for me, but failed

All that I can say is that this omission on the part of Mr. de Mello has damaged me considerably. Had Mr. de Mello desired to hold me up for a technical fault only of accepting a purse, "without intimation to and permission of the Board" (assuming, for the sake of argument, that such permission is necessary), Mr. de Mello need not have indulged in innuendos and insinuations, by dragging in the letter from Mr. P. K. Mookerjee, which speaks of purging "all unclean and underhand methods", and Mr. P. Sen's Test inclusion, which "Calcutta had bought".

BOARD'S PERMISSION NECESSARY?

But before I give the facts about the true background of the presentation which, for reasons best known to Mr. de Mello, appear to have been suppressed, I deny the implied charge that there is anything in the rules of the Board by which anyone receiving a purse has to give prior intimation to, and/or obtain prior permission, of the Board. I challenge anyone to cite any such rule. On the other hand there are precedents when Indian players received purses in the past without any intimation to and permission of the Board. I shall cite these instances, if required, but at the moment, valuing the sentiments of my cricketing friends, I shall not drag in their names as the receips of purses has been given such an unnecessarily "criminal" touch about it by Mr. de Mello's charge.

Mr. de Melo also appears to have shifted his ground somewhat later on, in the Press Conference in Bombay, when he is reported to have stated that the purse was not permissible "according to the canons of the Indian Board or to International practice".

The high sounding "canons of the Indian Board", so characteristic of Mr. de Mello's pompous phraseology, (such as "bonus" when Mr. de Mello means "smoke-money", "out-of-pocket expenses"), does not seem to carry Mr. de Mello anywhere. As I have already said I am in a position to cite instances when the "canons of the Indian Board", if there are any, as Mr. de Mello claims, had been violated

And, as for International practice, I humbly claim to know something also about it, having played for and captained India from 1933 onwards and in various lands. There is no such International practice that is uniform, and I can prove this, if required, with examples from England and Australia.

And, now, gentlemen, I shall turn to the facts about the true background of the presentation of the purse which somehow has been suppressed, with what motive I shall not care to suggest

WHEN I CANCELLED PROFFESSIONAL LEAGUE CONTRACT

In 1947, you may remember that I had intended to play in the Lancashire League as a professional. You may also remember that there were very good prospects of my qualifying for Sussex County C. C. to play as a professional on very good terms. Of these I have documentary proof. On the other hand there was the Indian tour of Australia in 1947-48 on which, if selected, I could not go, if I desired to fulfil my commitments and prospects in England.

This difficult position troubled me considerably. Cricket was my main prop and the acceptance of the English contracts would establish me financially, of which I was in dire need, especially as the little property I had in Lahore was threatened owing to the then impending partition of India. At the same time my overwhelming desire was to play for India, if at all I could.

Many lovers of Indian cricket, among my friends, however, advised me to remain in India. Somewhat undecided I spoke to Mr. P. Gupta and placed all the facts before him. Mr. Gupta was then the Hony. Secretary of the Board and he assured me he would find out if there could be any ways and means by which I could be reimbursed partially for the loss that was to be sustained by me owing to the cancellation of the Lancashire contract and my inability to qualify for Sussex County as a professional.

PULBIC AND BOARD APPEALS ON MY BEHALF

Mr. P. Gupta, thereafter, I understand, spoke to Mr. de Mello in Bombay on the subject, sometime early in 1947, and Mr. de Mello caused a public appeal over his own signature to be issued in the Press through Mr. Homi Taleyarkhan, then Public Relations Officer of the Board.

The appeal which was on March 1947, was as follows:

On the eve of the selection of the Indian team for the tour in Australia, the Board of Control is greatly concerned about the future of one of India's star allrounders, L. Amarnath, now under contract with a well-known Lancashire League Cricket Club and who is due to sail for England very shortly in order to fulfil it. The Board is fully conscious of the danger of losing Amarnath for the forthcoming tour of the Indian team in Australia if he decides to proceed to England where by staying another six months after the completion of his contract, he would qualify to play for the county of Sussex by virtue of a year's stay in that country. This would mean that he would miss the tour in Australia altogether.

"Naturally anxious to retain him for service to India against what will be the most formidable opposition that India will confront in the history of her cricket, the Board has decided to make an endeavour to find an alternative which would keep Amarnath in India for India. Appreciating what the cancellation of his trip to England would mean to Amarnath financially, the President of the Board, Mr. A. S. de Mello has decidred to issue an appeal to the Maharaja of Patiala, to all cricket lovers and sportsmen generally in the country to donate generously to a fund that the President proposes to start with a view to reimbursing Amarnath for the loss he will sustain by the sacrifice he is called upon to make in the interests of his country. The urgency of this appeal can be well appreciated by the fact that Amarnath has to make up his mind very soon and unless the response is immediately forthcoming, India will have to do without her greatest alrounder at a time when he will be most needed for Amarnath living as he does on his cricket, has to think of his future when considering the rejection of such a lucrative offer."

"All contributions may be sent to Mr. Homi J. H. Taleyarkhan, Public Relations Officer of the Board, Ahmed Manzil, Warden Road, Bombay. Receipts will be promptly acknowledged and the names of the contributors together with the amounts donated by them towards tht Fund will be announced in the Press from time to time."

On March 17, 1947, at Delhi at a Board meeting presided over by Mr. de Mello, and in which I, as representative of the Southern Punjab was present, the Board decided to try to help reimburse me partially for the cancellation of the Lancashire League contract through an appeal for me, taking into account that Mr. de Mello himself had received assurances from two Associations at least, to the effect that they would be able to realise between themselves Rs. 20,000. A similar appeal was also proposed for Mr. Vinoo Mankad if Mr. Mankad was agreeable. Mr. de Mello himself stated, if necessary, a sum of Rs. 5,000 would be paid to me from the Board funds.

I quote the relevant Board minutes here:—

"Minute 14, sub-clause (ii)—Appeal for Mr. Amarnath: The Hony. Secretary reported that when he heard that Captain Amarnath would shortly leave for England to play in the Lancashire League, and then to qualify for Sussex, he felt that by so doing Captain Amarnath might not be available to play for India in Australia. He understood that if reasonable reimbursement be made to Amarnath he might consider the question of cancelling his Lancashire League engagement. With this object in view he approached the President of the Board and the President stated that he had receiced assurance from two Associations at least to the effect that they would be able to realise between themselves Rs. 20,000. He thereafter issued the appeal. A discussion followed and in the discussion the point was raised as to whether other players who similarly cancelled their English League contracts would be reimbursed. The meeting whole-heartedly associated itself with the appeal issued by the President and agreed that if Vinoo Mankad who was the other cricketer similarly placed, was agreeable to accept reimbursement another appeal would also be issued on his behalf."

At the time I decided to forego the 'concrete' financial benefit from my English contracts, I was only given an asurance of help in India. That I decided to do so was for my love for my country and for the good gesture of the Board, irrespective of the actual outcome of the appeal on my behalf.

De Mello's Letters To H. H. Patiala And B. C. Roy

You may not know, that the assurance of raising Rs. 20,000 for me was given to Mr. de Mello, by Mr. D. P. Thanawalla, then Hony. Secretary of the Bombay Cricket Association, and also then Hony. Treasurer of the Board, and by Mr. A. N. Ghose, Hony. Secretary of the Cricket Association of Bengal.

When in October 1947, I left for Australia with the Indian team, I had not been appraised by the Board of the outcome of that appeal.

You may be also aware of the fact that Mr. de Mello was negotiating for the holding of a cricket match in early March, 1948, between the Indian team then about to return from Australia and the Rest, under the auspices of the All-India Industrial Exhibition on the Eden Gardens, Calcutta. It is also a fact that at that time Mr. de Mello himself suggested that on the occasion of the proposed match, H. H. The Maharaja of Patiala, H. E. The Governor of West Bengal, Dr. B. C. Roy (Premier of West Bengal) and Mr. de Mello would make a broadcast appeal for raising funds for Mr. Vinoo Mankad and myself. To refresh Mr. de Mello's memory I am reproducing the following which is now public property.

"Letter dated 20th January, 1948, from Mr. A. S. de Mello, President, to the Hon'ble Dr. B. C. Roy, Premier, West Bengal."

My dear Doctor Roy,

Please forgive my presumption—I had awaited your wishes about my being able to have a few minutes with you before you return to Calcutta but Dhiren De kept me waiting. As a matter of fact I hurried back from Gwalior to meet you on Saturday forenoon but Dhiren did not turn up.

This letter has only just arrived from His Highness the Maharaja of Patiala and I am sending it on to you at once to enquire about your wishes.

May I make a few enquiries?

1. What are the dates of your grand Exhibition?

2. When and where you want the match to be played?

3. How you wish the nett gate receipts to be allocated?

And may I also make a few comments:—

i. In pursuance of your wishes I shall be happy to arrange for the match and even arrange for our team from Australia to get back to Calcutta by air.

ii. I was given to understand that His Highness the Maharaja of Patiala desires that we should give a percentage of the gate towards the "Olympic Fund."

iii. I was given to understand he would put up his team.

iv. With regard to (ii) above, I would like the entire nett proceeds to be at your disposal to be distributed in the manner you consider best.

v. With regard to (iii) above, I feel that the team to oppose our Australia team should be captained and selected by V. M. Merchant.

And last of all but most important in my list of priorities I desire that we should have a "benefit" for both Amarnath and Vinoo Mankad with a target of Rs. 30,000/- and Rs. 20,000/- respectively, to be collected for them. My object in doing this is to have them available for coaching and advice to cricket in India.

The best method of collecting this would, I submit, by His Excellency the Governor of West Bengal, by the Premier, West Bengal (yourself) and the President, Board of Control for Cricket in India (myself) kindly broadcasting an appeal to the large crowd on the first day of the match With collectors going round thereafter I am sure of the "benefit fund" being oversubscribed. This of course will have nothing to do with the gate proceeds.

I shall be grateful, Dr. Roy, if you will please advise me if you are due in New Delhi shortly when perhaps we could discuss matters more fully. After we have made our decisions I shall go on to Bombay and speak to Vijay Merchant. With personal regards."

(Sd.) A. S. de Mello

"Letter dated 20th January, 1948, from Mr. A. S. de Mello President, to Lt. General His Highness the Maharajdhiraj of Patiala."

Your Highness,

Very many thanks for your letter and your telegram which arrived today. Re. the Cricket Match at Calcutta, may I give you my views?

1. The match will be—
INDIA IN AUSTRALIA XI vs. H. H. THE MAHARAJDHIRAJ OF PATIALA'S XI.

2. The team will be Captained and selected by you.

3. The expenses of both teams will be paid by the Exhibition Fund and the nett proceeds of the match will be given to the Premier of West Bengal, Dr. B. C. Roy. He will make the distribution including a percentage to the I.O.A.

4. During the 1st day of the match an appeal to the crowd will be broadcast by.....

H. E. The Governor of west Bengal.
The Premier of West Bengal,
Your Highness and
Myself.

For a benefit fund for (1) Amarnath and (2) Vinoo Mankad—amounting to Rs. 30,000/- and Rs. 20,000/- respectively.

As the Exhibition is due to open on 8th February it would be impossible to have a Cricket match if our team were to leave by steamer as the tour only ends on 27th February. It will, therefore, be necessary to get the team back by air. I have to-day written to Pankaj Gupta and have asked for a cable reply.

I would if I may make the following suggestions for your team—

1. H. H. The Maharaja of Patiala —Captain.
2. Mr. Vijay Merchant.
3. Mr. Rusi Modi.
4. Mr. Mushtaq Ali.
5. Mr. Irani (Wicketkeeper) from Australia.
6. Mr. Rai Singh from Australia.
7. Mr. Sohoni from Australia.
8. Mr. M. S. Ranvirsingji from Australia.
9. Mr. Amir Elahi from Australia.
10. Mr. M. R. Rege (Poona.)
11. Mr. Ghulam Ahmed (Hyderabad)
12. Mr. K. C. Ibrahim.

I would like to visit Patiala to meet Your Highness and discuss a lot of matters relating to cricket and the Olympics.

May I arrive for lunch on Saturday and leave early on Sunday morning? Best regard."

(Sd.) A. S. de Mello

This proposed match also fell through and on my return from Australia I found my property in Lahore had, for all practical purposes been lost. I therefore reminded Mr. Thanawalla of Bombay and Mr. Ghose about their assurances. Mr. Thanawalla, meanwhile had gone out of the Bombay Cricket Association, and did not reply to me, but Mr. Ghose promised to do his best.

During the First Test Match against the West Indies in Delhi in November, Mr. Ghose told me that he the cause of Indian cricket. In fact, though the sum of Rs. 5,000 was short of the target, I was embarrassed by the apologetic tone of Mr. Mukherjee and I said so.

This, gentlemen, is the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth. Yet, for reasons best known to Mr. de Mello, the background of the presentation of the purse was suppressed, and I was made to appear as a low, money-grabbing, criminal before the public.

WHY DE MELLO RELIED ON ONE P. K. MOOKHERJEE'S LETTER

For motives which Mr. de Mello alone can explain, he has tried to make capital out of the contents of a letter from one Mr. P. K. Mookherjee of Calcutta, containing malicious and grossly defamatory statements and has given it nation-wide publicity. Who this Mr. P. K. Mookherjee is, I do not know and how Mr. de Mello could come to give his (Mr. P. K. Mookherjee's) word so much credence is beyond me. And what, after all, does this Mr. P. K. Mookherjee want to say? Let me examine his letter for whatever it is worth. I am not quoting Mr. P. K. Mookherjee's letter in full as, in my humble opinion, the letter is so libellous that its publication is certain to lead both me and the Press into legal trouble, should any one think of taking any legal action.

According to this Mr. P. K. Mookherjee, he had heard that a certain big sum was being secretly raised and in a hurry for payment, not only to me, but to other members of the Selection Committee except Mr. V. M. Merchant and Mr. H. N. Contractor. In other words, the money was being raised for Mr. P. E. Palia, and Mr. M. Dutta Roy, the other two Selectors, and myself, as, unless the money was paid to us, Mr. P. Sen's name would not be proposed for the Fourth Test team at Madras!

It is perhaps alright for Mr. de Mello to condemn me in every possible way he can think of. But do you think, gentlemen it was proper of Mr. de Mello to give credence to such vile allegations as those of Mr. P. K. Mookherjee, and that, too, based on hearsay, to the extent of giving it nation-wide publicity in respect of Mr. Palia and Mr. Dutta-Roy? Also, as you have seen already, that Mr. de Mello thinks nothing of instituting a charge-sheet on the flimsiest allegations from any quarter, how is it that Mr. de Mello has not drawn up a charge-sheet against Mr. Dutta-Roy and Mr. Palia?

P. K. MOOKHERJEE HAD HEARD A STORY

This Mr. P. K. Mookherjee says he thought there was something "fishy" about the collection of the purse. That was in December, 1948, and in early January, 1949, during the Third Test Match, Mr. de Mello was in Calcutta at the time, but this Mr. P. K. Mookherjee did not tell him anything about it then, nor did he write to Mr. de Mello in the next three months. How is it that Mr. P. K. Mookherjee's conscience did not prick him till April 12, 1949?

Apropos of the exhibit of Mr. P. K. Mookherjee's letter it is impossible to reconcile many statements Mr. de Mello has made and has been reported to have made. Mr. de Mello has dangled this Mr. P. K. Mookherjee's letter before the public as proof of Mr. Sen's buying a place, and my being a party to it, along with two other Selectors. But Mr. P. K. Mookherjee's letter dated April 12 reached Mr. de Mello in the middle of April, after the Board meeting on the 10. And Mr. de Mello by his own admission, had, however, insinuated that Calcutta had bought a place for Mr. Sen, during the Fifth Test, i.e., before the 10th February!

Finally, the Bombay representative of "The Hindu" of Madras, which is well-known for its sobriety and exactitude, has to say 'inter alia' the following:

"Bombay May 5: "Earlier he (Mr. de Mello) was undecided whether to bring the incident to the notice of the Board. But two days before the meeting commenced he received a report from Bengal about the purse presented to Amarnath privately."

When did Mr. de Mello come to know about the purse? On the 8th January, when Mr. de Mello wrote to me, in February when Mr. de Mello spoke to Mr. Sen, two days before the Board meeting on April 10th (as Mr. de Mello told "The Hindu"), or through Mr. P. K. Mookherjee's letter dated April 12th? Some of you have now, really to request Mr. de Mello to make up his mind!

SEN'S TEST PLAEC AND SELECTORS' "CONSPRACY"

Indeed, you will see that the connection between Mr. Sen's place in the Test Team with my purse is rather sinister. How could Calcutta have "bought" a place for Mr. Sen in all Tests by the gift of a purse to me? I was, after all, only one selector in a committee of five.

Is that why Mr. de Mello had to exploit one Mr. P. K. Mookherjee's letter in which Mr. P. K. Mookherjee said he had heard Calcutta was paying not only to me, but to Mr. Palia and Mr. Dutta-Roy? The very idea is preposterous but that seems to be the only inference.

Surely before condemning me publicly in the manner Mr. de Mello has thought fit to condemn me what would any other gentleman have done under the circumstances? Would it not have been his obvious duty, in all conscience, to make necessary enquiries from reliable sources in Calcutta, such as the President of the C. A. B., Mr. J. C. Mookherjee, the Hony. Secretary, Mr. A. N. Ghose, or even his friend Mr. Pankaj Gupta? But for reasons best known to Mr. de Mello, he chose to rely on one Mr. P. K. Mookherjee!

Mr. de Mello can hardly take shelter behind the statement that he asked Mr. Pankaj Gupta about the purse in the Board meeting on April 10 For Mr. de Mello cannot deny that without mentioning a word to me about the purse at Ahmedabad, he (Mr. de Mello) had enquired, in the fist week of January, from the Gujerat Cricket Association if they had given me any money. How is it that Mr. de Mello did not make similar enquiries from the official body in Bengal?

WHY DE MELLO DID NOT ENQUIRE FROM OFFICIAL SOURCES

Talking about Mr. P. Sen, Mr. de Mello conveniently forgets that in his letter to H. H. Patiala dated 20th January, 1948, he apparently included Mr. P. Sen on the "Indian" side as as the first wicketkeeper. Mr. de Mello should be reminded of the fact that he (Mr. de Mello) offered unwanted advice to Mr. Dutta-Roy and myself in Bombay, that if the "Bombay Selectors" tried to put in Mr. Mantri in place of Mr. Sen, "you (i.e. Mr. Dutta-Roy and myself) should walk out of the meeting". Mr. de Mello tried to impress upon Mr. Dutta-Roy and me that in the absence of Mr. Sen, Maharaj Kumar Balendu Shah was the "obvious choice". Mr. de Mello should be able to recall that he even tried for M. K. Balendu, Shah's inclusion in the India team to Australia, and recommended him for inclusion in many matches all over India, and played him in the Mahatma Gandhi Memorial Fund Match at Bombay.

But, then, Mr. de Mello is a conscientious and honest man, who detests the buying and selling of Test players. Mr. de Mello relies on rumours which become "universal" the moment he hears them. Mr. de Mello chooses to rely on the evidence of one Mr. P. K. Mookerjee and has no time to make enquiries from the President of a member association, of Mr. J. C. Mukerjea's standing which any ordinary gentleman would have done.

MR. DE MELLO'S CHARGE NO. 17.

Your disregard of the Board by not replying to the undernoted letter from me dated the 8th January, 1949 and delivered to you through the Military Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Patiala.

"Dear Capt. Amarnath.

It has been reported to me that you were not in Calcutta on the date required viz., Wednesday, 29th December, 1948. Net practice was therefore once again not organized by you before the Test.

Notice for the Fourth Test has already been sent out by the Hony. Secretary and you and the Team have been requested to arrive in Madras by the 24th January. Will you kindly arrange to arrive there as required and get your team together for practice at least two days before the match.

It has also been reported to me by the public of Ahmedabad and of Calcutta that you were given a purse by both these centres. Will you please inform if this is correct and what the purse from each is and by whom they are being given to you.

I shall appreciate an early reply and I am therefore sending this through the Military Secretary to H. H. The Maharajdhiraj of Patiala."

(Sd.) A. S de Mello

CAPTAIN AMARNATH'S REPLY

It is absolutely untrue that I disregarded the Board by not replying to Mr. de Mello's letter of the 8th January.

I did reply to Mr. de Mello's letter of the 8th January, on the 14th January, as follows, a copy of which I sent once again with my letter dated Patiala, 7th April. For reasons of which I am not aware Mr. de Mello has denied having received the enclosure along with my above letter of 7th April, which, Mr. de Mello states was received by him on the 11th April I am, therefore, giving here a copy of the "missing" letter.

Patiala, 14th January, 1949.

Dear Mr. de Mello,

I am sorry for the slight delay in replying to your letter of 8th January, as I have been very busy.

Yes, I could not reach Calcutta on the 29th You know I was to pick up my family from Kanpur station, but on the 28th they could not leave with me. So I was forced to leave on 29th. But I informed Ghose to see net practice arrangements were O.K. for my team on 29th. I was present for net practice on the 30th. Anyway I am sorry for unavoidable delay. Certainly in Madras I shall have team practice two days.

I don't know who told you I got money in Ahmedabad. He must be a damn liar. Bengal did give me Rs. 5,000/- as present—they said they could not raise Rs. 10,000/- as they promised. Mrs. Mukerjea gave it to my wife suddenly at a private party, after Calcutta Test. I did not know anything they were going to give it. You are so chummy with Bombay now, but Thana is not there. Can't you help me with balance, promised by Bombay such a long time?

But some people told me you want to finish me. I don't believe it but they say there is proof. They say I annoyed you so you will treat me like Merchant and Mustaq vindictively I have nothing to say more. Kind regards.

Amarnath L. Captain 14/1

You will see that it is a great misfortune for me that this particular letter of mine was not received by Mr de Mello, as he says, for if this letter had not been "missing" the charge of my receiving money secretly in Calcutta would have lost much of its sting and I might have been adjudged a lesser criminal by the public. The allegation of my receiving money in Ahmedabad had also been answered by me in that letter. Under the circumstances this "missing" letter, you will see has affected me considerably. Mr de Mello also never told me during the Fifth Test in Bombay, that this letter had been "missing". That was highly regrettable.

MR. DE MELLO'S CHARGE NO. 18.

Your not even seeing me in the matter of the above stated letter when.

(Continued on Page 11)

THE RS. 5,000 INCIDENT

Answering charge (No. 16) regarding accepting a sum of Rs. 5,000/- at Calcutta without the permission of the Board, Amarnath accuses De Mello of deliberately hiding the true background and insinuating that the sum was for "unclean and underhand methods" for the inclusion of Sen in all the five Tests.

In order to reimburse Amarnath for the considerable loss that he would obviously have to face if he turned down the Lancashire League offer, the Board had made a special request to the various Associations to contribute generously. Bengal was one of those who had promised to do their bit. De Mello, according to Amarnath, tried and failed to raise any funds for him. Bengal fulfilled in part their promise when the sum in question was raised for Amarnath and presented to him.

As regards accepting the sum without the Board's permission, Amarnath shows his readiness to cite instances from English and Australian cricket, when such sums have been accepted by players without bringing up any serious charges against themselves.

Lucknow Interview Never Given

Denying categorically that he ever gave any interview to the "National Herald", as alleged by the Board in which he is supposed to have criticised De Mello, the Selection Committee and the Board with intrigues against him, Amarnath states in his reply to the charge that he possesses conclusive documentary evidence to show that no interview could possibly have been given for publication.

HOW WHEN AND WAY THE PURSE WAS PRESENTED

would not perhaps be able to raise the promised sum (his quota of Rs. 10,000/-) in entirety, but now that I had become Captain again, he would try and do his bit during the Third Test Match in Calcutta and that he had already started collecting in a small way.

I heard nothing more about it and the Third Test Match was also over when I thought that the "appeal" had gone astray once again. During my stay in Calcutta I made no mention of it to Mr. Ghose, or anybody else, as I also had some sense of dignity. The day before I was due to leave Calcutta however, my wife and I received a telephone invitation to a tea-party at the residence of Mr. J. C. Mukerjee, President of the C.A.B. I had gone to similar parties at Mr. Mukerjee's residence on many occasions before, and had no reasons to believe it was anything more than another such party. Mr. Mukerjee on the previous day, I was informed, had thrown a similar party to the West Indies cricketers.

On arival I found an informal social (but not secret by any means) party where a few select ladies and gentlemen were present, some of whom I did not even know. I was taken by surprise when Mr. Mukerjee suddenly got up and started apologising for not having fulfilled a long standing commitment to me and said that since in spite of the best efforts, the target of Rs. 10,000/- could not be reached, but only Rs. 5000/- had been collected for a fund for me sponsored by Mr. Ghose, Hony. Secretary of the C A. B. they had decided to make the "surprise" presentation at an informal meeting.

Thereupon, Mrs. Mukherjee, wife of the C.A.B President, presented the purse to my wife, Mr. Mukherjee making a joke at my expense by saying: "You see, we don't trust you so my wife is putting it in safe custody."

Everyone laughed and I must say that my feeling was one of gratitude as at least some people had cared to remember me and my sacrifice for

FOR OTHER SPORTS NEWS Please See Page 8

The Bombay Chronicle

Non-violence cannot be taught to a person who fears to die and has no power of resistance.

—MAHATMA GANDHI

ECONOMY MEASURES

The civil expenditure of the Government of India mounted up so fast—during and even after the war—it rose from Rs. 24 crores in 1938-39 to Rs. 90 crores in 1945-46 and to Rs. 144 crores in 1948-49—that the present Government was compelled to appoint an Economy Committee to suggest ways and means of economising. The Committee has accordingly made a number of detailed suggestions capable of saving about Rs. 3.6 crores on establishments and Rs. 2.5 crores on other items in a civil expenditure budget of Rs. 144 crores. The Committee has also recommended postponement of certain schemes involving a non-recurring expenditure of nearly Rs. 15 crores and an annual recurring expenditure of Rs. 1.6 crores. If all these suggestions are given effect to, the saving will come to about 5 per cent of the annual expenditure. That is not much but it will at least check the reckless extravagance of the present regime.

The Committee recognises, as does the public, that since the partition and its aftermath the Government has to face unprecedented conditions in rehabilitating millions of refugees and meeting a huge food deficit. But abnormal and urgent as these problems are, the expenditure thereon can and must be curbed. Rather late in the day are some earnest efforts being made better to utilise the heavy cost of food imports in growing more food in the country. Attempts are also made to reduce the doles given to the refugees and to enable them to earn their bread. Economy is also easily possible in a number of other items of heavy expenditure. Notable among these are establishment charges. The Committee confirms the suspicions of many that there has been a "phenomenal increase" in Government establishments and that in many cases officers have received "fantastic" rises in salary. It has suggested but slight reductions in the number of Additional Secretaries, Joint Secretaries, Deputy Secretaries, Under-Secretaries, Superintendents and Assistants-in-Charge. This costly luxury of superfluous superintending staff at the top naturally tends to be copied in the provinces. The retrenchment suggested by the Committee seems to us to be on an irreducible minimum scale. The Committee seems to fear that even after its recommendations are carried out it will be necessary for a suitable body to see whether officers at all levels are fully discharging the functions expected of them or whether their action is such as to lead to "mere pushing of files and general increase in work". In any case there should be a supervisory organisation to enforce the rules of procedure and improve the working of the Secretariat.

Another useful suggestion of the Committee is that Government should go rather slow with its schemes of industrial development involving Government expenditure and also with its schemes of cultural contact with other countries. Government itself will readily accept the recommendations that no new mission should be established in any foreign country for the next three years except in compelling circumstances and that posts of cultural relations officers should be abolished. As regards industrial development, the Committee realises its need under private enterprise but suggests that no new industry should be started as State enterprise until it is proved by experience that industrial enterprises proposed to be started by Government at an estimated cost of Rs. 145 crores are found to be successful. Of course, there can be no objection to Government's financial aid in suitable forms to private industrial enterprise when that aid is necessary in national interests. Nor need it be supposed that such recommendations are means to suspend indefinitely Government's policy of nationalising selected industries. All that is suggested is that past commitments in this direction are already heavy and that in the present circumstances more cannot be immediately undertaken without exposing Government and the country to heavy financial risks.

Ray Of Hope?

After weeks of fruitless discussions in the Council of the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers, the East-West differences over Germany and even Berlin remain unresolved. A ray of hope, however, has appeared in what an American newsagency describes as "a dramatic last minute reversal of an earlier veto" by M. Andrei Vyshinsky. Negotiations had been going on in Berlin between the four Allied Military Commanders on problems relating to the full implementation of the lifting of the Berlin blockade. They had made no headway. And M. Andrei Vyshinsky in the Council of Foreign Ministers had virtually refused to take cognisance of that deadlock. On Thursday last, however, he agreed to instruct the Soviet Commander in Berlin to reach agreement with the Western Commanders by next Monday. Whether such agreement is reached is still to be seen. But if it is reached and the Berlin problem is solved even to some extent, the success will be welcomed as a hopeful promise. For, it may introduce into the main discussion the spirit of a desire for a friendly settlement. But that time is still far off and, because of past experiences, there is no knowing that progress may not take a sudden turn for the worse, with the whole thing ending in complete failure.

Meanwhile, Mr. Ernest Bevin has, in his speech on British Foreign policy at the Labour Party Conference, dropped a hint, which ought to excite keen interest. He held out little hope of the Council of Foreign Ministers making a success of the present efforts. And, of course, he denounced the Soviet Union for what he described as talking peace and preparing for war. He also suggested that he had almost finally given up all hope of agreeing on how "we (the East and the West) shall live". But if that agreement is not possible, "at least we shall agree to live together". He explained this in his "cryptic manner", by saying that "if there is a possibility of consultation in economic or other matters of common concern, if there is any way in which we can assist each other without involving our country in these principles, which we cannot really follow, then possibly something may emerge in an unwritten way even if we cannot agree on a written one". Mr. Ernest Bevin evidently means that the split is final and cannot be healed and that there is now no possibility of avoiding a complete division of the World between two camps and, in fact, "two worlds". But he also hints at the probability of a tacit understanding to live and let live, as it were. The finality of the division would be a big tragedy. But the tacit understanding, which obviously would involve the avoidance of war, would be welcomed as light, however dim and weak, by a world surrounded in gloom. For, who knows that, given the chance and the time, it may not ultimately dispel that gloom altogether by developing into the agreement that today is being given up as unattainable?

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

"He was a trusted colleague of ours and flourished and prospered under the shade of the sacred organisation, which we all serve. Today to our disappointment and regret, he has chosen a different path—a path, which is essentially wrong since it prompts him not to desist even from delivering cruel blows at the very root of the grand tree, which sheltered him along with us for so long."

—Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel on Sri Sarat Chandra Bose.

* * *

So desclares Pandit Onkarnath Thakur, the well-known musician: "I am prepared to give up my music career to fight the Bombay Government's decision to make Marathi the language of the Dangs."

The effective retort to this threat should come from Dr. M. R. Jayakar.

* * *

A Peshawar message says that according to reports reaching there, a serious clash between Afghan troops and Safi tribesmen occurred in the Kanar Valley of Eastern Afghanistan last week.

We await now a Kabul message that according to reports reaching there a serious clash occurred in the Tribal area between Pakistan troops and Such or Such tribesmen some days back.

* * *

Rangoon: The Burmese Socialist Party, which holds a majority in Parliament, today hailed Communist victories in China as "victories of the people."—PTI-Reuter.

Which now conclusively justified the case of Mr. L. Gammans and fellow-Tories that Britain should employ every means to support the Karens, who have just started negotiations with the Red Flag and White Flag Communist Parties of Burma.

* * *

Mr. D. D. Puri, President East African Indian Congress, complains that "the Immigration Control Ordinance, which seeks to restrict the entry of Asians into East Africa, is but a twin sister of the racial policy, which is being pursued by the South African Government".

Well, why not? Hasn't as much of Africa as possible to be made gradually but steadily safe for its inhabitants in Europe?

* * *

On June 8, the Council of "Big Four" Foreign Ministers, says a Paris report, discussed proposals designed to "complete" the lifting of the Berlin blockade.

With a view ultimately to designing to re-complete the Berlin blockade?

* * *

LAKE SUCCESS: India, Australia, France, Denmark, Guatemala and the Lebanon favoured "immediate recognition" by the U. N. Human Rights Commission of a proposal to give individuals throughout the world the right to invoke the convention on Human Rights by direct petition.

We are now interested in the list of those who opposed.

* * *

Caux-sur-Montreaux, June 7: Delegates from 10 Far Eastern and Pacific nations yesterday pledged themselves at the World Assembly for Moral Re-Armament here to "carry forward the fight to re-make the world through the superior ideology of moral change".

Hullo! Is it still performing?

Our London Letter

ARE JERUSALEM'S HOLY PLACES REALLY AUTHENTIC?

British Peer Raises Doubt

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, (By Mail).

Lord Amwell threw a bombshell in the House of Lords when in the course of a debate on the future of Jerusalem he cast a doubt on the validity of the Holy Places. When he declared that there was no certainty about the actual position of the tomb of Christ, Lord Strabolgi interposed sharply "have some respect for the feeling of those people who believed in them."

But undeterred by interruptions from the opposition the Socialist Peer Amwell continued to speak about the "myths". "I bivouaked for some place in Pottersfield", he continued, "near the Tree of Judas and I had the job of taking military parties over Palestine and I was struck by the fact that the Holy places were very doubtful indeed. In the year 70 Titus razed Jerusalem and the Holy Places went with the evacuees. They came back to where they thought the original places were, but it is indeed dobutful if they were so. Take the Tomb of Christ over which the Saracens and Crusaders fought for many years

Which is the tomb of Christ? There are three places where Christ is supposed to be buried. Take the Holy Sepulchre, which is covered by the most ugly mausolem ever erected. There are popular conceptions that that was the tomb of Christ. He did not know if the crib in the church at Bethlehem was the real manger"

Lord Amwell conceded that the feelings of people who believed that these were the holy places must be respected, but in the House of Lords the matter must be discussed objectively free from emotion.

No one could resolve the doubts of Lord Amwell and it was felt that a good deal of what he said might even be true. But the Peers did not want that the feelings of people should be outraged in such a manner. Holy Places were made holy by the people who believed in them" asserted Lord Strabolgi. That is true. Besides no useful purpose is served by arguing that century—old belief is a mere myth. Yet a person anxious to find facts is bound to discard beliefs for which there is no historical warrant But the debate in the House had nothing to do with the validity of the Holy Places. It was concerned entirely with the future of Jerusalem.

NEW DEAL FOR SCIENCE

The committee of eminent scientists, trade unionists and managers, which was recently appointed by the Labour Party Executive to advise it on the question of scientific research, has suggested a new deal for Science which will make Britain the "laboratory and pilot plant for the world".

One of the most important recommendation is that the Government should set up Social Science Research Council, along side the Medical and Agricultural Research Council. The new Research Council will give financial support on a more permanent and secure basis than at present to the science which deals with human relations—economics, psychology, sociology, anthropology and political science so that "they can take their place as full partners of the long established natural science. Trade balance and national standards of life depend on our proper application of technology. But the report cmplains that manufacturers rarely seek scientific advice. Apart from unawareness, they may be afraid of the impact of innovations upon their employees, fearing that labour-saving measures would provoke labour disputes. The report calls upon the Labour movement to give a lead to the whole country to overcome such prejudice on the part of either management or Labour. As an instrument for this, it is proposed that a Government Scientific Information Office, providing first class technical information for industrial research scientists, helping progressive management and penetrating backward sections of industry, should be set up. Social scientists will be attached to this Office and local extension services should be established in large industrial towns. Trade Unions it is suggested, should take large part in research associations.

CODE FOR SCIENTISTS

An interesting recommendation of the Committee is for the creation of a professional code by which scientists would be free to publish results of research done for a private firm unless there were the strongest reasons to the contrary, Another novel suggestion is that the Patent Office should publish periodical reports showing the trends and changes in scientific invention and pointing out where additional research would be of the greatest use to industry. Undoubtedly the recommendations merit the most careful consideration. Whether even some of them would be implemented will depend on the result of the General Election.

The authorities in India, who claim to be anxious to build up the prosperity and strength of India, can with advantage study the report and adopt the suggestion about the opening of a Social Science Research Coucil even before they have done here. Nowhere the need for an institution of this kind is greater than in India where the standards of life are deplorably low.

LABOUR UNREST

The wave of industrial disputes, sweeping over the country, though of limited proportions is causing wide anxiety. Most of these strikes are against the advice of Trade Union leaders. But this does not mean that the strikes are instigated by Communists. These strikes are largely due

(Continued on Pafe 11)

OUR READERS' VIEWS

The Metred Taxi And The Vanishing Trick

I was tickled to read Mr. Fonseca's letter in the "Bombay Chronicle" in defence of taxi-owners in the suburbs who have decided to non-co-operate rather than accept metred taxis. If the Bandra and other suburban municipalities had any guts, they would defeat these manoeuvres by running an efficient bus service. How long are we to submit to this kind of tyranny? I have been mulcted most unconscionably by taxi-drivers who have taken advantage of their unrestricted powers to charge as they pleased. From my knowledge of the skill in driving of these jehus, I doubt very much whether they will pass the stricter requirements of the Bombay traffic police. We shall soon know. But Mr. Fonseca's sympathy is directed to the wrong quarters. I would ask him to think of the poor long-suffering public which is caught between high charges and cabman's sulks.

—S. KHAITAN.

What Difference?

I find in the "Chronicle" leader a suggestion that popular ministries in the provinces are a good deal better than popular ministries in the States and States Unions. I have never read greater nonsense in my life. So far as I can see there is as much difference between them as there is between Tweedledum and Tweedledee. Let it be said to the credit of the much-maligned States ministries that they are not out to fashion other people in their own likeness. So long as a bejewelled raja sat his throne, no one questioned what was happening but the moment some of our own men rise to power, we are all anxious to find the relations that have got near to them and why. This kind of political gossip is narrated with ghoulish delight. After all, none of us can really afford to cast the first stone and a little charity will go a long way. I agree that there is more publicity around provincial ministries because the press thrives in the provinces not in the States. But why not be a little patient towards lapses from correct conduct on the part of our popular Ministers in the States?

—MIR ALI.

The Law Is An Ass

Some time back you published some photographs of tiffin-bearers distributing the left-over to Bombay beggars. It is surprising that nothing has happened to change things after this grave exposure. It might interest you to know that I was told by a responsible person that nothing could be done unless it was established that the beggars ate out of the utensils carried by the tiffin boys. Otherwise, action could only be taken if the food was considered uneatable. About this, there is a little controversy: Is left-over food uneatable or eminently eatable, since the bulk of it has been consumed. In other words, nothing can be done. To my mind the only remedy is to get the beggars taken off the streets. Can this not be done?

—D. NADKARNI.

Profit-Sharing

The new catchword in economics seems to be "profit-sharing". This open sesame is guaranteed to open all doors and let in the shekels in as great quantity as even Ali Baba's brother could carry off. Much is being said about the workers helping to make the profits which is very romantic indeed. If I am to start a business, nurse it through its teething period, bear the losses with patience and fortitude, and then struggle through to prosperity, can you or anyone tell me why, the moment my money begins to show returns, the worker is to be given a share? What has he done except to carry out instructions with more or less fidelity—rather less than more, if I may venture this crack. All this prattle about profit-sharing reminds me of the old verse about Communists.

What is a Communist? One who has yearnings
For equal division of unequal earnings;
Idler or bungler or both, he is willing
To put in his sixpence and take out your shilling.

Profit-sharing, indeed! Do those who write about it, understand one bit about the anxiety, the despair, the sleepless nights which Businessmen pass through before they attain success? Why should anyone who spends his waking and sleeping hours building up an industry, share his profit with the one who puts in an indifferent eight-hour day, sits clock-watching the whole time, takes every ounce of time off, strikes on the slightest pretext, and only asks "more, more"? Is this a sense of fair-play? I do not wonder that Capital is shy; it is far better to be employed.

—K. PESTONJI.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Afraid For Themselves

In the U.N. Human Rights Commission, which is trying to draft an International Covenant of the Rights of Man, India supported two proposals, which would ensure the right of any person to bring complaints before the United Nations. It is very unfortunate that the proposals failed. The main argument advanced against them was that U.N. machinery would be overloaded. It is plausible enough. But it ignores a very vital fact of the present. This crazy world is today cut up into different parts, democratic, autocratic, dictatorial and colonial imperialist. Every regime is not democratically responsible to people, who are governed under it. Tyranny prevails over large areas. Who and how should a people approach for redress of grievances against, and even rescue from a regime which, for instance, outlaws other organisations or indirectly renders them completely ineffective? And yet, it is the fundamental duty of the U.N. to protect those people? The only real explanation of the opposition, we are afraid is, what Mrs. Hansa Mehta suggested, namely, that "some are afraid for themselves". Which does not bring them out in any creditable light.

Call It Off Forthwith

The Municipal Kamgar Sangh has acted most unwisely in deciding to continue the sweepers' strike indefinitely. The Sangh is evidently misguided by certain leaders who, however well-meaning, have given them wrong advice. The strike has gone on for very nearly a month and the sanitary conditions in the city, though not quite satisfactory, are fairly normal and not likely to menace the city's health. The discomfort that may continue will be steadily reduced as more new men are recruited and more mechanical appliances are used. Moreover, the discomfort is only alienating the sympathies of the public from the strikers who have caused it by suddenly going on an unlawful strike in the midst of negotiations. How in these circumstances can the negotiations be resumed till the strike is called off? We are now told that the sweepers were not against adjudication. Why then did they strike when it was offered to them? True well-wishers of the strikers cannot give them better advice than to call off the strike forthwith. We fear that if the strikers fail to do that they will do themselves irreparable injury.

Communist Violence

Communist violence in Calcutta is becoming chronic, and whether it is in factories or jails, at election meetings and elsewhere, it is getting more aggressive and systematic. According to a West Bengal Government press note, 51 persons including 37 policemen were injured in a clash in the Presidency Jail on Wednesday between Communist Security prisoners and the jail staff and police. On Thursday there was another clash in the Alipore Central Jail between some political prisoners and the jail warders in which 17 warders and 12 prisoners were injured. It is possible that the prisoners in either case may feel that they have some grievances. But if for that reason they resorted to violent methods for redress, as they appeared to have done according to press reports, such methods must be firmly put down. Dr. B. C. Roy, the Premier, goes so far as to say that the Communist Party of India has issued directives to the Party members, wherever they be, "to create devastation and havoc and to keep up the tempo of violence." Party members, he proceeds to say, are particularly instructed "to create disturbance and and disorder inside jail and defy the authorities". Relevant parts of such evidence should be published. In any case where violence is attempted by any agitator it must be suppressed as quickly as possible. And if there is any conspiracy behind it, it of course calls for more elaborate measures.

Art Of Toy Making

The Government of the United Provinces proposes to send a delegation to Japan in order to study Japanese industries particularly toy making. The delegation is expected to leave for Tokyo in December next if the Government's proposal receives approval. Toy-making is a very old industry in this country. Although it is in a disorganised condition today, typical Indian toys reflect something of the genius and tradition of the country. In the present age it is necessary to study the actual requirements—artistic and educational—of childhood and at the same time to review the available old designs of toys and to evolve new ones to suit the needs of modern times. Equally important are the utilisation of new materials and the knowledge of the processes of manufacture in foreign countries. In the context of industrial development, toy making should be treated as an all-India and not merely a provincial concern. India has the resources which would make her self-contained with respect to this industry if it is reorganised on a sound basis. The manufacture of toys is one of the specific types of cottage-industries and should as far as possible, be developed as such in the interests of craftsmen. The Central and Provincial Governments should take particular care that this cottage-industry is not adversely affected by industrial enterprise—local or foreign.

Make It Worthy

There has been a move in East Africa to erect a memorial to Mahatma Gandhi. The form of the memorial is still under discussion. In this connection, "The Kenya Daily Mail" has published, in its issue of April 25, an interview which it had with Mr. Nanji Kalidas Mehta—the well known philanthropist of East Africa. Mr. Mehta has suggested, as a form of the memorial, a university which would provide higher education for all classes and races without any religious distinction. He seems to have taken a realistic view of the situation, because East Africa needs to provide facilities to children to receive education beyond the stage of London Matric and Senior Cambridge. The university, with which Mahatmaji's name may be associated, should not be of the current type. An educational institution, be it a school college or university, if it is designed to commemorate the epoch-making achievements of Mahatma Gandhi, should be based upon his educational ideals. It should, moreover, propagate his teachings. If East Africa selects university as a form of the memorial, the leaders of the movement should first decide what such a university should be like or how it should be made worthy of Gandhiji's name.

PROPOSAL TO WIND UP U. N. ATOMIC COMMITTEE

LAKE SUCCESS, June 10 (PTI-Reuter)—The Atomic Working Committee heard a proposal from one of its members that it should suspend its work until it had ascertained whether there existed 'climate" conducive to an agreement, cables D. P. Wagle, PTI correspondent at the U.N.O. headquarters.

The suggestion was made by Dr. Gustavo Gutierrez (Cuba), and supported by Dr. Jose Arce, of Argentina in view of "two irreconcilable points of view in the Committee."

Earlier the United States representative Mr. Frederic Osborn, had replied to three questions put to him by M. Yakov Malik (Soviet Russia), regarding United States policy on atomic weapons.

Mr. Osborn said the United States was not willing to accept any plan "under which nations acting in good faith would destroy their atomic weapons" without effective machinery to see "that nations which were not acting in good faith had also destroyed their atomic weapons."

He also said that neither the United States nor any other nation could accept the "inadequate control measures proposed by the U.S.S.R."

DISMANTLING RUHR PLANTS

German Workers Obstruct

ESSEN, June 10 (PTI-Reuter)—Works Council of 11 Ruhr synthetic plants have until midnight on Sunday to withdraw opposition to British dismantling orders—or face complete closing of their factories.

Major General W.H.A. Bishop, Regional Commissioner for North Rhine Westphalia, said that he did not wish to close down the works, but added that the military government could not tolerate the challenge offered by refusal to obey dismantling orders.

He gave the Councils until midnight on Sunday to make up their minds not to obstruct dismantling.

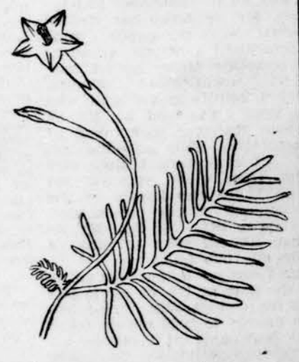
Yesterday, workers at two of the plants prevented dismantling teams, accompanied by British officers from entering the premises to start work. Protest demonstrations against the orders were held at some plants yesterday.

Senior British and American officials in Frankfurt refused to accept a letter requesting that dismantling be discontinued, drawn up by Christian Democrats, Social Democrats and Liberal groups on the Bizonal Economic Council.

OPEN AIR

We owe many of our most beautiful creepers to the Convolvulus family, for they grow quickly and easily and soon cover any bare patch of the garden with a show of vivid colour. In the jungle, too, we find many members of the same family twining their way over hedges and bushes, and even among the branches of big trees, in their struggle to draw themselves up into the sunshine. The Elephant Creeper, with its heart-shaped leaves backed with silky, silver down, and its deep purple flowers emerging from white shielding bracts, is one of the largest, while one of the smallest is the Needle Creeper or Ipomoea Quamoclit, which I suppose is really a weed, for I have never yet found it mentioned in any book of garden flowers. As its name implies, the Needle Creeper has leaves which are very deeply segmented into fern-like formation and it bears small, velvety, crimson, star-shaped flowers whose petals are joined to form long corolla tubes. In one garden, I saw this flower growing together with the Jacquemoncia, which has small, deep blue, trumpet shaped flowers and the two together made one of the most delightful unrehearsed colour effects. The Needle Creeper seeds readily, and I foresee that my garden will be full of it in a few weeks!

D. R.



IPOMOEA QUAMOCLIT

STRICTER SCRUTINY OF THE BUDGET

Legislature's Power To Control Finances

C. A. ADOPTS ARTICLES

NEW DELHI, June 10. (A.

THE procedure for passing money bills and other financial matters will bethe same in the states Legislatures as at the Centre.

A series of articles and amendments to this effect were adopted by the Constituent Assembly today without discussion.

The new procedure, as explained earlier by Dr. B. R. Ambedkar Law Minister and Chairman of the Drafting Committee, will enable the Legislature to exercise stricter financial control and scrutinise the budget more thoroughly than at present.

As at the Centre, the States (now called Provinces) will have consolidated funds, appropriation acts etc.

The article relating to the language to be used in Parliament and State Legislatures was held over. The entire language question will be decided by the House at a later stage.

The House adopted an article restricting the Legislature of States from discussing the conduct of Judges of the High Court or of the Supreme Court, in the discharge of their duties.

Mr. B. Das (Orissa) said that he was not happy about the article while Mr. R. K. Sidhwa said that Judges were not "supermen" and he could not understand what objection there could be in discussing their conduct.

The Constituent Assembly today considering articles relating to the procedure in financial matters of the Union, adopted article 72 detailing the procedure to be followed for the presentation of annual financial statements before the Houses of Parliament and the items of expenditure which should be charged on the revenues of India.

The article stated that the President should cause to be laid before the House of Parliament a statement of estimated receipts and expenditure of the Government of India for every year showing separately the sums required to meet expenditure under the head "charges" and the sum required to meet other expenditure.

The article included in the item of expenditure charged, the revenue, the salaries and allowances of the President, of the Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the Council of State, of the Speaker and Deputy Speaker of the House of the People and of the Judges of the Supreme Court and pensions of the Judges of Federal and High Courts, the debt charges including interest and Sinking Fund and any other expenditure that Parliament might declare as charged.

SHAH'S AMENDMENTS

Prof. K. T. Shah moved three amendments. He wanted that the Finance Minister should also be authorised to present a statement of accounts, that the statement should be presented only to the Lower House, the President or the Government should not be competent to modify or alter the statement once the Parliament was seized of the subject and that the items that have been mentioned as charged should be limited in character.

He suggested that the last provision in the article, namely any other expenditure that Parliament might declare as charged, should be deleted.

Mr. Kamath moved an amendment for the inclusion of the salaries of the Ministers and members of Parliament in the last of charged expenditure.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad said: I am afraid the amendment cuts across the principle of Responsible Government.

Dr. Ambedkar moved an amendment for the inclusion of the salaries and allowances of the Auditor General in the list of expenditure.

The House rejected Prof. Shah's amendments, while Mr. Kamath withdrew his amendment. After passing the amendment of Dr. Ambedkar the House adopted the article.

Article 93 laying down procedure in Parliament with regard to estimate was adopted with the incorporation of an amendment moved by Dr. Ambedkar, substituting the words "Consolidated Fund of India" for the words "revenues of India". An amendment moved by Prof. K. T. Shah to the effect that Parliament should be empowered to withdraw items from the non-votable list of estimates of expenditure was lost.

APPROPRIATION ACT OF PARLIAMENT

New Procedure

Dr. Ambedkar, in an amendment brought forward a substitute article for Article 94. The original article empowered the President of the Union to authenticate the schedule of authorised expenditure and the new article sought to replace the procedure by appropriation acts of Parliament.

According to the article, after grants have been made by the Lower House, a bill will be introduced in that House to provide for appropriation out of the Consolidated Fund of India, all money required to meet grants made by the Lower House and expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund shown in estimates previously laid before Parliament.

The article provides that no amendments shall be proposed to appropriation bills which will vary the amount or alter the destination of a grant. The article lays down that subject to the succeeding two articles, making provision for supplementary or additional grants and votes on account, no money shall be withdrawn from the Consolidated Fund of India except under appropriation by law by Parliament.

MERE FORMALITY

Mr. K. Santhanam, Minister of State for Transport said that, while there might be no material objection to the substitution of the original article, he could not help feeling that the new article was an unnecessary formality inflicted on financial procedure.

He also wanted the clause referring to additional grants and votes on account to go, as it nullified, he said, the entire effort to see that all items of expenditure were voted upon by Parliament.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa said he wholeheartedly supported Dr. Ambedkar's amendment which he thought was necessary if there was to be a thorough check by Parliament on all items of expenditure.

Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari said that Dr. Ambedkar had already explained in detail on Wednesday the changes the Drafting Committe had sought ao make in the scheme of financial control. There had been no vital change in the procedure, he said.

TIGHTENING UP

Referring to Mr. Santhanam's objection to the clause referring to additional or supplementary grants and votes on account, Mr. Krishnamachari said that Articles 95 and 96 laying down procedure for excess grants and votes on account had been introduced to tighten up financial procedure.

Provision for supplementary grants had been made in order that Government might not be "put in a straightjacket" and its initiative curtailed by frequent meetings of Parliament. If those provisions were taken away, it would be impossible for Government to carry on without Parliament being called from day to day.

AMBEDKAR'S REPLY

Dr. Ambedkar replying to Mr. Santhanam's criticism that the procedure of an appropriation bill was unnecessary, said that the Committee procedure of the House of Commons in dealing with the supply estimates arose out of distrust of the King and the Speaker.

Therefore there was no connection between the Committee procedure of the House of Commons and the necessity of an appropriation bill. Up to 1930, taxes were levied in Britain merely on the basis of resolutions passed by the House of Commons Committee of Ways and Means.

When this procedure was challenged, the court ruled that Parliament must pass a law in order to enable the Government to levy taxes. Consequently the British Parliament passed the Provisional Collection of Taxes Act. It was therefore an established proposition that what operated was law and not a resolution, hence the need for an appropriation bill.

Dr. Ambedkar said that the procedure of authenticated schedule by the Governor-General was uncalled for having regard to the altered position of the President who had to function in his discretion or individual judgment in matters of finance. The authority of Parliament should be supreme and not the authority of the Executive as represented by the President.

SANCTION FOR EXCESS EXPENDITURE

Mr. Sidhwa's Criticism

The House adopted a substitute Article 95 moved by Dr. Ambedkar to provide for supplementary, additional or excess expenditure. When expenditure is incurred in excess of the amounts sanctioned by Parliament, the President shall cause to be laid before Parliament, the neccessary statement or demand for such excess.

The provision for supplementary grants, said Mr. Sidhwa, moving an amendment had made the Executive "reckless". For instance, in the last burget, the revenue receipts were 60 crores above the estimate. All that money and 20 crores more were spent by Government without the sanction of Parliament. Revenue estimates were deliberately put low to "hoodwink" Parliament. The Executive thought that it had a long rope and could do what it liked.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, the President intervening, asked Mr. Sidhwa to confine his remarks to his amendment and the article and not to expatiate on something that happened during the last budget discussion.

Mr. Sidhwa said that unless his amendment was accepted the whole object of the constitution would be frustrated.

FINANC/AL YEAR

The Assembly also rejected Prof. Shibbanlal Saxena's amendment seeking to fix the financial year from November 1 to October 31, in order to enable members to debate the budget for a longer period without having to sit through the summer month.

Dr. Ambedkar said that, if Prof. Saxena wanted longer debates, he should be prepared to sit through the worst months of the summer.

Mr. B. N. Gupta (Bombay) said that Dr. Ambedkar's substitute clause went counter to the mandatory provision that no expenditure should be incurred without Parliament's previous sanction.

EXECUTIVE HOLD UP

Replying to the debate, Dr. Ambedkar recalled that, when Mr. Winston Churchill's father became the Lord Chancellor, the budget was placed before him showing the figures in decimals. Evidently, he was not a student of mathematics and could not understand what the figures meant with a small dot in it.

So he wrote on the files: "What do these damn dots mean". Having regard to such difficulty of understanding in persons so highly placed as Mr. Churchill's father, Dr. Ambedkar said: "I am not at all surprised if members of the House also find a similar difficulty in understanding this provision (laughter).

Dr. Ambedkar explained that, if there was no provision for supplementary grants, the whole business of the Executive would be held up. The passing of an excess grant was nothing else but an indemnity act passed by Parliament to exonerate certain officers of Government who had in good faith done something contrary to the law for the time being.

"Unless you go to the length of providing that any Executive officer who spends any money beyond what is sanctioned by the Appropriation Act, shall be deemed to be criminal and be prosecuted, you shall have to adopt to this procedure of excess grants."

EXCESS GRANTS

Article relating to excess grants and special provisions in regard to financial bills were adopted without amendments. Prof. Shah wanted by an amendment that a bill which would involve expenditure from the revenues of India outside the frontiers of India in warlike operations "should not be considered or passed by Parliament unless the President had recommended it and he should give his reason for the same in writing. Prof. Shah contended that it was a necesary safeguard in view of the past experience.

Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari said that the principle that only the Executive should initiate any proposal involving expenditure was ackunowledged on all hands. Prof Shah evidently did not want India to participate in any imperialist war, but the very purpose of preserving the integrity of the country which he had in view would be defeated if the amendment was accepted.

PRESIDING OVER JOINT SESSION

Having disposed of articles relating to procedure in financial matters, the House took up Article 98 on the general rules of procedure. It stated that until rules were made by Houses of Parliament, the present rules of procedure and standing orders of the Dominion Legislature would continue.

It was also provided that at the joint sitting of the two Houses the Speaker of the House of People would preside. Mr. Jaspat Rai Kapoor wanted that the Chairman of the Council of States should preside in the absence of the Speaker of the House.

He however withdrew the amendment following explanations by Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari and Mr. K. M. Munshi of the reasons for the deletion of the name of the Chairman of the Upper House. They said that the Chairman of the Upper House was the Vice-President of India, enjoying a unique position, and it was not proper to provoke a delicate situation by providing that he should preside in the absence of the Speaker. The House passed the article.

The House adopted a series of articles the effect of which is that the financial procedure to be followed by State Legislatures would be the same as at the Centre.

The article relating to the language to be used in State Legislature was held over.

The House then adopted an article restricting the Legislature of a State from discussing the conduct of Judges of the High Courts or of the Supreme Court in the discharge of their duties.

After an article prohibiting courts from inquiring into proceedings of the Legislature was adopted, the House adjourned till Monday.

And Now Objection To Union Jack

NEW DELHI, June 10 (A.P.I.): Mr. B. Das (Orissa) today took exception in the Constituent Assembly to the hoisting of the Union Jack on the Council Chamber on the King's birthday.

Mr. Das said that he wished the President would order that "as long as the Constituent Assembly sits here, no Union Jack should fly over this building".

President Rajendra Prasad: "The Hon'ble member may not like it but there is no help—at any rate at present".

It will be recalled that earlier Mr. Das had protested against the King's birthday being observed in India as a public holiday.

NAZIRUDDIN AHMED 'FEELING HELPLESS'

Protest Against Many Amendments In C. A.

NEW DELHI, June 10 (A.P.I.): Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed, member in the Constituent Assembly from West Bengal, protested today against the numerous amendments "embodying serious changes" brought before the House every day. He suggested that there should be a little adjournment of the House so that members would have time to study the amendments and be prepared.

Mr. Ahmed, who made these remarks while the House was debating amendments by Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, the Law Minister, making changes in the financial procedure, said: "We are absolutely showered with new ideas which are utterly confusing. The Hon'ble Dr. Ambedkar proposes change which has a paralysing effect on the House and nobody knows what it is and it is allowed to be passed. I am mysef slow to understand things. I suggest that something should be done to relieve the situation."

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, the President, intervening observed: "When we are considering the constitution, we are bound to have new ideas. The President has reserved the right to allow amendments at the late stage if they require consideration." If members were completely taken by surprise, by any amendment, he would allow time" the President added. So far as the amendments that were being discussed were concerned, more than a fortnight's time had been given, said Dr Prasad.

Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed wound up by saying that amendments were the rules and that he was "feeling helpless" the way they came in.

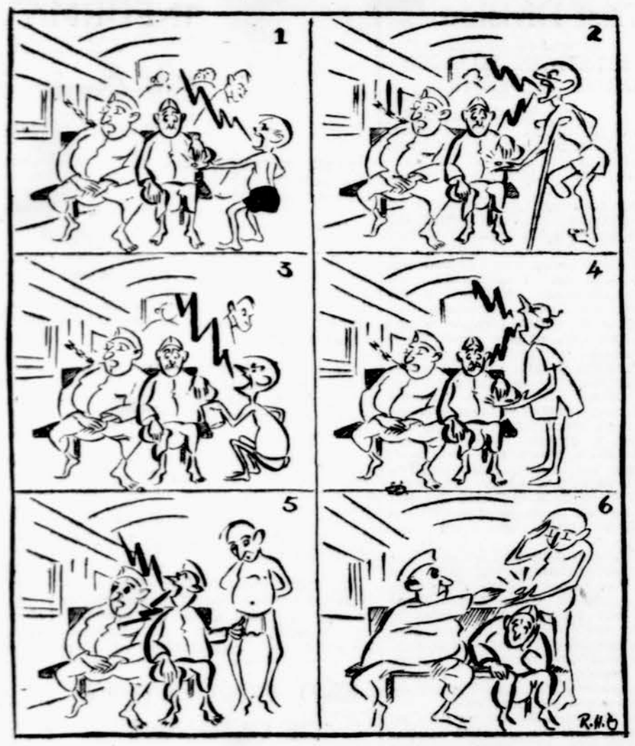
SIKKIM QUESTION RULED OUT

NEW DELHI, June 10 (API): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly, today ruled out discussion in the Assembly on the Government of India's action in Sikkim.

The question was raised by Maulana Hasrat Mohani (U.P.)

The President said that such matters should be brought before the Legislative Assembly and not before the Constituent Assembly.

A STORY THAT SPEAKS FOR ITSELF



NO COMMUNISTS AS TEACHERS

President Truman's Opposition

WASHINGTON, June 10 (P.T.I.-Reuter): President Truman said yesterday he opposed the employment of Communists as teachers in American schools.

Asked at his press conference to comment on a report on Wednesday by 20 leading American educationalists who urged such a ban, the President said he did not think anybody ought to be employed to teach in American schools who believed in the destruction of the United States Government.

HELP GOVT. FIGHT SCARCITY

Ministers Appeal To All

SHOLAPUR, June 10 (A.P.I.): Mr M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture, Bombay last night appealed to the people to help Government fight a successful battle on the food front.

Addressing a food conference here last night, he said, that food production was the joint responsibility of all —agriculturists or non-agriculturists, officials or non-officials.

The Minister advised agriculturists to adopt dry farming methods which according to him were best suited to the needs of Sholapur District which depends on rain.

CALCUTTA BY-ELECTION HAS RAISED ALL-INDIA ISSUES

Congress Secretary Explains

CALCUTTA, June 10 (U.P.I.).

"THE South Calcutta by-election is not just a local affair but has raised all-India issues", said the Congress Secretary Mr. Kala Venkata Rao at a press conference last evening.

Asked as to why top-ranking Congress leaders from all the Provinces were taking active interets in the South Calcutta by-election, the General Secretary of the Congress observed that the Congress ideologies and fundamental policies of the Congress Government were challenged in this election by a person of the stature of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, who had chosen to work against his parent organisation.

The issues made were the reference of the Kashmir question to the U.N.O., working of the Indian Embassies abroad and the fundamental policy of the Congress and Government. This explained, he added, the interest of top-ranking Congres leaders in this by-election.

Mr. Kala Venkata Rao deplored the incidents at the Congress electio nmeeting at Deshpriya Park on Sunday last and warned the people against the danger of communism.

He said: "Communists have let loose a reign of terror and devastation in Asia. China is bleeding. Burma, which has got her freedom, is unable to consolidate it. Bengal had the first taste of sabotage and also the first test of election campaign at Deshpriya Park on Sunday last".

TOKYO, June 10 (PTI-Reuter):—A spokesman at General Douglas MacArthur's Supreme Allied Headquarters here today officially announced that nothing was known in Tokyo about reported discussions for the transfer of control of the occupation of Japan from the United States army to the State Department.

JUST WHAT IS RAIN WATER?

NEW DELHI, June 10 (API): For the first time the Meteorological Department of the Government of India will conduct experiments on the chemical composition of rain water, it is learnt here. Though similar studies are being made in U.S.A. and other scientifically advanced countries, no such experiment has been made in this country except by individual workers.

Rain water will be collected during this monsoon in neutral glass bottles at meteorological laboratories situated in various parts of the country and will be analysed with a view to finding out the amount of chlorine, free ammonia, albuminoid, sulphate, nitrogen and other chemical contents.

Apart from scientific interest, the results obtained from this analysis are expected to be useful for agricultural purposes. According to meteorological experts, a knowledge of the chemical composition of rain water will help to find out how far the fertility of the soil is increased by it, as the oxides it contains react with the soluble salts of the soil and form valuable fertilizers. These experts are of opinion that rain water is far from being pure and is not fit for drinking purposes, as it does not contain many of the useful mineral salts which ordinary water contains. The experts say that rain water, in falling from the atmosphere, dissolves oxygen, carbon dioxide, nitrogen, ammonia and ammonia nitrate and also carries down dust floating in the atmosphere.

REPRESENTATION FOR WOMEN

Appeal In Human Rights Body

LAKE SUCCESS, June 10, (PTI-Reuter): The Sub-Commission on Human Rights has adopted the articles in the Draft Convenant relating to freedom of peaceful Assembly and of Association, Cables D. P. Wagle, PTI. correspondent at the United Nations headquarters.

The articles laid down that every one shall have these rights subject only to requirements of public order and security and the fundamental rights and freedoms of others.

When the article banning "discrimination on grounds of race, colour, sex" was taken up, Miss Marguerite Bowie, (Britain) said it had been "interesting to note' that there were only ten women among the representatives of countries at the last session of the General Assembly.

CHARGE AGAINST RUSSIA

If opportunities for both sexes were really equal, she said, there ought to be, by this time, a larger representation of the women in the United Nations. The Commission on the status of women, Miss Bowie added, was apparently thought the only place fit for women "to show their faces". Soviet Russia and the Ukraine had not sent any women to any other body of the U.N. she said.

Mr. Alexander Pavlov, (Soviet Russia), said Miss Bowie's presence at the Commission was no proof that men and women in the United Kingdom had equal rights. The facts were to the contrary, he said, whereas his own presence on the Commission "did not alter the fact that Soviet women receive equal pay for equal work".

People IN THE NEWS

PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU

DEHRA DUN, June 10 (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister is arriving here tomorrow to meet Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

★

DR. A. S. GHOSH

CALCUTTA, June 10 (A.P.I): Dr. A. S. Ghosh, Vice-Principal of the Calcutta Dental College and Hospital, has been selected to represent the All-India Dehoag Association, at the annual meeting of the British Dental Association, at Scarborough, England, from June 20. Dr. Ghosh will leave Calcutta by air on June 12 and is expected to return back after about five weeks.

★

DR. ATMA RAM

CALCUTTA, June 10 (A.P.I.): Dr Atma Ram, head if the Central Glass and Ceramic Research Institute, Jadabpur, has been elected a member of the International Commission on Glass, according to information received here. This is the first time that an Indian is elected to the commission and India is represented on it.

★

GEN. CARIAPPA

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, June 10: General Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief, Indian Army arrived in Jubbulpore today on an inspection tour. He was received at the Dumna airfield by Brigadier Thakur Sheoduttsinghi and other leading officials.

The C-in-C will stay in the city for three days and will be accorde d a public reception tomorrow evening by the residents of the Jubbulport Cantonment Board.

★

MR. LIAQUAT ALI KHAN

RAWALPINDI, June 10 (PTI-Reuter): Pakisatn's Prime Minister, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, arrived here this morning by air. He was accompanied by Begum Liaquat Ali Khan, Chaudhary Mohammed Ali, Secretary General and Mr. Ghulam Ahmed Khan, Director, Central Intelligence Department, Pakistan Government.

★

MR. N. RAGHAVAN

PRAGUE, June 10 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Nedyam Raghavan, Indian Ambassador has completed an extensive tour of Czechoslovak industrial centres to study production methods and labour conditions.

DR. GUHA

PARIS, June 9. (PTI-Reuter):—Dr. B. S. Guha, Director of the Indian Department of Anthropology, is shortly to leave Paris for Switzerland and London before returning to India.

R

SALE OF GRAM DAL

GRAMDAL is now available at all the Ration Shops. Cardholders can, on presenting their Head of Family's Foodgrains ration card, obtain any quantity of Gramdal from the ration shops, where their foodgrains ration cards are registered.

Permit holders can, similarly now obtain any quantity of Besan they may require, from the Flour Mills and their shops, on production of their permits.

Stop Press

RED SUCCESSES IN CHINA.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10. (PTI-Reuter): Chinese Communist radio claimed to-day that Communist forces had captured Tzekam, 120 miles east of Canton.

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RAJASTHAN CRISIS.

JAIPUR, June 10. (API): Mr. Gokulbhai Bhatt, President of Rajputana Congress Committee declared invalid the no-confidence motion passed against him and Pandit Hiralal Shastri, Premier of Rajasthan, by a special meeting of the Provincial Congress Committee yesterday.

CUT OUT R AND KEEP

REVISED RATION QUANTUM

Foodgrains ration quantum for the 24th Rationing Week, commencing from Sunday, June 12, 1949 to Saturday, June 18, 1949, has been fixed as follows:—

Total Cereal Ration Per Week	Per Adult (2 Foodgrains Units)	Per Child (1 Foodgrains Unit)	Per Heavy Manual Labourer's Supplementary Ration Card of One Unit.
	Ounce Seer	Ounce Seer	Ounce Seer
Total Cereal Ration Per Week ..	84 or 3.1/8	42 or 1.9/16	28 or 1
Maximum available in— (a) Raw Rice Sort 1-A or (b) Raw Rice Sort I. or (c) Raw Rice Sort II or (d) Boiled Rice Sort II or (e) Raw Rice Sort 1-C (if available)	20 or 3/4	10 or 3/8	8 or 1/4
Maximum available in Wheatgrain* ..	48 or 1.3/4	24 or 7/8	12 or 1/2
Maximum available in Dehusked Barley	16 or 5/8	8 or 5/16	8 or 1/4
Maximum available in Milo (IF AVAILABLE) ..	16 or 5/8	8 or 5/16	8 or 1/4

(PLEASE NOTE: 16 ozs. make one lb.)

*Bread Tickets can be obtained within the permissible quantity of wheat ration at the rate of one Bread Unit for 28 ozs. of wheat ration. One Bread Unit is equivalent to 28 ozs. of Bread.

Bread is only available on Bread Tickets during the week marked on the tickets and upto Saturday of the following week.

The concession of allowing a Bread Ticket of one unit on a Child's ration card against surrender of the entire ration will continue.

NOTE: The figures in seers against each article, apply to the issues from Factory and Large Organisation Shops only as these are not yet brought under weighment system.

MORE COURTS NEEDED FOR FOSTERING BADMINTON

Particular Attention To Be Paid To Youngsters

BOMBAY, June 10. (A.P.I.):

MORE badminton courts in the country and a radical change in the attitude of school authorities towards this game are needed if Indian prowess in this sport is to improve, according to Bombay badminton officials.

They even fear that the continuance of these handicaps may even bring India down from her present high position in international rankings.

In almost all other badminton playing countries like the United States of America, United Kingdom and Canada, every club possesses no less than half-a-dozen courts, while in Bombay, for instance, there are only twelve courts owned by six provincial clubs. Further, no provincial badbinton association in India has courts of its own.

The club courts are always overcrowded and players have to await their turn to get some much-needed practice. Under these conditions, it is pointed out, any scheme to impart coaching to budding players cannot attain any degree of success.

Unlike some other branches of sport, Indian badminton does not lack coaches. There are many able and experienced Indian players, who will be very willing to undertake coaching but without an adequate number of courts at their disposal provincial associations are unable to draw up coaching schemes, it is stated.

India has many good badminton players but few manage to reach top class mainly because thew are unable to find the courts for sustained and strenuous practice.

Another factor militating against the growth of this sport is the lack of encouragement for this game in schools, it is stated. Most colleges provide facilities for badminton but, by the time a student reaches the college, he has usually already taken some other form of recreation and badminton thus gets thrust into the background.

In spite of these handicaps, India still occupies a high position in the international field. The Indian Thomas cup team last year, though defeated by Canada in the first round, won eighty per cent of the matches played in the United States of America and Canada. Later, in the All-England Badminton Championships, Davinder Mohan and George Lewis entered the quarter finals in men's singles, while Davinder Mohan and Dattatraya Mugwe also entered the quarter finals of the men's doubles.

Badminton enthusiasts point out, however, that there are no youngsters in India to-day who are likely to reach the top in the next three years. Unless youngsters of 14 and 15 are encouraged to take up badminton in schools, so that they can build up a good game by the time they reach the twenties, the chances of India retaining her high position in the international field are remote, they say.

On the details of the game itself, it is commonly agreed that Indian players generally lack stamina and that there is vast room for improvement in their backhand play. The Americans and Malayans are definitely superior to Indians in this department of the game. If Indians hope to defeat them they must pay particular attention to this and develop an attacking back-hand with ability to flick the shuttle from base to base. Back-hand finish strokes like drops and smashes should also be assiduously practised.

DAVIS CUP TENNIS

Hungary Win Both Singles Matches

BUDAPEST, June 10. (PTI-Reuter): Hungary won both the singles matches on the first day of their third round European zone Davis Cup tie against Switzerland here.

The results were:

J. Adam beat H. Huonder 6—11, 6—6, 6—4, 7—5.

J. Asboth beat Alberecht 6—3, 6—3, 5—7 6—0.

In to-day's doubles match Asboth and Adam meet the Swiss pair Huonder and R. Buser.

PAREL SOCCER

BOMBAY, Friday.

The following are the results of the matches played in the Harwood Football League at Parel:—

SECOND DIVISION:—Rain bow 2 (Oscar, Indulkar), Wimco 0

Wimco have lodged a protest against Rainbow playing D'Sa. Their contention is that D'Sa played for Colaba New Stars in the Indian League.

THIRD DIVISION:—Goan S. C. 'C' 2. (Cyril, E. D'Souza), St. Francis Goan's "B" 2 (Dalgado, J. D'Souza).

May and Baker 2 (Batton, Dilwalkar) Hill XI 0.

CALCUTTA FOOTBALL

CALCUTTA, June 10 (API): The two matches played today in the First Division of the Calcutta Football League resulted as follows:—

George Telegraph 2, Bhowanipore 0.

Kalighat 2, Rangers 0.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage.

5-45 p.m. Tata's vs Bombay Amateurs (First Division Harwood League)

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel.

4-40 p.m. G.I.P. Rly. "B" vs Globe 'A'

5-40 p.m. Young Comrades vs Khondoba Vijaya

G.I.P. Rly. Ground Parel.

4-40 p.m. Fort Rangers vs B.S.N.

5-40 p.m. Blue Wizerds vs Mazagoan Institute.

WATER POLO.

Golwalla Baths, Backbay.

6-30 p.m. Benares vs Cusrow Baug United.

NARESH KUMAR TO REPRESENT INDIA

WIMBLEDON OPEN LAWN TENNIS

LONDON, June 10 (UPA)—At least 26 nations will be represented at the Wimbledon Lawn Tennis Tournament starting June 20 including Egypt, India and the Philippines.

America's Ted Schroeder is a heavy favorite to win the men's title. India's Naresh Kumar and Filipino, Felicisimo Ampon are not expected to be championship threats.

NEW ZEALAND TEAM FOR FIRST TEST

Strong Batting Side Selected

LONDON, June 10 (PTI-Reuter): The New Zealand team for the first Test match against England beginning tomorrow at Leeds will be: W. A. Hadlee (Captain), W. Wallace, M. Donnelly, B. Sutcliffe, J. Cowie, V. Scott, F. Smith, G. Rabone, F. Mooney, T. Burtt and H. Cavem. The twelfth man J. Reid.

Only four recognised bowlers are included in the team. The limitations of the attack with which W. Hadlee, the Captain, will attempt to dismiss England's powerful batting side is the surprise of the eleven names announced today by the team manager Mr. J. M. Phillips. The bowling will be almost entirely in the hands of Cowie, fast Cave medium, Burtt left arm slow and Rabone right arm slow The three men omitted from the party of fifteen are all bowlers.

UNBEATEN CENTURY BY SQUIRES

County Cricket Results

LONDON, June 10 (PTI-Reuter)—The following are the County cricket results:—

AT MANCHESTER

Gloucestershire beat Lancashire by nine wickets: Lancashire 204 and 155. Gloucestershire 306 and 54 for one.

AT OVAL

Surrey versus Glamorgan match was drawn: Glamorgan 418.

Surrey 249 and 232 for seven (Squires not out 103, Parker 57, Muncer 4 for 65).

AT DUDLEY

Worcestershire beat Kent by 94 runs.

Worcestershire 161 and 297 (Wright 6 for 90).

Kent 203 and 131 (Howorth, 5 for 37, Jackson 4 for 54).

AT BRADFORD

Yorkshire beat Northamptonshire by field 69, Mason 5 for 56).

106 runs.

Yorkshire 238 and 309 for seven declared.

Northamptonshire 206 and 235 (Oldfield *9, Mason 5 for 56).

AT PORTSMOUTH

Somerset beat Hampshire by two wickets: Hampshire 132 and 259. (Wellard 6 for 81).

Somerset 201 and 191 for eight. (Bailew 5 for 68).

AT DERBY

Derbyshire versus Leicestershire match drawn.

Leicestershire 173 and 401 for three declared (Berry 149, Prentice 117, Tompkin not out 83).

Derbyshire 361 and 85 for two.

AT LORDS

Middlesex versus Warwickshire match drawn.

Middlesex 135 and 340 for six declared (Robins not out 55).

Warwickshire 155 for 291 for nine (Dollery 54, Wolton not out 72).

LAURA WOODBRIDGE ENTERS FINAL

Kent Open Singles Competition

BECKENHAM, Kent June 10 (PTI-Reuter)—Miss Laura Woodbridge India's number twwo lawn tennis player reached the final of the Beckenham Kent Open Singles Competition today when she gained an unexpectedly easy win by 6-2, -1 against Mrs. G. R. Tuurner in the semi-final.

Miss Woodbridge, whose tennis improves the more she plays, took command of the match from the start and kept her opponent constantly on the move. Her chief eapon was her long forehand drive which, though executed in an unorthodox manner, has proved a very effective point scorer this week.

Speedy Lightweight Bout Won By Mexican

MELBOURNE, June 10 (UPA)—Mexican Ruddy Cruz, 133-3/4 pounds, clearly outpointed France's Pierre Montane, 134 pounds today over 12 rounds in one of the fastest lightweight contests seen in Melbourne Stadium in recent years.

Harwood League First Division

ST. FRANCIS GOAN'S DROP A POINT

BOMBAY, Friday.

St. Francis Goan's were rather lucky to share points with Burmah Shell and also two goals in the First Division of the Harwood Football League.

A lucky early goal by Gama saved the St. Francis side from defeat for otherwise Burmah Shell nearly turned the tables in the second period of play. Santiago, who has proved the best goalie in the league gave an equally resplendent display on the right wing and was a constant source of danger to the Goan side. He scored the equalizer for his side which saved them a point.

The opening stages of the game proved thrilling. In the third minute of play Gama, St. Francis Goan's centre forward scored with a feeble kick to beat Eagle, the Shell goalie who failed to get the ball any where near his hands. Eagle has replaced Shell's star goalkeeper, Santiago. The very nert minute a minor explosion occurred when Salu D'Costa, the left half of the St. Francis side kicked the ball it burst right from the easing.

St. Francis Goan's had quite a fair deal of the exchanges but lack of sting in the attack failed to produce results. Burmah Shell had three chances, but passes from Santiago and Peter went abegging. A free kick awarded against S. D'Costa for fouling Santiago and taken by the same player proved in vain St. Francis Goan's strived ahead into the second half with a solitary goal lead.

Midway through the second half an indirect free kick was awarded against Christopher, the St. Francis goalie for "carrying." Peter took the kick, passed the ball to Santiago, who shot a beautiful goal to give his side the equalizer Burmah Shell dominated play for the major part of the second half. A draw saved St. Francis Goan's the loss of a point for they were rather lucky

THE TEAMS

ST. FRANCIS GOAN'S: Christopher; St. Anne, Reg. Rodrigues; J. Ferns, Agre, D'Costa; Rebeiro, Braganza, F. Gama, John Fernandes, V. D'Souza.

BURMAH SHELL: Eagle; H. Francis, Anjelo; Noronha, Pinto A. Francis; Santiago, Michael, Rego, A. P Fernandes, Peter.

Referee: Panton.

INDIA ACCEPTS EMPIRE GAMES INVITATION

AUCKLAND (New Zealand), June 10 (PTI-Reuteh): India has accepted invitations to take part in the Empire Games here in February, expected to be the biggest festival since their inauguration in Canada in 1930.

Acceptors are Australia, Britain Guiana, Canada, Ceylon, England, Hongkong, India, Jamaica, Pakistan, Rhodesia, Scotland Singapore, South Africa, Trinidad and Wales.

Nigeria, Malaya Union and Fiji are considering the invitations.

PROBABLE RUNNERS AND JOCKEYS

Manchester Cup

LONDON, June 10 (PTI-Reuter)—The probable runners with jockeys, for the Manchester Cup, to be run over one and a half miles at Manchester tomorrow, are:—Fighter Command (D. Smith), Standerton (Edgar Britt), Benedictine (E. Warren) Refresher (T. Lowrey), Bonnet O'Blue (Ken Gethin), Crown Platts (J. Sime), Summer Shower (P. Evans), Sports Master (D. Greening), Sundr Express (P. Tomlin), Helicopter (A. Carson).

BHOPAL HOCKEY

BHOPAL, June 10 (API): Feroz Gul (Bhopal) today qualified to enter the semi-final of the Obeidullah Khan Gold Cup Hockey Tournament when they defeated D.S.A. Merrut by one goal to nil.

Indian Team To Lingiad

NAGPUR, June 10. (A.P.I.): The Indian team of thirty athletes organised by the Hanuman Vyayam Prasarak Mandal of Amraoti, will leave Bombay on June 28 by S. S. Tai Jawahar. It will proceed via London to Stockholm (Sweden) to participate in the Lingiad festival (world gymnastic festival).

Mr. H. V. Deshpande, organiser of the Indian team, will accompany the team.

OBSTACLES TO FREE FLOW OF INFORMATION

Sub-Commission's Suggestions

LAKE SUCCESS, June 10 (PTI): The Sub-Commission on Freedom of Information and the Press has concluded consideration of its agenda dealing with its methods of work and taken up one of the main questions before it—"adequacy of news availabel to the peaoples of the world and obstacles to the free flow of information to them", writes D.P. Wagle PTI Special Representative at the U.N.O. headquarters.

Mr. Francis Williams (Britain) initiating the debate on this item said it related to one of the "most essential and vital" tasks of the Commission.

He suggested that instead of starting with an investigation of news adequacy—which might involve something like a world census—the Sub-Commission should rather investigate first the "obstacles" to the free flow of information.

In doing that, he thought, the Sub-Commission would outomatically become informed about the adequacy of the news as well. Mr. Williams proposed the classification of the "field of barriers" under four main heads;

..**POLITICAL AND LEGAL OBSTACLES**: This category would include censorship and restrictions on the movements of correspondents and information personnel as well as on transmission of news by them.

..COMMERCIAL OBSTACLES: This category would include existence of monopolies or monopolistic practices in the field of information, such as were likely to obstruct the establishment of new organs of expression.

ECONOMIC OBSTACLES: Such as the shortage of newsprint and lack of printing of other tecanical facilities.

PROFESSIONAL OBSTACLES: This would cover the sufficiency of professional personnel in a given area and also the quality of their training.

The last category was included by Mr. William in his list at the suggestion of Mr. William Farr, the UNESCO representative on the Sub-Commission.

At Mr. Farr's suggestion, "technical obstacles" such as the allocation of radio wave lengths were also included in the list.

END OCCUPATION OF GERMANY

Russia's Call

PARIS, June 10 (UPA)—Russia today called for an early end of the occupation of Germany and proposed that each of the Big Four powers submit to the Council of Foreign Ministers within three months draft treaties of peace with Germany.

The Occupation forces would leave Germany one year after the signing of a peace treaty under the Soviet plan. Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky submitted his long awaited proposal in a three-point document stating that the "USSR delegation proposes that the following decisions be adopted:

"Firstly, the Government of the United States, Britain, France and USSR will sumit to the Council of Foreign Ministers drafts of peace treaties for Germany within three months.

"Secondly, the draft peace treaty with Germany will provide that the occupation forces of all the powers will be withdrawn from Germany one year after conclusion of the peace treaty.

"Thirdly, consideration of the procedure for the preparation of a peace treaty will be completed at the present conference of the Council of Foreign Ministers."

Vyshinsky presented the surprise proposal early in today's meeting and then followed an unusual procedure in making it public. Instead of waiting until the end of the meeting and regular press briefing, he sent his press officer into the courtyard of the Rose Marble Palace to release it to the wating reporters.

ACHESON GLOOMY

United States Secretary of State Dean Acheson admitted today that this meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers has been a failure in achieving agreement between the West and Russia.

But he added that it has been a great and unprecedented success otherwise in disclosing almost complete unanimity and agreement among the Western powers—the United States, Britain and France. Acheson made his remarks at an informal luncheon tendered by him by the American-French cultural group "France Etats Unis."

LIFTING OF BLOCKADE.

BERLIN, June 10 (UPA): The American Military Government notified the Soviet Military Government today that the Western Allies were ready to discuss lifting of Berlin's partial blockade in line with instructions from the Paris Conference of Foreign Ministers.

Lawrence Wilkinson, American Military Government Economics Adviser, said the Western powers had informed the Soviets they would attend a four power meeting whenever the Russians desired their presence. But he said no answer had been received.

Gandhian Ideals For Perpetuating

ORGANISATION FORMED IN U.S.A.

NEW YORK, June 19, (PTI-Reuter): The Mahatma Gandhi Memorial Foundation, Inc., organised to promote the humanitarian ideals of Mahatma Gandhi, was established today when Mr. Justice Denis O'Leary Cohalan of the New York Supreme Court approved the organisation's certificate of incorporation. This was announced by Sirdar J. J. Singh, President of the India League of America.

"The foundation has among its objectives the sponsorship of suitable memorials designed to symbolise and perpetuate the ideals and principles expounded by the late Mahatma Gandhi", Mr. Singh said.

"In addition, the foundation will maintain headquarters in the United States which shall stand as a symbol and centre for the enlightenment of the people of the United States as to Mahatma Gandhi's ideas of universal brotherhood, as a means of promoting better understanding between the people of the east and west, and in order to achieve a lasting peace."

CHARGES AGAINST MADRAS MINISTERS

Mr. Deo To Hold Enquiry

NEW DELHI, June 10 (API)—Mr. Shankarrao Deo, General Secretary of the Congress, will leave for Madras on June 13 to hold an enquiry into the charges of nepotism, corruption and communistic activities made against six Ministers of the Madras Cabinet by a section of the members of the Madras Legislature.

Mr. Deo, who has been deputed by the Central Parliamentary Board of the Congress, will advise the Board if a judicial enquiry into the conduct of the Ministers concerned is justified.

The allegations were originally made by seven members of the Madras Assembly led by Mr. A. Kaleswarrao against seven ministers of the Reddier Cabinet, which resigned in March this year, following the passage of no-confidence motion against them.

Six of those seven Ministers of the Reddier Cabinet have, however, been retained in the new Cabinet headed by Mr. Kumaraswami Raja.

GUJERAT CONGRESS CONSTITUTION

Members' Suggestions

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, June 10: Among the suggestions which are likely to be placed before the forthcoming session of the Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee is one which calls for provision in the Congress Constitution tnat persons holding officts in local bodies cannot hold office in the Congress Committee in future.

It has also been suggested that those who are getting honorarium from the Congress cannot contest the Congress elections. Signatories of these have demanded the clarification of the status of Taluka Samitees towards Congress Committees and District Bodies. gress Committees and District bodies.

Two Goods Trains Looted Near Ahmedabad

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, June 10: Two goods trains between Bhandu and Mehsana Railway stations were looted yesterday by dacoits who decamped with bags of jowar and grams. The police gave a hot pursuit and recovered the stolen property, but the dacoits escaped.

It may be recalled trat in this area last week two goods trains were looted and property worth about Rs. five thousand was looted.

INDIAN DELEGATES TO ILO CHALLENGED

Credentials Questioned

GENEVA, June 10 (PTI-Reuter): The International Labour Office announced today that the credentials of five Indian representatives and the South African workers delegation to its annual conference here had been challenged

The Credentials Committee of the 61-nation Conference is examining the South African challenge in close secrecy and will examine the Indian challenge early next week. Labour officials refused any details.

Mr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee, President of the Bengal Branch of the Indian National Trade Union Congress and Chief Workers Representative at the Conference, today refused to say who had challenged his and his colleagues rights to represent Indian workers.

Asked if Indian Communists were involved in the challenge, he said "Of course" He declined to say whether other organisations had also protested.

A similar protest was made at the Labour offices conference in San Francisco last year against the composition of the Indian Workers Delegation.

BELFAST, June 10 (PTI-Reuter): Nationalists who support the Irish Republic gained one seat from Unionists who support union with Britain in the Northern Ireland Senate election today.

BETTER DEAL FOR SEAFARERS

I.L.O. To Revise Maritime Conventions

GENEVA: The Partial revision of four International Labour conventions establishing standards of working conditions on board ship will be considered at the general conference of the International Labour Organization opening of Geneva 8 th June. The four Conventions to be considered concern (1) social security for seafarers, (2) paid vacations for seafrers, (3) crew accommodation on board ship, and (4) wages, hours of work and manning. The revisions are of a technical nature and modify the Conventions to make them more flexible.

VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE

The general conference of the International Labour Organisation next month will consider the adoption of a formal Recommendation which will urge the provision throughout the world of public vocational guidance and employment counselling facilities.

ARTIFICIAL ARMS

KUALA LUMPUR—A 53-year-old Chinese gardner, who had both arms bitten off by a crocodile, will be the first man in Malaya to be fitted with a new type of artificial arms invented in the country.

The invention is handmade from local materials by a team of six highly skilled workmen—five Chinese and an Indian—under the direction of Mr. A. T. Mellowship, Superintendent of the Artificial Limb and Orthopaedic Appliance Centre in Kuala Lumpur, who has applied for the patent rights.

The elbow and wrist pieces of the artificial arms are made of specially processed powder produced in Malaya.

The Chinese gardner had lost his arms while bathing in the Lukut River, five miles from Port Dickson in Negri Sembilan.

His right arms was bitten off by a crocodile, which made sudden appearance, and as he fell the other was torn off.

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LABOUR APPROVES ELECTION BLUEPRINT

Nationalisation Plans As Party's Plank

BLACKPOOL, June 10. (PTI-Reuter): **THE Labour (Government) Party's annual Conference ended here to-day with the singing of "the red flag", an Irish Free Fight, and an almost Evangelical display of unit.**

Only one anonymous voice of dissent was raised when the 1,500 delegates approved the Party's draft proposals—"Labour Believes in Britain"—for fighting the General Election next year.

Under these proposals a Labour Government returned to power will nationalise the cement industry, sugar refining and manufacturing, the wholesale meat trade and slaughter-houses, cold storage, water supply and the 14 industrial insurance companies whose thousands of agents collect small weekly amounts from householders.

The Irishmen, demonstrating against the Government's pledge to let the Northern Ireland Parliament decide for itself whether it wanted to link up with Eire, showered leaflets on the delegates from the public galleries.

There were shouts of "You have betrayed Ireland." "We are stabbed in the back".

A fight developed when a youth tried to hang a green, orange and white flag over a balcony. The demonstrators were ejected.

After Morrison assured the delegates, who urged the party not to relax controls hastily, that "economic planning and economic controls remain an essential part of the policy of the party", the platform was moved for adoption and out of approximately 1,000 in the hall, only one loud "no" was heard, (adds the UPA).

The tentative platform submitted to the conference is the rough form of the document which will be drafted finally by the National Executive Committee.

Indo-Pakistan Border Robbery

AMRITSAR, June 9, (A. P. I.): Robbers waylaid a shopkeeper in village Rajasansi, near the Indo-Pakistan border, and escaped with his double-barrelled gun last week, according to a report reaching here.

The men, one of them wearing a police sub-inspector's uniform, took the gun and some cash from the shopkeeper at the point of revolver.

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NIGHT AIR MAILS SUSPENDED

Plan To Advance Take-Off Time

BOMBAY, Friday.

Night air mail services in India have been suspended since yesterday owing to unfavourable weather conditions following the onset of the monsoon.

A report from Calcutta said the day air mail services were likely to take off earlier than their present schedule. Thus a "dawn service" taking off at about daybreak might come into operation to supplement the night services.

Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Communications Minister, Government of India, stated during his recent visit to Bombay that night flying in India was "rather risky" during the monsoon.

He said that Government were considering a proposal to advance the take-off time of the night services, preferably by an hour before the sunset, and the morning services so timed to reach their destinations an hour after sunset, thus eliminating hazards during the monsoon which hinders visibility.

Mr. Kidwai also said that plans for equipping 'dromes with night landing facilities were being studied by Government.

The night services, he added, would be resumed after the monsoon.

Merge And Make Centre Strong

MORARJI'S ADVICE TO SAURASHTRA

RAJKOT, June 10 (API)—Mr Morarji Desai, Home Minister of Bombay, said here today that it was "in the best interests of Saurashtra to merge into a bigger unit as betteh resources and better administrative machinery will help in the development of the Union".

Mr. Desai who arrived here today on a visit of Saurashtra, was addressing Congress workers.

He said it was always better to have as few administrative units in the country as possible as this would help in the further progress of the nation. Mr. Desai said that his personal opinion was that even the Provinces should go and there should be a strong Central Government with proper administrative areas.

TRUST LEADERS

Appealing to the people to have trust in the leaders who were at the helm of affairs, Mr. Desai said it was the policy of the Congress to give better facilities to those who were in want on backward for their development. This would definitely be in the interests of Saurashtra, he added.

"Till such time as we are properly tralised lines", Mr. Desai stated, tralised lnes", Mr. Desai stated, "we must trust our leaders and help them rather than hamper them in their work."

Referring to the Dangs language controversy, Mr. Desai reaffirmed the decision of the Bombay Government that the Dang area near Surat District was primarily a Marathi area.

IMPETUS TO U. P'S FRUIT INDUSTRY

Research Institute At Saharanpur

LUCKNOW, June 10 (API): U.P.'s expanding fruit industry—considered to be the largest in India after partition—will receive an impetus when Government of India's Fruit Research Institute is established at Saharanpur.

Government's aim is to carry out scientific research on various types of fruit grown in the United Provinces and later consider possibilities of exporting tinned fruit of rare quality to foreign countries.

The total land under fruit cultivation in U.P. is nearly 2,66,000 acres and the yield, according to a radio of Rs. 5 per plant and 40 plants per acre, is worth Rs. 5,32,00,000 approximately.

The Province produces varied types of fruits. Fruits of temperate climate like apples, peeches, apricots, cherries and strawberry are grown at an altitude of nearly 7,000 feet at Ramgarh, Bhowali, Chaubattia-Ranikhet and Nainital-Almora, and fruits of tropical climate like mangoes, lichis, citras, guava, oranges, pineapples, melons, watermelons and loquats are grown in the plains, the chief centres being Saharanpur, Lucknow, Farukhabai, Gorakhpur, Banaras and Allahabad.

Dang Language Controversy

MR. MORARJI DESAI ANSWERS CRITICS

RAJKOT, June 10 (API)—Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister of Bombay, who arrived here on a private visit this morning, left by a motor trolly for Jamnagar in the evening.

During his stay here, Mr. Desai held discussions with Ministers of the Saurashtra Government and Congress members of the Saurashtra Constituent Assembly which meets here tomorrow for its second session.

Mr. Desai, who visited the area recently along with the Premier, Mr. B. G. Kher, said he found that the people of the Dang understood Marathi much better than Gujerati. Most of the words and grammar were based on Marathi and the names and surnames most persons there were Maharashtrian, he stated.

He said prior to 1902 the Drag area was part of Khandesh district but later, in view of the large size of the district it was put under Surat, before its administration was taken over in 1935 by the Governments of India The language in the chief town in the area was only Marathi, he said.

They had therefore come to the conclusion that the language of the Dang ares was Marathi, he concluded.

MOVE FOR KARNATAKA UNIFICATION

Mysore Merger Not Under Contemplation

BANGALORE, June 10 (API)—The Chief Minister Mr. K. C. Reddy told the Mysore Representative Assembly today that no steps had been contemplated so far in respect of holding a plebiscite in the State to ascertain the opinion of the people whether Mysore should merge with Karnataka or not.

The Chief Minister said that Government was aware af the move for Karnataka unification and of the propaganda carried on by prominent people in this connection. Government wuld take proper steps when they think fit to do so.

Mr. Reddy said that they had received a number of petitions urging them to take note of popular opinion in this connection.

ADDITIONAL FOOD QUOTA FOR KASHMIR

State To Extend Rationing

SRINAGAR, June 10 (API): About 17,000 tons of additional foodgrains have been allotted to Kashmir by the Government of India to meet the situation created by partial failure of crops and the damage to crops from last year's floods. Of this quantity 10,000 tons are rice and the rest maize and wheat.

A large quantity of these foodgrains has already been moved into the Kashmir Valley and with the improving food situation, the Kashmir Government have decided to extend rationing facilities to 25 towns in the Valley.

At present rationing prevails only in Srinagar City. To persons drawing a monthly income below Rs. 300 imported foodgrains will be sold at a price less than imported cost.

The Jammu and Kashmir Government will incur an expenditure of Rs. 90 lakhs by way of subsidies.

Ex-Ranee Of Sarawak Robbed

LONDON, June 10 (PTI-Reuter):—Three men, one masked, forced their way into the London home of the former Ranee of Sarawak—Lady Brooke—early today, and keeping her covered with a revolver, stole jewellery and other articles worth £100.

The men escaped. Lady Brooke is the wife of Sir Charles Vyner Brooke, former White Rajah of Sarawak, whom she married in 1911.

"MOSCOW'S SHREWD MOVE TO DISRUPT COMMONWEALTH"

Reaction To Russian Invitation To Liaquat

LONDON, June 10 (PTI-Reuter): A message in today's "Daily Telegraph' said that the Soviet Government's invitation to Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Prime Minister of Pakistan, to visit Moscow has evoked the general feeling in diplomatic circles in Karachi that it was a shrewd move directed towards the "disruption" of the Commonwealth

The "Daily Telegraph" Karachi correspondent wrote: "Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan told me that his invitation from the Soviet Government to visit Moscow was a courtesy invitation only, and his acceptance was a courtesy acceptable.

"He added" that being so, I did not find it necessary to consult other members of the Commonwealth, any more than they would have found it necessary to consult me.

"The announcement of the visit last night (Wednesday) startled diplomatic circles here.

"Their general feeling today (Thursday) is that on Russia's part the invitation was a shrewd move in the cold war directed towards disruption of the the commonwealth and further deterioration in Indo-Pakistan relations."

ADVERTISEMENT TAX BILL WILL BE PASSED

Madras Govt. "Determined"

MADURA, June 10 (A.P.I.): Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja, Premier of Madras, said that the Government were "determined" to get the Advertisement Tax Bill passed by the Assembly.

The Premier who was addressing a public meeting at Koilpatti on Wednesday, said that the "newspaper magnates were making enormous profits out of advertisements and what the Government wanted was only a tenth part of their advertisement income to help the poor."

Mr. Raja regretted what he described as a threat offered by some newspaper managements even before the bill was introduced.

He said that newspapers which were expected to help the Government had taken up an attitude of antagonism to measures of the Government intended to help the poor.

The Premier maintained that advertisement tax would affect only the the rich in a very small measure.

Mr. O. P. Ramaswami Reddier, former Premier, who presided over the meeting, urged newspaper managements to stop all further agitation against the proposed advertisement tax. He also told the meeting that he was responsible for the introduction of the measure.

NIRA PRODUCTION ALLOWED

NEW DELHI, June 10 (A.P.I.): The Government of India have allowed production of "nira" (unfermented juice obtained from palm trees) and its sale as a beverage in areas where prohibition is enforced.

A press note issued by the Ministry of Agriculture said scientific data and experience gained over a number of years had confirmed that "nira" contained no alcohol, and it was therefore not an intoxicant.

The note added: "It is only when 'nira' which is rich in sugar is fermented, that it comes toddy, which is an alcoholic drnk, and is, therefore, banned under prohibition."

Nira is the fresh juice obtained from date palm, coconut, palmyra and sago-palm.

IENS DEPUTATONS TO LABOUR MINISTER

NEW DELHI, June 10 (A.P.I.): A deputation of the Indian and Eastern Newspaper Society led by its President Mr. Deshbandhu Gupta, met Mr. Jagjiwan Ram, India's Labour Minister, today and represented to him the difficulties with which the newspapers are faced on acccount of certain provisions of the amended Factories Act.

The Labour Minister gave a patient hearing and promised to remove the difficulties pointed out to him.

Other members of the deputation were: Mr. L. Durgadas of the "Hindustan Times", Mr. Murray of the "Statesman", Mr Feroze Gandhi of the "National Herald", and Mr. Prem Nath Mehta of the "News Chronicle".

Lands For Damodar Valley Project Works

PATNA, June 10, (A. P. I.): The Bihar Government proposed to acquire 2,500 acres of land in the Hazaribagh district in Bihar for the construction of various works in connection with the Damodar Valley project.

The Damodar Valley Corporation, according to an agreement entered into between the Governor of Bihar and the Corporation, will meet the cost of the land.

Indian Delegates For Health Conference

LONDON, June 10, (PTI-Reuter): Indian delegates Sir A. L. Mudaliar, Vice-Chancellor of Madras University, and Dr. K. C. K. E. Raja, Director-General of India's health services, left Northolt airport today for Paris on their way to attend the second World Health Assembly which opens in Rome next Monday.

The Assembly which is expected to last about three weeks will consider important questions of policy and programme in the field of international public health. The Indian delegation is led by Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Indian Health Minister.

GIVE THE STUDENT PEACE OF MIND

Businessman's Plea

BOMBAY, Friday.

Education in India could flourish when the student had peace of mind and was not haunted continuously by the spectre of economic want, said Mr. P. N. Agarwala, Bombay businessman, speaking on education today at Green's under the auspices of the Progressive Group. Mr. S. K. Karanjia, President of the Group, presided.

The present cultural malaise in the Indian educational system, he said, was a symptom of the deeper economic crisis through which the country was passing. Education could make progress only when a minimum economic sufficiency and leisure were assured. The western countries had been able to give the lead in modern education because they had enjoyed economic progress on a scale unknown in Asia.

Concluding, he pleaded that the Indian educational system should become more scientific and broadbased.

MOVE TO LIQUIDATE ADULT ILLITERACY

India Invites Asian Countries To Seminar

NEW DELHI, June 10 (API): All Asian countries have been invited to the UNESCO seminar to be held in India on the Government of India's initiative in October to discuss adult education in rural areas.

Asian countries who are members of the UNESCO have been invited to send three delegates each while non-members like Korea, Japan, Indonesian Republic, Burma, China and Ceylon have been invited to send two delegates each. Besides, those non-Asian countries who are members of the UNESCO have been invited to send 1 delegate each.

The venue of the seminar has not yet been fixed but Simla is the latest to be mentioned as a possible choice.

The seminar will split into four groups to discuss adult illiteracy and the best method of liquidating it, environmental factors and improvement of standards of life, economic aspects of rural adult education and social contacts of adult education.

The seminar will have group meetings every day for six weeks while the full Seminar will meet twice a week.

DELHI RECEIVES FRENCH REPLY

NEW DELHI, June 10 (UPI): The French Government's reply to the protest which had been lodged on behalf of the Government of India against the unilateral steps which the former had taken in connection with the forthcoming referendum in French Indian settlements and other issues relating thereto have reached the Government of India and the same is under consideration of the Ministry of External Affairs, it is learnt.

While the exact nature of the French Government's reply is not disclosed, it is understood that the same is being scrutinized in the context of the report already submitted by Mr. P. A. Menon, Joint Secretary of the External Affairs Ministry, who has returned after an on-the-spot survey of conditions prevailing in Pondicherry and other French Settlements in South India.

ARBITRARY DECISION OF AUTHORITIES

Students Congress Wire To Nehru

NEW DELHI, June 10 (UPI): The Students Congress in Pondicherry have sent a wire to Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, drawing his attention to the fact that a large number of youths of the French Settlements in India, who would otherwise have been eligible to vote in the forthcoming referendum, have been debarred from exercising their franchise owing to what they characterise as an arbitray decision on the part of the French authorities to proceed on the basis of old electoral rolls.

The wire also emphasises that referendum on the basis of such defective and incomplete electoral rolls would not indicate a fair assessment of the opinion of the people of the French Settlements in India.

REVIVAL OF SEA CUSTOMS

PONDICHERRY: French India's new Commissioner M. Jean Georges Chambon said here today that the negotiations for the revival of sea customs were now being conducted "on a higher level by the Government of France through the French Embassy in Delhi with the Government of India".

The Commissioner said in an interview today that he was leaving for Chandernagore on Monday next to inspect the arrangements made for the referendum, to be held on June 19 He also expected M. Holger Andersen, one of the two neutral observers, to reach Chandernagore next week.

INDIAN VICE-CONSULS

Three Vice-Consuls will shortly be added to the staff of the Indian Consul-General at Pondicherry, it was learnt here. Each of these Vice-Consuls will specialise in matters connected with Karaikal, Mahe and Yenan, the three French Settlements in South India.

Public meetings would be allowed to be held during the referendum election campaign period and they had no desire to curtail the rights of voters or parties, said M. Tailleur, Administrator of French Chandernagore, in an interview to the Press today, adds the UPI.

RECRUITMENT TO EAST PUNJAB UNIVERSITY

Protest Hunger-Strike

AMBALA, June 10 (API): Four members of the East Punjab University sub-ordinate Staff Union are on hunger-strike since the evening of June 8 at Solan as a protest against the alleged unjust supersessions and direct recruitment of the staff by the University, according to a report received here.

The Union demands cancellation of the "recent unjust supersessions and direct appointments made in violation of the Syndicate's decision".

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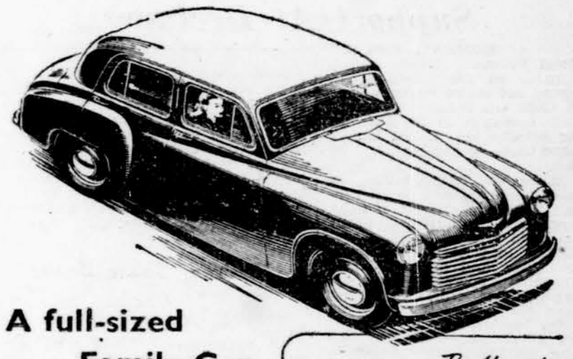
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SHARP DECLINE IN GOLD AND SILVER PRICES

Professional Operators Lend Support At Decline

BOMBAY, June 10

The local bullion market sharply declined today on heavy selling.

As pointed out before heavy arrivals of both Gold and Silver were ignored by Bull operators in the face of very poor offtake but at last supply and demand came to the rescue of the market.

Today there was heavy selling in Gold which was supposed to be hedges against mounting arrivals and the market registered a sharp of about Rs. 2/- in Gold price.

This decline in turn induced heavy selling in Silver and prices slumped but professional operators soon appeared with buying orders to arrest decline and the market recovered some of the lost ground.

Forward Silver opened at Rs. 190/- and during the initial state advanced at Rs. 190/8 on moderate buying. This proved to be the highest level as subsequently under heavy long liquidation, Silver price down turned at Rs. 188/-. At this level professional support appeared and the market rallied at Rs. 189/4.

Forward Gold opened today at Rs. 117/4 and improved at Rs. 117/8 but sharply declined at Rs. 115/15 on heavy general unloading and increased hedge selling. Thereafter there was moderate short covering and the market rallied at Rs. 116/10.

The market finally closed as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	190	0	0
Forward Silver	189	10	0
Ready Gold	117	0	0
Forward Gold	116	8	0
Sovereigns	75	12	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, June 10.

An attempt to corner groundnuts for June delivery by some professional operators is mainly responsible for advancing prices of groundnuts. Local stocks are very small and bulls are in a strong position. Linseed market was steady in sympathy with firmness in Groundnuts while Oils ruled very steady with limited selling.

Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	38	14	0
Coromandal Ready	38	0	0
Bold Ready	38	4	0
June-July	38	2	0
August-September	37	8	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Ready	25	12	0
LINSEED—			
Ready	29	7	0
June-July	29	1	0
August-September	28	14	0
GROUNDNUT OIL—			
Local Mills	21	4	0
Ready Mills	20	12	0
June	20	12	0
July	20	14	0
August	20	14	0
Linseed Oil	16	12	0
CASTORSEED OIL—			
First pressing quality	17	0	0
Castorseed oil Commercial quality	16	8	0

YARN AND HESSIAN MARKETS CLOSED.

BOMBAY, June 10.

The local Hessian Market remained closed today owing to the death of a member.

The Art-Silk Yarn and Cotton Markets remained closed owing to Parsi Holiday.

British Trade Industrial Enterprises Expand Activity In This Country

BOMBAY, June 9. (A. P. I.): British business, supreme in the country until recently, is now adjusting itself to the new political status and economic policy of independent India, writes an A. P. I. correspondent.

British trade and industrial enterprises are expanding their activities in India on the basis of "working partnership"—calculated to be of mutual benefit—with Indian interests.

In contrast with the note of alarm among British business interests three years ago, is the feeling of optimism in the future evident today. This optimism, however, is still tempered by a note of caution.

Before and immediately after the transfer of power in 1947 there was a brief period of flight of foreign capital from India, as also sell-outs on the part of some British interests. The alarm, however, died soon. Then followed a period of "wait and see" during which foreign interests were not inclined to increase their commitments.

Today, foreign interests primarily British—are throwing in their lot with India's economy. This is being achieved on a joint working basis with Indian interests in the same field.

A complete picture regarding the extent and scope of British and other foreign business and industrial interests in India is not available. Nor has it been possible to collect complete data on sales, transfers and partnerships effected since the advent of freedom. Nevertheless, present indications point towards increased co-operation between Indian and British interests on a "give-and-take" basis.

DHARAMSI MORARJI CHEMICAL CO. LTD.

At the 29th ordinary general meeting of the Shareholders held on Wednesday, the Chairman reviewed the progress of the Company for the year 1948. After allowing for depreciation of Rs. 1,57,249 the nett profit for 1948 was Rs. 1,76,960 or higher by 60 per cent than in 1947 which was Rs. 1,09,869/10/3. From the nett profit for 1948 together with the previous carry-forward of Rs. 1,52,226/6/4, Rs. 50,000 has been provided for taxation Rs. 1 lakh transferred to the Reserve Fund augmenting it to 2 lakhs. Rs. 82,149 would be absorbed for payment of dividend at Rs. 3 per share which was the highest possible by the Dividend Control regulations. The balance of Rs. 97,037/7/0 was to be carried forward to next year's account.

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, June 10.

Following are today's closing quotations:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent Government of India Paper 98, Ditto 1986 98-10, Ditto 1953-55 101-8, Government of Madras Three per cent 1960 100-2.

BANKS: Travancore 14-4.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 15-14, Travancore 6, Pianting Blue Mountain 2-6, Chembra 4-3, Cochin Malabar 3-12, Devashola 16, Midland 3-6, Nelliampathy 15-6, Ouchterlony 4-10, Periakaramalai 20, Pullangode 0-15-6, Thirumbadi 1-7, T. R. and T Co. 4-10.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 137-8, Ditto Pref. 193, Cambodia 9-5, Coimbatore CM 110-8, Lakshmi 69-85, Madura 38, Mettur 292, Radhakrishna 137-8, Rajalakshmi 55-8, Ranga Villas 52-8, Trav Rayons 8-2, Trichinopoly 10-10.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 64, F. A. C. T. 3-12, Mettur Chem. 5-12, Mysore Chem. Fert 7-12.

Over 57 Million Motor Vechicles Ply World Highways

WASHINGTON, June 10.

More autombiles, trucks and buses are operating on the world's highways than ever before. The 1949 World Motor Census of the "American Automobile" magazine reports that at the end of 1948 there were 57,502,838 motor vehicles in use in 143 different areas of the world. This figure represents a gain of 8.7 per cent during 1948 in the number of motor vehicles in use.

At the year's end, Africa was using 847,976 motor vehicles; North and South America, 44,147,496; Asia, 747,677; Europe, 10,281,929; and Oceania, 1,477,820. Individual countries with over a million were: Australia, 1,060,000; Canada, 1,948,683; France, 1,715,000; Great Britain, 2,713,539; Russia, 3,000,000; and the United States, 40,671,972.

World production of motor vehicles in 1948 also reached a new high of 6,627,564 units. Canada built 264,000; France, 194,000; Great Britain, 508,000; Russia, 225,000; and the United States, 5,285,425. Other producers included Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Czechoslovakia, Germany, India, Italy, Japan, Mexico and Sweden.

Several other trends appear in the census. One is the gradual return to normalcy in motor fuel supply, though numerous areas still ration gasoline, or petrol. Indications are that the world's fuel production now balances demand. Shortages of petroleum transportation facilities by land and sea have been greatly eased.

Procurement of motor fuel through the use of European Recovery Program money has been vitally significant in enlarging highway transport in the free countries of western Europe, the census declares.

World War II did much to speed up global demand for motor vehicles, the census says. United States military vehicles were used during the war in many regions where motor vehicles were never used before. Since the war, more than 750,000 surplus U. S. Army trucks have been sold overseas.—U.S.I.S.

SILVER LINING TO BUSINESS

Depression Expected To End Early

Consequent on the decline of stock market prices in the United States this week, many financial writers have revised their estimate of the progress the post-war recession or "disinflation" has made to date. They found it has travelled—both in time and depth—much further than most people realize. Much readjustment, they assert, already has been accomplished with comparatively little pain and without general notice. Some financial writers, including J. A. Livingston of the Washington "Post" conclude that this post-war recession in business may be over much sooner than most people think. Livingston, in fact, believes that most of the readjustment may now be over.

WASHINGTON, June 10.

The post-war boom began to fade as early as 1946, and the decline speeded up through 1947 and 1948. As one instance, in May 1946—a full three years ago—shoe production attained a peak of 49,500,000 pairs. Last month, production was about 35,000,000 pairs, down 29 per cent from the post-war peak.

Other declines that have taken place almost without notice since a year or more ago:

Cotton textile production, down 32 per cent since the peak 30 months ago; farm prices, down 12 per cent since the peak 17 months ago; freight car loadings, down 15 per cent since the peak 17 months ago; stock prices, down 13 per cent since the peak 12 months ago.

Within a year, declines also have occurred in other segments of the economy such as the following:

Department store sales, down eight per cent since the peak 10 months ago; wholesale prices, down eight per cent since the peak nine months ago; cost of living (consumers' price index), down three per cent since the post-war high eight months ago; industrial prices, down five per cent since the peak six months ago, industrial production, down 10 per cent since the peak six months ago; and steel production down 10 per cent since the peak three months ago.

READJUSTMENT SIGNS.

The moderate nature of the declines is cited as an excellent reason for believing that this is a readjustment and not the beginning of a real depression.

The depth and duration of former readjustments in the American economy show it is capable of undergoing short and minor readjustments as well as the extended and deep depression of 1929-33. This can be seen from the following figures on the percentage of decline and number of months of decline in past readjustments in terms of the index of industrial production: 1920-21, 33 per cent decline, 13 months duration; 1923-24, 18 per cent decline, 14 months duration; 1926-27, six per cent decline, 12 months duration; 1929-33, 53 per cent decline, 43 months duration; 1937-38, 33 per cent decline, 12 months duration.

CLINGING TO THE PEAKS.

Commenting on business developments, Treasury Secretary John W. Snyder said at a bankers' convention at Sun Valey, Idahi, on Tuesday.

"In the period since the war, we actually became so used to new business records—month after month, and year after year—that our failure to keep making new highs during 1949 became the headline news of the year. The remarkable performance of American business in operating close to peak levels, after three years of unprecedented output, was brushed aside.

"This performance, however, is the real news of the year."

TECHNOLOGICAL ADVANCES.

U. S. Treasury Secretary John W. Snyder foresaw a coming period of new industrial growth for the United States which will match its technological advances of the past 50 years.

Snyder said that, because of wartime scientific discoveries in atomic energy, electronics, chemistry and other fields, "we can be sure that new industries will appear which will be as important to our future economic development as the great industrial enterprises which have grown up during the past 50 years.

"Moreover", he added, "we have, right now, the plant and equipment for moving ahead. American business has invested the enormous sum of dol. 75,000,000,000 in new construction and new equipment since the war ended. This means that business is now in an excellent position to put the new techniques and new processes to good use."

Thanks to the scientific discoveries made during the war, Snyder said, "we have in our hands to-day a vast array of new techniques and new processes which undoubtedly hold the promise of future industrial revolutions as great as those brought about—for example—by the airplane and the automobile."

MORE MEN AND MORE MONEY.

Snyder noted that in addition to expanding needs, resources and population, America has the techniques, the equipment and the buying power to support a great industrial expansion. He said:

"Take employment and incomes, to begin with. In April, the number of people working was within one per cent of the number employed in the record-breaking spring of 1948. And currently people in this country are earning money at the rate of about dol. 214,000,000,000 a year—four per cent higher than a year ago, and within three per cent of the all-time peak of last December.

Snyder observed further that "we have almost 17 million more people in our population to-day than we had before the war. This is an increase as great as if six cities the size of New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Detroit, Los Angeles, and Cleveland—our six largest in 1940—had been added to the population in the short space of 10 years."

PILED UP SAVINGS.

In addition to the annual earnings of this greater population, Snyder pointed out, the total liquid savings of the American people "are currently estimated at over 200,000 million dollars" beside which they have "savings in the form of insurance, equities in unincorporated business, securities of private corporations, obligations of state and local governments and so on."

He concluded: "Our opportunities for national economic progress and for sustained high prosperity are tremendous. Our financial and economic position is basically sound. With the application of reasonable intelligence and foresight, I believe that we have every reason to face the future with confidence and enthusiasm."

A TEMPORARY PHASE.

Five factors indicate that the contraction of business in the United States will not go far and not last long, according to Prof. Sumner H. Slichter, Harvard University economist.

In a recent article in the New York "Times" magazine, Prof. Slichter listed these factors: (1) The need for durable consumer goods, housing, and industrial plant and equipment is still great; (2) the ability to buy is still high; (3) business concerns are taking prompt steps to stimulate buying; (4) a reduction in demand that results from the postponement of buying is not likely to last long; and (5) the contraction in private spending is being offset in large measure by a rise in Government spending.

Prof. Slichter said that, although the accumulated demand for many kinds of durable consumer goods has been met, the need for automobiles, the most important of all, is still great. Furthermore, the age of cars in use is abnormally high, with scrappage of cars in 1948 only half of normal.

Chances are remote for a large drop in home construction, he said, pointing out that the number of families living in temporary quarters or living with other families is still large. He also recalled U.S. Commerce Department estimates indicating that business spending on plant and equipment during the first half of this year will be about the same as last year, with a moderate drop in the last half of this year.

LIQUID ASSETS EXCEED DEBTS.

Discussing the ability to buy, he pointed out that, whereas in 1939 the total debts of all individuals and unincorporated businesses were just about equal to their holdings of liquid assets, at the present time the liquid assets of individuals and unincorporated businesses are about two and a half times as large as their total debts.

As for the action that business firms are taking to stimulate buying, he said that business is far better able to deal with recession than it was either in 1929 or 1938. Business concerns have made price reductions which, although not large, have been prompt. He added that efficiency is improving and that there is a good prospect that further price reductions will be possible.

On the fourth factor—the expectation that reduced buying demands are not likely to last long—he said that for most commodities the postponement of buying probably will not last longer than six or nine months. Hence, he said, a drop in demand now really means that there will be an increase later.

He said the current contraction in the expenditures by individuals is being offset in substantial measure by the rise in expenditures of local, state and national government. In 1949, he said, these governments will spend about dol. 7,000,000,000 to dol. 8,000,000,000 more for goods and services than in 1948. He added that government spending may not entirely offset the drop in business spending and consumer spending, but it will go far to limit the effects of this drop.—U.S.I.S.

NO ROOM FOR NEW SUGAR UNITS COSTING RS. 30 CRORES

Indian Mills Association's Request For Reconsideration Of Policy

Indian Sugar Mills Association, Calcutta, has issued the following Press communique:—

The Committee of the Indian Sugar Mills Association, Calcutta, have considered Government's revised plan regarding the expansion of the sugar industry formulated after taking into account the effects of partition on the industry. Under this, the target of sugar production has been lowered from the original figure of 18½ lakh tons to 16 lakh tons for the period ending 1950; the reduction of 2½ lakh tons represents the average exports of sugar by the Indian Union factories to the areas now constituting Pakistan. Further, for increasing production to the above level, the Government have sanctioned 38 new units of the standard size of 800 to 1000 tons daily cane crushing capacity to different areas, excluding West Bengal. Under the original scheme, five units were allotted to the United Bengal and it is still under consideration whether these should all be allotted to West Bengal. Assuming that this is done, the country will have in all 43 new units of the standard size, as was proposed under the original plan for the United India. The reduction in the target of sugar production has thus not resulted in any reduction in the number of new units to be installed in the country. This, it is stated, is due to the fact that capacity reserved for expansion of the existing units under the original plan was not being utilised nor were there any prospects thereof by 1950.

DIFFICULT TO DEVELOP EXPORT

The Committee of the Association consider that even the reduced target is on a higher side. While account has been taken of the loss of the Pakistan markets, no account, it seems, has been taken of the fact that India is not in a position to export sugar to outside countries and the quantity of 2½ lakh tons provided for exports purposes in the original target has been retained unaltered. In view of the high sugar price obtaining in the country, the Committee are of the view that it is almost impracticable for the Indian sugar industry to develop an export trade to the above extent by the end of 1950. Therefore, even according to the Government's own calculations, the production target should be further reduced by 2½ lakh tons to 13½ lakh tons.

It is a matter of common knowledge that during the last season the country could not consume even a production of 10.77 lakh tons and the industry had to carry over about 2 lakh tons sugar to this season. Even the drastic reduction in the sugar price this year does not appear to have increased its consumption to the desired extent. Although with further reduction in the price of sugar, its consumption will no doubt increase. But the Committee do not expect that by 1950 the price can be reduced to such an extent so as to step up its demand in the country to a level any where near the proposed target figure. For reducing the sugar price, the cane price will have to be reduced, as cane forms about 60 per cent of the total cost of production. How far the Government will succeed in reducing the cane price will depend on a number of factors, such as, price of other competitive crops, cane yields, etc.

Further, the Committee apprehend that the proposed expansion of the industry would result in an increase in the cane acreage which would not be in the national interest. The Committee feel that under the existing conditions of food shortage maximum acreage should be devoted to food crops. And if any increase in the acreage under cash crops has to be permitted, it should in the first instance be due to jute and cotton, as these are in short supply.

NO ROOM FOR NEW UNITS

The Committee also view with concern that installation of the proposed units would cost the country more than 30 crores of rupees. They consider that the country with its limited capital resources could ill-afford to spend such a huge amount on adding new units to an industry which is already suffering from excess capacity and over-production at very low levels of production. Moreover, the Committee feel that in view of large adverse trade balance and the growing depletion of sterling balances, it will be desirable to utilise foreign exchange likely to be spent on the purchase of sugar plants and machinery for new sugar mills for other essential industries. The Committee are, therefore, strongly of the opinion that the Government should reconsider the matter, and in the meantime, suspend issue of licenses for new units and freeze all those already issued and against which plants and machinery have not yet been imported.

SEA-BORNE TRADE REACHES RECORD LEVEL IN 1948-49

Net Adverse Balance Of Rs. 95 Crores

NEW DELHI, June 9.

The foreign sea-borne trade of India for 1948-49 was of the record value of Rs. 941 crores as compared with Rs. 802 crores in the previous year. Imports were valued at Rs. 518 crores, and exports, including re-exports, at Rs. 423 crores, leaving an adverse balance of Rs. 95 crores.

Statistics for sea-borne trade during 1947-48 exclude the direct foreign trade of the Pakistan provinces of Sind and East Bengal with effect from August 1 and 15 respectively. Also, they do not include trade on Government account. Statistics for 1948-49 are, on the other hand, more comprehensive as they include both private merchandise and Government stores and relate entirely to the Indian Union as such.

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS.

Principal articles of import into India in 1948-49 were machinery of all kinds (Rs. 80.87 crores); Grain, pulse and flour (Rs. 66.51 crores); Raw Cotton (Rs. 64.23 crores); Oils (Rs. 37.66 crores); Metals (Rs. 32.97 crores); Vehicles (Rs. 32.68 crores); Chemicals, drugs and medicines (Rs. 28.89 crores); Cotton—yarns and manufactures (Rs. 17.06 crores); Cutlery, hardware, etc. (Rs. 16.44 crores); Dyes and colours (Rs. 15.66 crores); Paper and pasteboard (Rs. 15.08 crores) and Electrical goods and apparatus (Rs. 11.40 crores).

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS.

Principal articles of export consisted of Raw jute, jute manufactures (Rs. 170.20 crores); Tea (Rs. 63.69 crores); Raw cotton and Cotton manufactures (Rs. 59.00 crores); Hides and skins, tanned, dressed or leather (Rs. 12.69 crores) and Oils (Rs. 11.34 crores).

SOURCES OF IMPORT.

As regards sources of import, the following countries supplied India with goods valued at Rs. 5 crores or more: the United Kingdom (Rs. 152.13 crores), the United States of America (Rs. 104.24 crores), Egypt (Rs. 31.89 crores), Pakistan (Rs. 22.37 crores), Australia (Rs. 20.93 crores), Iran (Rs. 20.09 crores), Burma (Rs. 18.77 crores), Italy (Rs. 18.23 crores), Switzerland (Rs. 8.66 crores), the Straits Settlements (Rs. 8.28 crores), Canada (Rs. 7.91 crores), Belgium (Rs. 7.15 crores), Argentina (Rs. 6.60 crores), Japan (Rs. 6.37 crores), Sweden (Rs. 6.05 crores), and Anglo-Egyptian Sudan (Rs. 5.53 crores).

PURCHASES FROM INDIA.

The following were the main purchasers from India of goods valued at Rs. 5 crores or more: the United Kingdom (Rs. 97.67 crores), the United States of America (Rs. 70.03 crores), Pakistan (Rs. 44.23 crores), Australia (Rs. 20.58 crores), Argentina (Rs. 16.60 crores), Ceylon (Rs. 11.94 crores), Burma (Rs. 9.97 crores), Canada (Rs. 8.38 crores), France (Rs. 7.29 crores), the Netherlands (Rs. 7.25 crores), Egypt (Rs. 6.70 crores) and Italy (Rs. 6.47 crores).

SHORT COVERING IN N.Y. JULY COTTON

Journal Of Commerce Estimates Acreage Increase 12.3 Per Cent

SURPRISE ANNOUNCEMENT BY MINERS' LEADER FELL WITH DULL THUD

NEW YORK, June 9

The market was steady with fluctuations extremely narrow suggesting a disposition to await developments in nearby July and crop export and textile news.

New crops were neglected with favourable weather and large private acreage ideas. The journal of commerce estimated acreage at 25,945,000 or 12.3 per cent above last season.

A brighter market developed in the afternoon with increased short covering in near July apparently supplying the incentive and inducing similar operations in other active positions. July touched 32.88 which is within a point of the season's best.

A leading spot firm was the chief supplier of July on advances. Gains ranged to 15 points from the morning low levels at one time but there was nothing in the news to account for the revived interest in other positions though the fact that new crops were selling below the expected loan rate may have helped the market.

The latest private acreage estimate again indicates the general belief that the area may be around 26 million. Business latterly dwindled but most positions were sold around the best of day. The market closed very steady with sales estimated at 100,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

July	32.85+13
October	29.14+13
December	28.92+13
March	28.80+12
Middling spot	33.77+08

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

July	32.78+14
October	29.07+12
December	28.84+10
March	28.71+07
Middling spot	32.80+15

HIGH AND LOW AMERICAN COTTON PRICES

NEW YORK, June 9.

	High	Low
NEW YORK		
July	32.88	32.72
October	29.14	29.01
December	28.93	28.80
March	28.85	28.73
NEW ORLEANS		
July	32.80	32.62
October	29.08	28.94
December	28.85	28.73
March	28.72	28.67

ALEXANDRIA COTTON PRICES

ALEXANDRIA, June 9: The following were prices of cotton in the Alexandria market today:

Ashmouni June 44.53, Oct. 44.72
Karnak July 67.83 Nov. 56.92.

WALL STREET MARKET

An attempt to make upward progress in Wall Street this afternoon received little follow-through support and values slid back to show only a very minor gain on the day. Dealings during the morning produced little feature and were moderate in volume.

The surprise announcement by miners' leader Lewis that there would be a one-week coal stoppage fell with only a dull thud on the stock market.

Traders noted the very comfortable fuel supply position of most leading consumers and commented that Lewis had complicated the task of administration forces attempting to push through a compromise bill to repeal the Taft-Hartley act.

The afternoon saw slightly better demand for selected issues despite the fact that most business news continued uninspiring. This pushed the market balance narrowly higher with bargain hunting and other buying particularly favouring leading oils, chemicals, papers, coppers, tobaccos, steels, textiles and rubbers.

Rails inclined to lag as operators noted continued disappointing trends in freight leadings. Final drying up of interest left the market irregular at the close.

ARMY INQUIRY HIGHLIGHTS WORTH STREET

NEW YORK, June 9.

Army inquiry for 7,000,000 yards of cotton drill and other inquiry for 3,500,000 yards twills highlighted developments on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth market today. Traders felt acceptances would cushion the market from October to May. A routine situation prevailed elsewhere. Lower prices prevailed in print cloth and yarns.

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO, June 9

Prices declined under commission house selling and profit taking on failure of flour buying to improve following yesterday's sharp advance in wheat and on weakness of fats and oils. Nearby wheat, however, later met improved support reflecting the unsettled weather in the south-west.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 9

July	1.93	7/8
September	1.94	1/8
December	1.95	1/2
March	1.90	1/4

LONDON WHEAT

London, June 9

Australian wheat June-July	89/7	1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 9

Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£79
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	105 1/4
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960-90	112 1/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 and after	102 1/16
Chartered Bank of I A China	10 5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg.	92 3/4
National Bank of India	38

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6,172

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, June 9

T T London on:	
New York selling	4.0275
Montreal selling	4.0275
Zurich selling	17.34
Sweden selling	14.47
New York buying	4.0325
Montreal buying	4.0325
Zurich buying	17.36
Sweden buying	to 14.50

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, June 9.

American Telephone and Telegraph	141-1/2
Amerex Holding Co.	27-1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	26-1/4
Chase National Bank	33-5/8
Sinclair Oil	19-7/8
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co. doubtful	45
General Electric Co.	34-3/4
General Motors	53-3/8
Ingersoll Rand	58
International Nickel	26-3/4
National City Bank of New York	38-1/8
New York Central Rail Road Co.	10-1/4
Socony Vacuum Corporation	14-5/8
Texas Corporation	50-1/8
Union Carbide	35
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	41-1/2
U. S. Steel Corporation (Common)	21-1/2
Western Union Telegraph	13-3/8

FIRMING TREND IN N. Y. PEPPER MARKET

NEW YORK, June 9.

Black Pepper: Although occasional transactions were reported in black pepper, business generally remained quiet. Firming trend, however, was still evident and buyers went to sellers asking price of 92 cents. No supplies were available below that level though temporarily sellers did not again raise their asking price.

Whether sellers kept to 92 cents level in order to get some idea of the present buying interest it is not possible to say, but this is one of the rare occasions recently when business has been made that asking price has not been further raised. As before, continued firmness is attributed to the scarcity of supplies and lack of offerings from India. Today's closing quotations were as follows:

BLACK PEPPER: Spot 92.00 traded, July 90.00 Bid, September 87.00 Bid, October 84.00 Bid, December 80.00 Bid, January 64.00 Bid, March 53.00 Bid, May 52.00 Bid. Sales Nil. White Pepper Spot 1.45 Nominal.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET QUIET

LONDON, June 9.

PEPPER: The market was quiet with prices for Black unchanged in the absence of eastern advices owing to holiday today. White was dearer. Black Lampong June-July was quoted at 4s. 5-1/2 d. per pound sellers c.i.f. Malabar June 510 shillings per hundred weight sellers c.i.f. Unikingdom-Continent-New York: White Muntock and White Sarawak June-July was nominally quoted at 7s. 2 d. per pound c.i.f.

LONDON SILVER PRICES

LONDON, June 9.

Silver prices remained unchanged at 43-1/2 pence for ounce for both Spot and Forward in the London market today.

NEW YORK SILVER PRICE

NEW YORK, June 9.

The price of silver remained unchanged at 71-1/2 cents per ounce in the New York Market today.

Increaseed U. S. Imports From India Reportetd

NEW YORK, June 10.

United States imports from India in February amounted to almost dol. 19,000,000, an increase of about dol. 4,000,000 over the same period in 1948, the Indian Government Information Service reported Tuesday.

As buyer of Indian goods, the United States ranked second to Brotain which imported dol. 30,500,000 worth of goods for February.

Total Indian exports during the month were estimated at dol. 107,250,000, while imports totaled dol. 156,330,000, leaving an import surplus of dol. 49,080,000. This was more than dol. 4,000,000 under the total for the previous month.—U.S.I.S.

Quiet Conditions On Calcutta Stock Exchange

CALCUTTA, June 10 (API): The market ruled quite round all sections and only a limited business took place.

Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent loan 1986 98/10, Three per cent loan 1949/52 100/1 SL Three per cent loan 1951/54 101/6/6 S lot, Three per cent loan 1966/68 99/15 S lot, Three per cent loan 1959/61 100/13, Three per cent loan 1970/75 99/15 S lot, Four per cent loan 1960/70 110/5 S lot.

BANKS: Bengal Central Bank 7/10 Imperial Bank Conty. 440.

COTTONS: Cawnpore Textiles 8/15 Dunbar 170.

COALS: Bengal 392 S lots Bharat Colliery 5/14 Burrakur 10 Deoli 9/8 New Beerbhoom 13/4 Seebpur 26/12 Eq div South Karanpura 22/3 Standard 14/13 Western Bengal 5/13.

JUTES: Bally Pref. 139 Craig 17 Dalhousie Pref. 143 CT Empire Pref. 143 CT Kelvin 290 Ditto Pref. 143 CT.

MININGS: Burma Corp. 2/4 Consolidated tin annas thirteen, Indian Copper 1/14.

MISCELLANEOUS: Assam Bengal Cement 6/8 Sone Valley Cement 5/5 Textile Machinery 6/4 BIC 7/11 Martin Burn 13/4. (Ex div) Bengal paper 31/12 S lot Midnapore Zemindary 59/4 Assam Saws 5/15 (Ex div) India Steamship 5/15.

SUGARS: Dyer Meakin Brewery 8/10.

TEAS: Bishnauth 29/12 Seajuli 36.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON JULY.

NEW YORK, June 10.

Previous Closing	32.85
Today's Opening	32.88
Difference	+3
Today's Closing	32.91
Difference	+6

The New York Cotton Market will remain closed on Saturday, 11th inst.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

NEW YORK, June 10.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted.
General Motors dol. 53-1/2.
United Steel Common dol. 21-1/2.
Ditto Pref. unquoted.—(Reuter).

Easier Tendency On London Stock Exchange

LONDON, June 10 (PTI-Reuter): The recent downward trend on the London Stock Exchange was continued today. Continuation of rain and dock dispotes was again responsible for caution and some selling. Prices in the industrial section moved lower by a few pence with irons and steels the chief sufferers. The market was not helped by the statement from the courtauld company. Although excellent profits were shown, directors warned that the sellers' market overseas is weakening and that improvement in profits arising from exports is unlikely to be maintained.

Among oils, Anglo-Iranian fell sharply. This followed news of a hitch in talks between tre company and the Persian Government. The price of this issue and other oils however showed a hardening tendency at the close.

In the foreign bond section Japanese and Germans were fractionally firmer on a small demand. Foreign rails were generally quietly steady.

Losses of onesixteenth to oneighth were commonplace among British Government stocks.

South African minings were irregular. Older established dividend payers improved but there was some weakness in recent freestate favourites.

Export Of Mosta Jute To Be Controlled

NEW DELHI, June 10. (A.P.I.): The Government of India have decided to control the export of Mosta Jute, it was announced here today.

Mosta Fibre is very much like Jute Fibre and is often used for similar purposes. In view of the shortage of raw jute in India, some Indian mills have been using Mosta together with Raw Jute.

Therefore, the internal demand for Mosta Fibre has gone up.

Karachi Cotton Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI June 10.

Cotton Sind NT 88-8, Punjab 289 F 92, Four F 83, LSS 86. New crop NT October 78-79. Market quiet for old crop easy for new crop in which no business interest as prices considered too dearer.

Spot business 750, Exports nil.

Cottonseeds NT ready 9-9, June 10-4. Firm owing to speculative squeeze in June contract otherwise ready offtake poor.

Gold 109, Sovereigns 70. Firmly held.

Government Loans: Three per cent 1960 101-11, Three per cent 1963 101-4, Three per cent 1968 100-2. Market quiet.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, June 10.

Market ruled easy.

Calico opened 1064, Highest 1068, Lowest 1053, Closed 1059.

Arvind opened 1460 Highest 1465, Lowest 1450, Closed 1454.

Defferd opened 1290, Highest 1292, Lowest 1280, Closed 1281.

Ambika opened 395, Lowest 385, Closed 388.

Closing Quotations: Arvind 1454, Ambika 388, Calico 1059, Deffered 1281, Ronit 105, Jupiter 310, Saraspur 600, Moncgram 155, Marsdon 165.

CALCUTTA, (UPA).—Half a million letters, postcards and packets are delivered in Calcutta daily, according to an official estimate.

Of this number some 200,000 are handled by the sorting office at the GPO for delivery through 33 town sub-offices, which also receive mails direct from various important centres in the country.

Capt. Amarnath Tears Up Charges Against Him

(Continued from page 5)

you arrived in Bombay from Madras on the 2nd February. (I was not in Madras).

CAPTAIN AMARNATH'S REPLY.

As I had already replied to Mr de Mello's letter of 8th January, by mine dated Patiala, January, 14th (vide reply to Charge No. 17), the question of seeing Mr. de Mello "in the matter" did not arise. Besides, how was it that Mr. de Mello did not mention to me that he had not received my reply, on my face? I have already tried to show you in connection with charge No. 17, that the "missing" letter (my letter of January 14) affected me much more vitally than anything else.

MR. DE MELLO'S CHARGE NO. 19.

Your not sitting with your team for lunch during the Fifth Test Match at Bombay.

CAPTAIN AMARNATH'S REPLY.

It is not true that I did not sit with my team for lunch in the whole of the Fifth Test at Bombay. As far as I remember I missed the lunch only once or twice.

It is surprising Mr. de Mello has made my not sitting with the team once or twice during the Fifth Test Match the subject of a charge against an Indian Captain who led the country in Australia for about five months on a tour which, if nothing else, was considered a great social success and then again in India against the West Indies. Throughout the series I have made it a point to attend most of the lunches with my team.

If Mr. de Mello means that my not sitting with my team so very occasionally was discourteous either to my team or my guests, that is wholly untrue. In fact, I always asked Mr. John Goddard, but he came to lunch very occasionally throughout the Test series. As a cricketer I understood him and never felt offended. I do not know what you think of it, but I think it is trivial, except for those who must "frame" a charge sheet against someone at all costs.

MR. DE MELLO'S CHARGE NO. 20

Your statement at a lunch in Bombay on 9th February charging the Board with "Power-Politics" which was reported by the U.P.I. (not A.P.I.)

CAPTAIN AMARNATH'S REPLY.

It is incorrect that I made any reference to "Power-Politics" at a lunch in Bombay on 9th February which I gave in honour of the West Indies cricketers.

I did, however, give an interview to the "United Press of India" on February 11 in Bombay, after the last Test was over. Almost the entire "interview" dealt with the technical aspects of Test cricket and an appreciation of the West Indies cricketers.

In answer to a question on the organization of our cricket with a view to India taking her rightful place in International cricket, I used the expression "Power-Politics" in a very general way. I am reproducing the said U.P.I. interview, dated Bombay, February 11, 1949, which appeared in the Press in India on the following day:—

"Amarnath the Indian Test skipper, in an interview to the United Press of India today said, "We should organize our cricket on sound lines if India is to remain on the international field.

"As India is a free country, we should try our best to build up the foundation of our sports on sound lines. There should be no place in sports for those who are only interested in power-politics" he added.

"We have to improve a great deal in many departments of the game, especially in fielding. On the bowling side, we have got no right-hand spinner. We should also look for a pace bowler and another left-hander, if possible. We should also produce a wicket-peeper like Navle or Hindlekar. We should certainly look out for new blood for our cricket in this country. We have to train young people for our cricket", he declared.

Referring to India's performance against the West Indies, Amarnath said that all the Tests were played in a friendly spirit. The West Indies had the best batting side that ever visited India and their fielding was also top-class though their bowling was a little inferior to the previous touring teams.

He added "It was a pity that India could not put up a good score in the first innings of any Test except in Delhi. We might have done better in the Tests, had not our batting failed us in the first innings particularly. We were lucky enough to force a draw in four out of the five Tests by pulling ourselves up in the second innings on each occasion. We failed in Madras badly. The final Test at Bombay, will remain a historic event in the cricket history of this country."

Paying a tribute to the tourists, Amarnath said that it was a delightful experience to meet Goddard and his men on the field and off the field. They were the happiest lot he had ever played against. Clyde Walcott, Everton Weekes, Stollmeyer and Rae gave a fine display of batting skill. The two centuries scored by Weekes in the Calcutta Test were great performances. It was a pity that George Headley could not play much in India on account of physical injury. Amarnath had seen him play in England and the Lancashire League. If he had played more often, India would have learnt a great deal from him, he said.

On the Indian side, Amarnath observed that Hazare, Modi and Phadkar played well throughout. "I feel Phadkar is easily the best all-rounder in India today", he concluded.

I deny Mr. de Mello's charge that I specifically charged the Board of Control for Cricket with "power politics" in the said interview. I made a general observation that sports should be free from power politics. I did not even say that we should "reorganize", but just that we should "organize" the Board.

Having said this, let me say that the whole country knows that, in some shape or form, power politics exists in many sporting institutions, whether Mr. de Mello cares to accept that fact or not.

It is astounding that Mr. de Mello has decided to take me to task for so general an observation which, unbiased people will agree, has a sound constructive side. Past Indian Captains, have expressed themselves vehemently and specifically. For instance, Mr. V. M. Merchant was quoted as saying the following in a Bombay function a few years ago.

"Bombay, May 5, 1945: We have always played the game according to the Bombay tradition, both on and off the ground, and if ever again any responsible official of the Board of Control for Cricket in India interferes in the course of a cricket match whether it be a National Championship, or any other tournament, we will throw him out bag and baggage, not only from the dressing room, but also from Indian cricket". (Indian Express, Madras).

Mr. Merchant was, further, reported to have referred to the "disgusting" taste of an "important Board official", who has since been publicly identified with Dr. P. Subbarayan, then President of Board.

Mind you, Mr. Merchant was only alleged to have said the above, but was Mr. Merchant suspended from the Board on the strength of a mere allegation, and that without any hearing? Mr. Merchant was not, but I have been, by a Board which Mr. de Mello leads so vigorously, and relating to which, Mr. de Mello decrees none must so much as use the expression power politics.

I have not the academic background, I am afraid, to give a discourse on power politics, but I would recommend to you to read an article by Mr. Homi Taleyarkhan (former Public Relations Officer of the Board) in a Parsi paper stating how overnight Mr. de Mello had deserted his former colleagues in order to maintain his Presidentship. Many must be the persons who have heard Mr. de Mello swear at the name of Bombay and the C.C.I. the threshold of which he promised never to cross. But Mr. de Mello has now given up his flat in the Taj and is a lodger in the C.C.I. I would also suggest that you read a book by Mr. Mahalaxmiwala and you will know power politics does exist to some extent in even Mr. de Mello's Board, even if I made no specific mention of it before this.

MR. de MELLO CHARGE NO. 21.

Your continued insulting disregard of the Board by not replying to our 1st letter dated the 8th January, 1949, and yet another letter dated the 21st February, 1949, as given hereunder which was sent to you "registered" ack-due and which was duly received by you on the 24th February, 1949.

"Dear Capt. Amarnath,

I returned to Bombay early this week and was surprised that there was yet no reply from you to my letter to you sent through the kindness of the Mily. Secretary to H. H. The Maharajdhiraj of Patialla dated 8th January, 1949.

To avoid unpleasantness and other difficulties I would appreciate a reply to reach me at the above address before the end of this month.

There is also another enquiry to make. In a speech made by you after the Fifth Test match at Bombay you have referred to "power-politics" by the Board. Will you explain what you meant by that remark.

CAPTAIN AMARNATH'S REPLY.

I totally deny Mr. de Mello's charge of "continued insulting disregard of the Board." I did reply to his letter of 8th January on the 14th January—if you will look up its copy in reply to charge No. 17. I replied to Mr. de Mello's letter of 21st February on the 7th April which, Mr. de Mello states was received by him on the 11th April, that is the day after the meeting which suspended me.

The delay in replying to Mr. de Mello's letter (ie. of February 21), was owing to my various pre-occupations after the considerable time I had to devote to cricket for three months. My foot also had to be operated upon in Kanpur and besides I was positive. I had replied to Mr. de Mello's letter of January 8 on January 14, which would have served to inform Mr. de Mello on the points he had raised.

MR. DE MELLO'S CHARGE NO. 22

Your interview to the "National Herald" dated the 2nd April, 1949, charging me personally, the Selection Committee and the Board with intrigues against you.

CAPTAIN AMARNTH'S REPLY .

I deny categorically that I granted any interview to the 'National Herald' or authorised its Editor or anyone else to publish any story quoting me.

I possess conclusive documentary evidence to show that no interview could possibly have been given to "National Herald" for publication on or about the 2nd April.

This will also be born out by the fact that as soon as my alleged interview to the 'National Herald' came to my notice, I, under a registered letter, acknowledgment due, and dated 4th April, wrote to the Editor of the said journal contradicting the alleged statement that I had granted the interview. You will note that on the 4th April when I denied having given the alleged interview I had no idea that there was any motion to suspend me on the 10th. I thus acted in good faith in writing the letter of contradiction.

The question, therefore, of my charging Mr. de Mello personally, the Selection Committee and the Board with intrigues against me, does not arise for the simple reason that I never made any such charge.

MR. DE MELLO'S CHARGE NO. 23

Your speaking disparagingly to all and sundry about what transpired in the Selection Committee thus depriving India of the best efforts of selected players.

CAPTAIN AMARNTH'S REPLY .

It is absolutely untrue that I spoke disparagingly to anyone about what transpired in the Selection Committee. Mr. de Mello should at least remember that he himself often evinced keen interest in the proceedings of the Selection Committee meeting with such questions to me as "How on earth, could-so-and-so be chosen, and how could-so-and-so be dropped?" My uniform reply was "The Selection Committee did it, don't ask me".

It is amazing that Mr. de Mello should bring this charge against me I was a Selector along with the Nawab of Pataudi and Mr. V. M. Merchant in England in 1946 and again in Australia. Not one word was ever spoken against me on those occasions, nor until the end of the West Indies tour. I have always known my responsibilities in the matter, but Mr. de Mello must have his own good reasons to have preferred such a vague and frivolous charge I have nothing more to say.

AMARNTH L,.
Captain.

Patiala, May 26, 1949.

LABOUR COLONY FOR AHMEDABAD

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, June 10: It is learnt that the Government of Bombay will spend Rupees two crores for building a labour colony in the Ahmedabad mill area. The Government has purchased 260 acres of land for the purpose.

HINDI NUMBER PLATES

Dr. Prasad Refuses To Give Ruling

NEW DELHI, June 10 (API): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President, said in the Constituent Assembly to-day that he would take up with the Government the question of the use of Hindi number plates on cars belonging to members of the Constituent Assembly. He would not like to give a ruling on members' privileges, he added.

Seth Govind Das (C.P.) who had drawn the President's attention to this matter on a previous occasion and Mr. Balkrishna Sharma (U.P.) said that under the Motor Vehicle Act, as it stood, number had to be in Arabic numberals and letters in Roman script. Mr. Sharma added that his own car had been "challaned" on April 1 for bearing a Hindi plate.

'REDS' FREED FROM POLICE CUSTODY

Incident At Bhagalpur

BHAGALPUR (Bihar), June 9 (API)—Four persons stated to be Communists freed from police custody this morning by a crowd at a Railway station.

It is stated that the four persons were being escorted to Bhagalpur by about five police constables from a village adjacent to Bhagalpur. A big crowd collected on the way at Latipore station on the Oudh and Tirhut Railway demanding the release of the arrested men. The police party, refused to yield to their demand, whereupon the crowd fell upon the police party and freed the four persons form their custody. Some of the policemen are reported to have received serious injuries. Police investigation is proceeding.

REFUGEE CONFERENCE IN AUGUST

NEW DELHI, June 10 (UPI): A decision to hold a conference of the representatives of all refugee organisations in the country in the first week of August next to review the situation then obtaining in regard to the conditions of refugees from Pakistan and decide the future course of action, was taken at a meeting of the representatives of different refugee organisations in Delhi held here yesterday under the presidentship of Dr. Choitram Gidwani.

The meeting also considered a proposal for some kind of direct action by refugees to press their demands on the Government. Although many of the representatives present at the meeting were stated to be in support of the proposal, it was ultimately decided to postpone the question for the time being till the general conference is held in August to review the situation.

OUR LODON LETTER

(Continued from Page 6)

to the feeling of disappointment which has taken the possession of minds of men since the Budget which decreased the duty on beer had increased the prices of food. It is also a fact that since Trade Union leaders took up appointments on the boards of nationalised industries their contacts with men have grown thinner. The confidence today is not as robust as it was in the days of struggle. Undoubtedly the alternative to the present set-up would be reaction. But life does not proceed on the basis of acceptance of lesser evil. British Labour leaders must look within and put their house in order.

DOCKER'S STRIKE

The two week old strike of dockers at Avonmouth has nothing to do with grievances of men. They have stopped work in sympathy with the Canadian seamen. The men refused to work on Canadian ship while the Canadian strike was on. The employers in the Bristol have replied with a lock-out. The Government have called out soldiers to do the unloading. This was justified by the Labour Minister on the plea that the men "had been persuaded by outside influences to take sides in the Canadian dispute" and that no action taken in Britain could influence the outcome of the struggle. But the men refer to the tradition of international solidarity between waterfront workers. Undoubtedly the Trade Union movement in Canada itself is divided. There are two Unions—S.I.U. and C.S.U. The S.I.U, is affiliated to The American Seamen's International while CSU is affilited to the International Federation of Transport Workers. S. I. accepted the terms from the employers which were rejected by the C.S.U. and had been supplying crews for Canadian ships in an effort to break the strike.

The Liberal News Chronicle is alarmed at the situation in which the worker in this country finds himself "plunged into the vortex of power politics." It is a highly dangerous situation the journal asserts. For unless good leadership can be found and effective discipline restored fundamentally democratic institutions might so easily become the instrument of tyranny and even anarchy. But no other joural has worked itself in this manner.

In the view of the New Statesman and Nation if the Government and Union officials insist that Canadian ships should be worked, they are themselves taking sides in the disputes"—a charge that is being hurled against dock strikers by the Government.

PAKISTAN'S MYSTERY CARGO

A strange story is in circulation about a London insurance company's refusal to issue policies covering recent shipment to Pakistan. It seems that a ship left the port of Gydna in Poland with a cargo labelled phosperine and destined for India. The ship developed engine trouble and entered the port of Copenhagen. There it was discovered that the ship was carrying armrs and ammunition and its real destination was not Indian port but Karachi. The arms came from Czechoslovakia and were intended for Pakistan. Who was responsible for wrong descriptions and what was his motive behind hiding true facts is not known. Pakistan as an independent country can buy arms and ammunition from anywhere. Why then this masquerade? It is rumoured that the arms deal was effected through a resident of India.

PRICE FIXING RINGS

The existence of price fixing rings and their obnoxious methods are exposed by the Committee on Resale Price Maintenance set up by the Board of Trade two years ago. It seems that certain sections of business have set up associations to prevent unauthorised reductions in the price of their products. To secure fixed prices for their goods one trader is encouraged to spy on another, expensive machinery is set up "which carries out test purchases to detect any infringement and the "whole comprehensive system for regulating and policing entire industries" is carried on. Once a infringement is detected, a private judiciary wars or penalises the poor shopkeeper or trader who has dared to lower his prices. Fines upto £5000 may be imposed or supplies curtailed. He may be deprived of not only the article he has sold at below the fixed price but many other items as well. A set of extra legal sanctions are employed to make the retailers toe the line. Of course those who run the ring collect personal benefits, but as the committee says, they inflict manifold injuries on public interest.

U.S. NOTE TO ISRAEL

WASHINGTON, June 10 (PTI-Reuter): The United States has sent a note to the Government of Israel calling on it to take quick action to permit the return of a substantial number of Arab refugees.

The main theme of the note was to remind the Israeli Government that it had not yet carried out the terms of an United Nations resolutions passed last December 11, on Palestine question.

INDIA AND PAKISTAN SHOULD ACT TOGETHER QUICKLY

Sir Mirza Ismail's Warning

LONDON, June 10 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

SIR MIRZA ISMAIL, former President of the Nizam of Hyderabad's Executive Council and former Prime Minister of Jaipur, pleaded for a quick agreement between India and Pakistan in an article published here yesterday.

"Even brief delay may prove disastrous", he wrote in the Conservative "Spectator"

Sir Mirza Ismail argued that agreement was necessary for external and internal reasons.

"The victories of the Chinese Communist armies, which now stand almost on the Burmese border, make it practically certain that the Red tide banking up in South East Asia will soon threaten East Bengal (Pakistan) and Assam (India)" he wrote.

RUSSIA'S HAND

"Only by the resolute and concerted effort of India and Pakistan can the danger from the east be met.

"A close entente between the two countries is made necessary also by the clouds gathering over the North West Frontier. There are grounds for suspicion that Russia is behind the activities of the Afghan authorities, and that her object is to create widespread disturbances on the frontier in the expectation that the reactions on the Kashmir dispute will lead to inter-Dominion war".

Sir Mirza Ismail suggested that if tribesmen in Pakistan joined Afghanistan and Russia lent staff officers, planes and military supplies "Pakistan could not repel such an onslaught and might be driven across the Indus. In the debacle that would follow both Dominions might go down in ruin".

but constipation is holding him back!

Constipation and indigestion causing little trouble at first, often lead on to listlessness, heaviness and other evils. Cremaffin, made of magnesia and liquid paraffin, is recommended by doctors as a thorough remedy. It is non-habit forming and pleasant to take.

Cremaffin

THE SAFE LAXATIVE FOR YOUNG AND OLD

you can rely on it—its made by Boots

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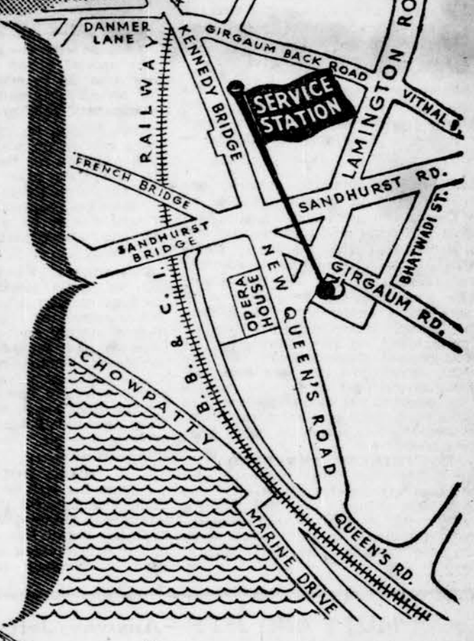
A NEW SERVICE TO BOMBAY'S MOTORISTS

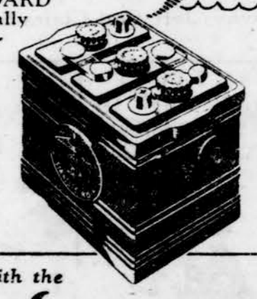
—the opening of the

Standard BATTERY SERVICE STATION



A fully equipped Service Station for servicing STANDARD batteries has been opened under the management of Messrs. Sequeira Electrical Service Station at the Opera House Tram Terminus, Bombay. The Service Station is under the personal supervision of one of the most experienced battery service technicians in Bombay. Being located in the heart of the motor and spare parts market, the STANDARD Battery Service Station is ideally situated and has sheltered accommodation for parking over a dozen vehicles at a time.

All owners of motor vehicles fitted with STANDARD batteries and all new buyers of STANDARD batteries from our local distributors are invited to register their batteries at the Service Station for regular servicing.



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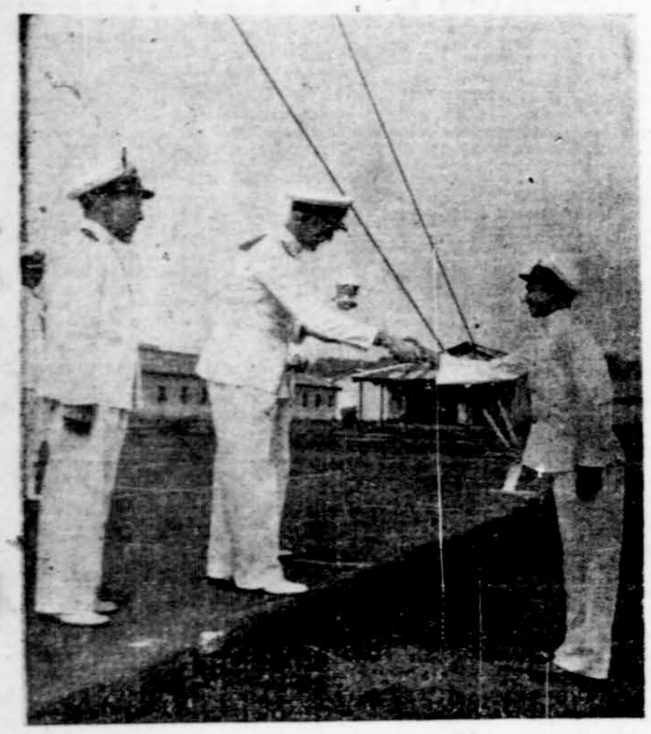
The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

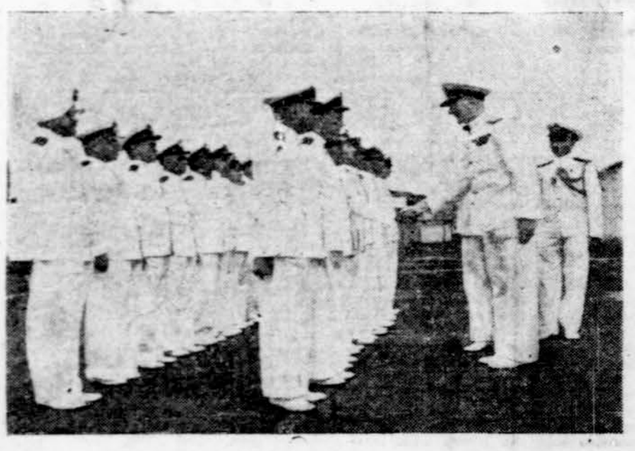
R. I. N. Chief Visits Naval Establishment

Vice-Admiral W. E. Parry, Chief of Staff and Commander-in-Chief, Royal Indian Navy visited the Naval Establishment, H. M. I. S. "SHIVAJI", at Lonavla

PHOTOS BY FRANKEL'S



The Vice-Admiral congratulates the captain of the winning water polo team before presenting the trophy.



The Vice-Admiral is being introduced to the officers.

Mrs. Parry assisted by the Commandant of H.M.I.S. "Shivaji" opens the newly constructed club.

SANITARY SERVICES TO BE KEPT UP

Municipal Commissioner's Assurance

BOMBAY, Friday : The decision of the Managing Committee of Municipal Kamgar Sangh to continue the four-week old strike of Municipal sweepers would not affect the Bombay Municipal authorities from continuing their work of maintaining the essential sanitary services in the city with the help of newly-recruited 300 emergency labour and other voluntary organisations, official sources stated today.

Meanwhile, the strike of Municipal sweepers continues and the strikers are adamant in their 'no withdrawal" attitude. The Municipality is, however, taking steps to eject from the Municipal quarters about 233 strikers, who have been convicted and dismissed from their service.

Mr. B. K. Patel, the Municipal Commissioner, told the press that the Municipality had planned to run the sanitary services, and in no way would the interests of citizens be allowed to suffer.

Mr. Naushir Bharucha, the Convenor of the Ad Hoc Committee of the Opposition members of the Municipal Corporation, commenting on the decision of the Managing Committee of the Municipal Kamgar Sangh said that the Ad Hoc Committee was prepared to negotiate to bring about a settlement if the Municipal Commissioner invited them.

Commenting on the statements of the Municipal Commissioner on the health conditions in the city, Mr. Bharucha said that "it is most unwise on the part of the Commissioner to lull the public into a false sense of security that the sanitation is being kept fully normal."

35 STRIKERS ARRESTED

Thirty-five striking sweepers who were squatting on the pavements at Mahim this morning and preventing a lorry carrying loyal Municipal sweepers from proceeding to their work were taken into custody by the Mahim Police.

Bombay Keraleeya Samaj

BOMBAY, Friday: Under the auspices of the Bombay Keraleeya Samaj Sangeetha, Vidwan Sri. Balakrishnan yesterday gave a fine rendering of well-known and popular Thyagaraja kirtans and classical Carnatic melodies, amidst a large and distiuguished gathering, at Podar Collegt THall, Matunga. Renderings of certain well-known Thyagaraja padams and Swati Tirunal kirtans were the lighlights of the programme.

India's First "Fleet Air Arm" To Be Established At Cochin

SPECIAL TRAINING FOR PILOTS IN U. K.
PURCHASE OF SUBMARINES POSTPONED

BOMBAY, Friday.

THE acquisition by India of her first air-craft carrier will probably coincide with the completion of the one-year training period in England of the special group of pilots who will return to man the country's first "fleet air arm" to be established at Cochin, said Vice-Admiral W. E. Parry, Chief of Naval Staff and Commander-in-Chief, R.I.N., in an informal talk with journalists this evening.

Negotiations, he indicated, were now being carried on with the Ministry of Civil Aviation for the establishment of the "fleet air arm" base at Cochin. The first step would be the formation of "fleet requirement units" the object of which was to provide aircraft to tow the "sleeve targets" and for air-sea rescue.

Vice-Admiral Parry said the question of India having her own submarines did not arise for the present. Development of submarine bases hinged mainly on financial considerations as new equipments had to be purchased. Submarines demanded an altogether new naval technique and extensive study and training.

"The fleet air arm is our first need. Two new naval arms will be too expensive. Let us concentrate on one now", he said.

R.I.N. DOCKYARD

During his visit to the United Kingdom, Vice-Admiral Parry said, he conferred with General Williams, Engineer-in-Chief, Royal Navy, on the question of the development of the R.I.N. dockyard in Bombay. He was not in a position to give details of the negotiations but in due course an official announcement would be made. The development plans would consist of provision of better dry dock facilities and better wharfage to enable ships to be berthed along the dockyard walls.

The first of the three new destroyers to be purchased by India for the Royal Indian Navy had now been commissioned and was undergoing trials in English waters. She would be taken over sometime this month. The C.-in-C. said that the three men-of-war had been completely modernised and fitted with up-to-date equipment.

He had been asked repeatedly, Vice-Admiral Parry said, why the Government of India could not buy brand new ships instead of going in for "second hand" ones. In the first place, new ships meant heavy expenditure, especially unwelcome at a time when India was fighting inflation. Shipyards in Britain were full up with work and prices of new ships were still high, with no sign of coming down. Further, the object of the Government of India was to afford training to as many new recruits in the course of the next few years as possible. This could be done as efficiently in old ships as in new ones.

NAVAL SCHOOLS AT COCHIN

The Vice-Admiral said that three naval schools were now being evolved at Cochin, giving instruction in gunnery, in torpedo and anti-submarine warfare and in navigation. Seamanship training was also being temporarily given at Cochin for direct entrants. Cochin was ideally suited for training naval personnel in subjects where training in ships or in aircraft was necessary. Owing to the fact that the Island of Cochin was reclaimed land and the mud went down nearly to 100 feet, only single-storey buildings could be constructed. Consequently, the RIN proposed to have only three schools there as against the planned five.

Vice-Admiral Parry said the RIN had asked the British Admiralty for sparing additional officers for training purposes but the Royal Navy itself was now short of officer personnel.

Sec. 144 Promulgated In Agra

AGRA, June 10 (API).—The District Magistrate of Agra has promulgated an order under Section 144, Cr.P.C. prohibiting processions, meetings and assembly of more than five persons in the city.

The order was passed yesterday following rumours that Communists would demonstrate against celebrations of the King's birthday and the unfurling of the Union Jack.

NATIONALIST MOVE TO EVACUATE CANTON

Parliament Members Leave For Formosa

RIFT IN PARTY PREVENTS CABINET FORMATION

HONG KONG, June 10 (PTI-Reuter).

WITH the victorious Communists building up a new major thrust from the North, China's Nationalist leaders were today reported hurriedly packing to abandon their capital of Canton, in South China near Hong Kong.

Internal disunity in the Kuomintang (Government Party) was still preventing the new Premier, Marshal Yen Hsi-Shan, from forming a Cabinet and many members of the Legislative Yuan (Parliament) have already left Canton for the island stronghold of Taiwan (Formosa).

Communist guerillas are dislocating rail traffic along parts of the Hankow-Canton rail line still in Nationalist hands. Small movements of Communist regulars have also begun, but the main Communist force is believed to be still regrouping before launching a full-scale attack against the Southern Provinces.

The great commercial centre of Shanghai today had what was thought to be its first Nationalist air raid since the Communist occupation.

The city shook to a violent explosion after an unidentified plane raided an area near the Lungwha international airport.

RECOGNITION OF REDS

LONDON: A British Foreign Office spokesman today refused to say whether Britain was taking part in discussions, announced by an Australian Government official in Canberra earlier today, on possible 'de facto' recognition of the Ghinese Communist regime.

Th spokesman declared that as far as Britain was concerned the question does not arise, since the Chinese Communists have set up no Government yet.

TOKYO: Vice-Admiral Oscar C. Badger, United States Naval Commander in the Western Pacific, said here today that it was very doubtful that Hong Kong would be attacked by the Communists in any form of a mililitary operation.

He told newsmen that any economic attack on Hong Kong would be made very difficult while Hong Kong's sealines remained open.

BRITAIN TO TRADE WITH REDS

SAN FRANCISCO: Britain intends to do business with Communist China, according to British business men arriving here from Shanghai.

Mr. Harvey G. Duncan, Far Eastern Manager of Lever Brothers, soap products manufacturers, said British firms intended to remain in Shanghai and other Chinese commercial centres.

SINGAPORE: Mr. A. V. Alexander, British Minister of Defence, parried questions on whether Hong Kong could be defended from a frontal attack by Chinese Communists, adds U.P.A.

He emplaned almost immediately for Ceylon.

Air Raid On Shanghai

SHANGHAI, June 10 (PTI-Reuter): Shanghai today had what was believed to be its first Nationalist air raid since capture by the Communists. The city shook to a violent explosion after a lone, unidentified plane raided a point near the Lunghua international airport.

DIPLOMATIC TEARS

BLACKPOOL, June 10 (U.P.I.): Tears ran down Mr. Bevin's face when he finished his address at the Labour Party Conference here yesterday and received the greatest ovation of his life.

Mr. Bevin's statement that he could not go on for ever into a maze of speculation about how long he would remain at the foreign office and who would succeed him. Afterwards Mr. Bevin denied that he had any thought of resignation. "It was only a generalisation. It was just little encouragement to lads who are coming up" he said.

Sceptical newspapermen commented that the whole incident was typical of Mr. Bevin's sense of diplomacy and his execution of Britain's foreign policy.

Helping Backward Nations

TRUMAN'S PLAN

WASHINGTON, June 10 (PTI-Reuter): The United States Government is working on a plan which will give the Export-Import Bank power to make limited guarantees of foreign investments by American capital as part of President Truman's plan for backward areas, according to officials here.

The aim of the project is to stimulate exports of American capital in line with the President's plans.

Mr. Truman is expected to seek approval for the spending of 50 million dollars on modernising or developing industry and agriculture in such areas as Asia, Latin America and Africa.

In addition, the Economic Co-operation Administration is setting aside about 15 million dollars to spend for such purposes in Europe—making a world, total of approximately 65 million dollars.

INCREASE IN STEEL PRICES

No More Concessions To Tata Workers

JAMSHEDPUR, June 9 (API)—Sir Jahangir Ghandy, Resident-Director of the Tata Iron and Steel Company, in a statement here today said that it would be wrong to suppose that the average increase of about Rs. 50 per ton in the selling price of steel, as recently announced by the Government of India, represented the increase in prices obtained by the Steel Company.

The actual increase in prices obtained by the Steel Company was only Rs. 18 per ton, as announced by Government in April, 1949, he said.

The increase of Rs. 50 per ton, announced recently, represented the additional price which the consumers of steel would pay. This amount would go to the Government to be utilised to reduce the price of steel imported from other countries, which was at present sold in India at less than its cost price.

Further explaining the point, Sir Jahangir said that the average increase in price of Rs. 18 per ton with effect from May 1, last, which was all that the Company had obtained, would remain fixed for the next two years upto the April 30, 1951.

The grreater part of this increase had already been used up in the further increase in the cost of the Company and in the concessions recently given to Labour. These was very little margin left to provide for any further increase in cost, which was bound to take place during the next few years, and as prices were not to be increased further till April 30, 1951, it would be extremely difficult for the Company to go on making any further concessions to Labour.

RELICS OF ST. FRANCIS XAVIER

Arrival In City Between June 19 And 22

BOMBAY, Friday: The jewel-encrusted reliquary bearing the right arm of St. Francis Xavier, the patron-Saint of the Jesuit Mission and the apostle of the East Indies, will arrive in Bombay by a Pan-American Airways Plane between June 19 and 22, on its way back to Barcelona in Spain, on its round-the-world flight undertaken to visit Japan for the Ecclesiastical Anniversary celebrations at Tokyo, from May 23 to June 11. It will be in Calcutta between June 15 and 17 and from Bombay it will proceed to Karachi.

The relic, and the rest of the body of St. Francis Xavier, which is still enshrined at Goa, Portuguese India, where it first landed in May 152, are in a remarkable state of preservation. The right arm of the Saint which was severed at the elbow in 1614, 62 years after his death, by orders of Claudius, at that time General of the Society of Jesus, was conveyed to the Church of Jesus at Rome.

An Unreasonable Grant

CUTTACK, June 10 (UPI): The grant of permission by the ruler of Kalahandi in December, 1947, to the Zamindar of Kashipur to adopt a son, is one of the several commitments of the ruler of Kalahandi which have been declared unreasonable, null and void.

MIXED GRILL

By Ithurial

READING, says Bacon, maketh a full man; but to those whose filling needs more than books, the Town Hall provides a very serviceable canteen where you may not get what you want but where you soon learn to want what you can get. Anyway, the Town Hall, which to the learned has meant for years the Royal Asiatic Society and the Library housed there, to me means the canteen at the back—and so there we are.

All of which means that I walked the other day into the Library. Books and I are allergic to one another. It is years since I have read a book, and I hope it will be years before I read another. Ever since my astrologer asked me to give up all useless activities, I gave up books—and you are welcome to the lot.

But nevertheless I like libraries. Why, you will ask? (If you will not, you should or otherwise how can I get on with the story?) Because there is nothing so pleasing to the human eye as the human form in repose. If you do not get my meaning, go to the Cricket Club of India or any other place of entertainment on a dance night and—as the old Latin tag puts it, Circumspice, or look around you. And then come with me to any public library on an afternoon and see the peaceful figures resting under the "Sphere", the "Illustrated London News", the "Country-life", their centres heaving rotundly in a blissful rhythm of peace and dignity. Charles Lamb objected to skiing because it was too sedentary an occupation; and that is just what draws me to libraries.

To return to the Royal Asiatic: There I was after many years, seeing the old familiar places. The effort of choosing a book is exhausting in this weather. So I made for the shelf behind the clerks where by an unbroken tradition returned books are laid, waiting to be put back on their appropriate bookcase. Someone has written a book called "Other Men's Flowers". Wavell? Perhaps. But it is a sound idea. Let others do the picking for you. Well, almost with shut eyes I reached the place and was shocked to see a change in this unchanging sanctuary. The returned books were lying on the floor, whilst in bold type I was told to read "More Companionable Books". There was something else which told me to seek the companionship of books that endured better than the best sellers of today. But that was enough. I received some explanation when I learnt that there was a new Secretary and, of course, he was a college professor.

More Companionable Books, indeed! Does one go to a Library to be educated? Perish the thougnt! What is the world coming to? I shudder at this outrage on the peace of the library and the slumber of the faithful. And to think that once I had nearly reached unaided the dignity of "Countrylife"! There should be an immediate protest. Let the sleeping ones awake and assert their time-honoured rights. As for me, I am shocked to the core. More Companiable Books! Hand me good old Webster, the two-volumed International Dictionary: It is as companionable as a hard pillow but it has ample space.

Commonwealth's Aid To Burma

NO STRINGS, SAYS MINISTER

RANGOON, June 10 (PTI-Reuter)—Burmese Foreign Minister, E. Maung, told Parliament here today that there were "no strings attached" to aid for Burma from the British Commonwealth. He had been asked if the aid involved any military, political or economic conditions.

"Commonwealth aid is meant solely for the restoration of law and order in the quickest possible time and does not involve any other matter whatsoever, the Minister said.

Answering the another question, he said the Government had taken all necessary precautions to prevent "lawless elements" making trouble on the China border. He could not say nese Communists, desertera or banwhether the trouble-makers were Chidits.

FOREIGN CAPITAL

The Burma Parliament today referred to a Select Committee an official bill to permit participation of foreign capital in the exploitation of Burma's mineral and other resources. The bill was moved by Foreign Minister Maung.

Maung told Parliament the bill had become necessary because, while the constitution sought to restrict exploitation of the country's natural resources to state-owned or Burmese-owned concerns, "at present neither state nor national capital is in a position to exploit the mineral resources of the country."

Declaring that the bill had been approved by the Burmese Economic Council, the Minister added: "There are certain mineral resources which must be exploited immediately in the interest of the country, and this can only be done by allowing foreign capital to operate".

The Minister also said the bill was necessary for the implementation of the Anglo-Burmese treaty, under which Burma promised adequate safeguards for British economic interests in the country.

MUTT AND JEFF—Anyway, Jeff Can Claim Self Defence

By BUD FISHER

DANG IT! EVERY MORNING THAT CLOCK WAKES ME AT SIX! IT NEVER BOTHERS MUTT!
THEN I DON'T KNOW WHAT TO DO WITH MYSELF UNTIL MUTT GETS UP AT TEN!
?!
BANG! BANG!
JEFF, WHAT'CHA DOIN'?
OH, I'M JUST KILLIN' TIME!
POP!
WELL, THE CLOCK STRUCK FIRST—
Fish

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